

Seasonal forecasts: needs and opportunities for international coordination



Presented by WMO Secretary-General M. Jarraud at the ECMWF Seminar on Seasonal prediction: science and applications (Reading, 7 September 2012)



Presentation outline

- Applications-oriented presentation, rather than scientific
- Climate models, seasonal forecasts and uncertainties
- ✓ A Global Framework for Climate Services (GFCS)
- ✓ Examples and success stories upon which to develop the Framework
- ✓ Concluding remarks





Global, regional & local effects affect different societies in different ways





El Niño forecasting: a successful example

El Niño Southern Oscillation (ENSO) Index

ENSO index





Climate change introduces additional complexity



Source: IPCC Fourth Assessment Report



Climate (un)certainties

- The past is no longer a trustworthy indicator of the future
- New paradigms are required in decisionmaking for climate variability and change risk reduction and adaptation





Climate information for decision-making

Identifying the potential users

- ✓ Agriculture and food security
- ✓ Disaster risk reduction
- Energy production, transport and usage
- ✓ Finance and insurance
- ✓ Health
- Water quality and water resources management
- ✓ Trade and commerce
- ✓ Transport
- ✓ Tourism
- ✓ Urban development/management
- ✓ Recreation and sports
- ✓ ...and many more...











An historic event











4 initial GFCS priority sectors





- ✓ Water
- ✓ Food security
- ✓ Health
- ✓ Disaster risk reduction





GFCS structure

Users such as: agriculture, construction, disaster reduction, energy, environment, Governments, health, private sector, research, tourism, transport, water, etc

User Interface Platform

Climate

Services

Information

System

Observations and Monitoring Research, Monitoring and Prediction

Capacity Development



3 key challenges: observational gaps

1) Bridging global

2) Incorporating non-traditional data3) Data exchange issues

Annual Global Monitoring 1-15/10/2008

SYNOP reports made at 00, 06, 12 and 18 UTC at RBSN stations



Forecast Lead Time

Research, Modeling and Prediction





Climate Services Information System









Current level of services in different countries (1)

Climate Observations Climate Data Management Interaction with users Seasonal Climate Outlooks Climate Monitoring Specialised climate products **Decadal Climate Prediction** Long-term Climate Projections Customized climate products Climate Application Tools





Current level of services in different countries (2)





Overview of WMO RCC implementation worldwide (as of December 2011)





User Interface Platform





Capacity Development will extend GFCS benefits to the developing world





- ✓ Human resources
- ✓ Continuing education
- ✓ On-the-job training
- ✓ Graduate studies
- ✓ Equipment
- ✓ Disposable materials

GFCS capacity development cycle





RCOFs as pre-existing GFCS elements





Examples of initial GFCS elements



31st Greater Horn of Africa Climate Outlook Forum (GHACOF 31); Djibouti, May 2012



IGAD Pilot RCC: Greater Horn of Africa consensus-driven climate outlook; July - September 2011

ECMWF Seasonal Forecast, Issued 15/09/2011 Probability of Temperature above the median



AUDI ANADIA UDIANADIA YEMEN YEMEN NORTH SUDAN NORTH SUDAN ERITREA ERITR DJIEOUTI DJIBOUTI SOMALIA SOMALIA ETHIOPIA ETHIOPIA SOUTH SUDAN SOUTH SUDAN UGANDA UGANDA KENYA KENYA WANDA BURUNDI BURUNDI TANZANIA TANZANIA 20..30% 30..40% 40..80% 80..70% 70..80% 80..90% 0..10% 10..20% 90..100%

ECMWF forecasts for temperature in October-December (left) and November-January (right). Yellows to reds indicate increasing probabilities of hotter than usual conditions while blue shades show decreasing probabilities. The likelihood of hotter than usual conditions over most of the Horn of Africa during this period is evident and is enhanced during the key stages of the cropping season.

Source : European Centre for Medium Range Weather Forecasts (ECMWF)

October 2011 - December 2011

November 2011 - January 2012





SPECIAL CLIMATE-HEALTH OUTLOOK BULLETIN

African Centre of Meteorological Application for Development Centre Africain pour les Applications de la Météorologie au Développement



Direction Générale ACMAD, BP 13184, 85 Avenue des Ministères, Niamey – Niger Tél. (227) 20 73 49 92, Fax : (227) 20 72 36 27, E-mail : dgacmad@acmad.ne, Web : http://www.acmad.org

MENINGITIS RISK ZONES INAFRICA N° 003 of 27 February 2012

ZONES A RISQUE D'EPIDEMIES DE MENINGITE/ MENINGISTIS RISK ZONES SEMAINE DU 27 FEV AU 04 MAR 2012/ WEEK OF 27 FEB TO 04 MAR 2012



- ACMAD-issued
 Potential meningitis
 risk zones
- Practical health and vaccination information for population at risk
- ✓ Several other health products in use
- ✓ Issuing Centres require more support to enhance scope and outreach



Initial GFCS elements: consensus-based forums for South and East (right) and West (bottom) South America







- ✓ Establish Framework leadership & management
- ✓ Define national mandates in climate services provision
- \checkmark Strengthen capabilities in disaster risk reduction
- Improve communication between climate, agriculture and food security communities
- Enhance partnerships between climate services and water resources management
- ✓ Develop national working groups in climate and health
- ✓ Improve decision-making on climate-related risks
- ✓ Strengthen climate information regional infrastructure
- \checkmark Advance in data recovery and digitizing
- ✓ Launch pilot projects



Fundraising: contributions to the GFCS Trust Fund

Kind	Donor	Amount
Monetary support	Norway	10 M USD
	Switzerland	0.5 M CHF
	India	125 k USD
	China	100 k CHF
	Hong Kong (China)	5 k CHF
Staff & in-kind support	Germany	Full-time staff
	Australia, UK, USA	Part-time staff
	Portugal	Material



Summing-up

✓ 3 closely-related issues:

- Adaptation to climate variability and change
- Disaster risk reduction
- Sustainable development & societal benefits
- ✓ Requirements:
 - Reinforcing developing countries' adaptive capabilities
 - Multidisciplinary partnerships across all sectors
 - Capacity building to be seen as an investment, not an expenditure

A key opportunity:

A Global Framework for Climate Services













- 1. WMO Global Producing Centres, Global Seasonal Climate Updates, Global Climate Observing System, WCRP Coupled Model Intercomparison Project (CMIP), ...
- 2. WMO Regional Climate Centres, Regional Climate Outlook Forums, European Composite Observing System, Regional Baseline Climatological Networks, WCRP-Coordinated Regional Climate Downscaling Experiment, ...
- 3. NMHSs, national observing networks, national climate data bases, national long-range forecasts, national climate monitoring products, national climate applications, national research activities, ...



Observations and Monitoring

