



# High Performance Computing at CMA

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Computing in Meteorology

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# Outline

1 Overview of the HPC at CMA

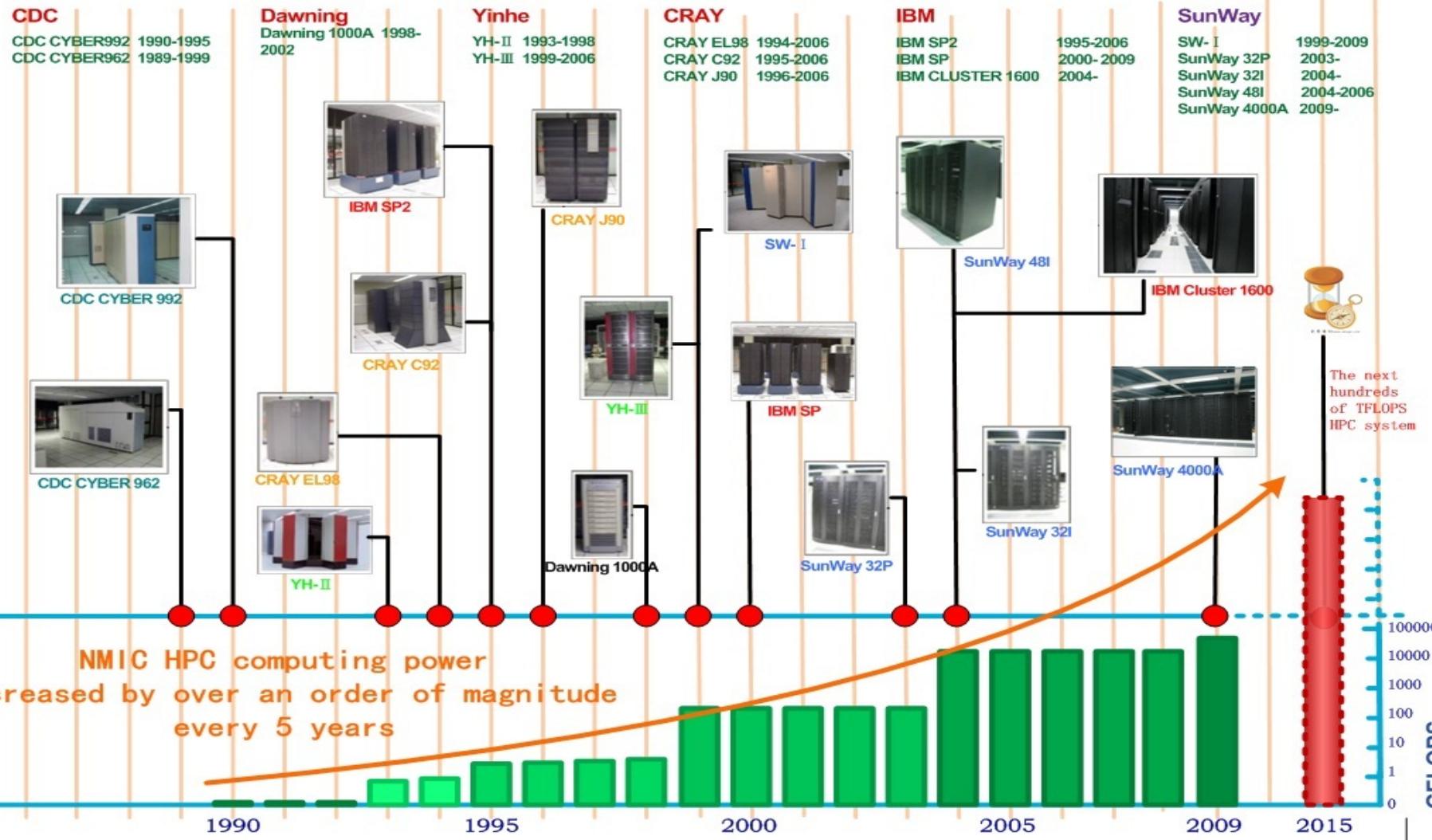
2 Resource Statistics & Analysis

3 NWP and Climate Prediction

4 Future Plan & Work



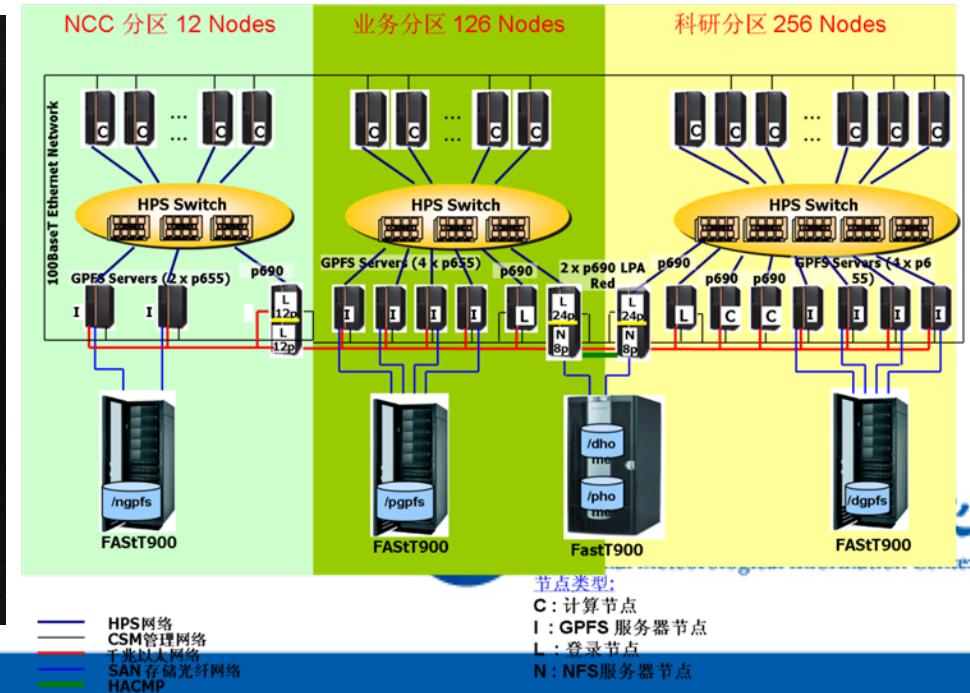
# Evolution of HPC at CMA





# IBM Cluster 1600

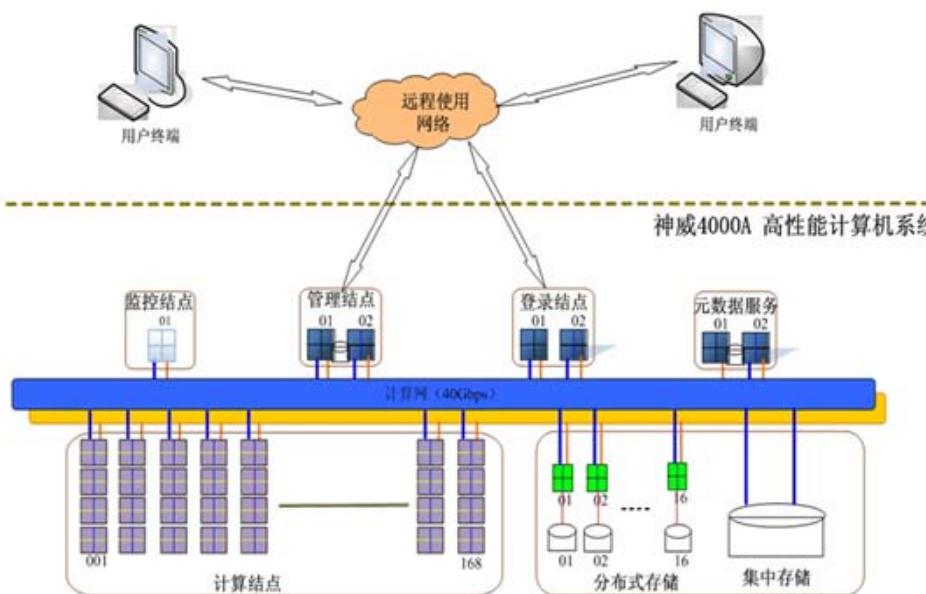
- 2005 in operation :
  - 21.5TFLOPS
  - IBM HPS
  - GPFS 128TB , Mem 8224GB





# SunWay 4000A

- 200908 installed
  - 15.75TFLOPS
  - Storage 143TB , Mem 6.048TB
  - Infiniband BW 40Gbps





# BCC\_CSM Experiment(IPCC-AR5)

Procs					Total Procs	Iteration Time	Speedup
atm	Ind	ice	ocn	cpl			
8	2	4	4	1	19	5160	1
8	2	8	8	1	27	2700	1.91
16	4	8	8	1	37	2940	1.76

Optimized 185CPU/core  
Fastest 217CPU/core

64	8	16	64	1	153	580	8.90
64	8	16	96	1	185	410	12.59
64	8	16	128	1	217	389	13.26
64	16	32	128	1	241	405	12.74



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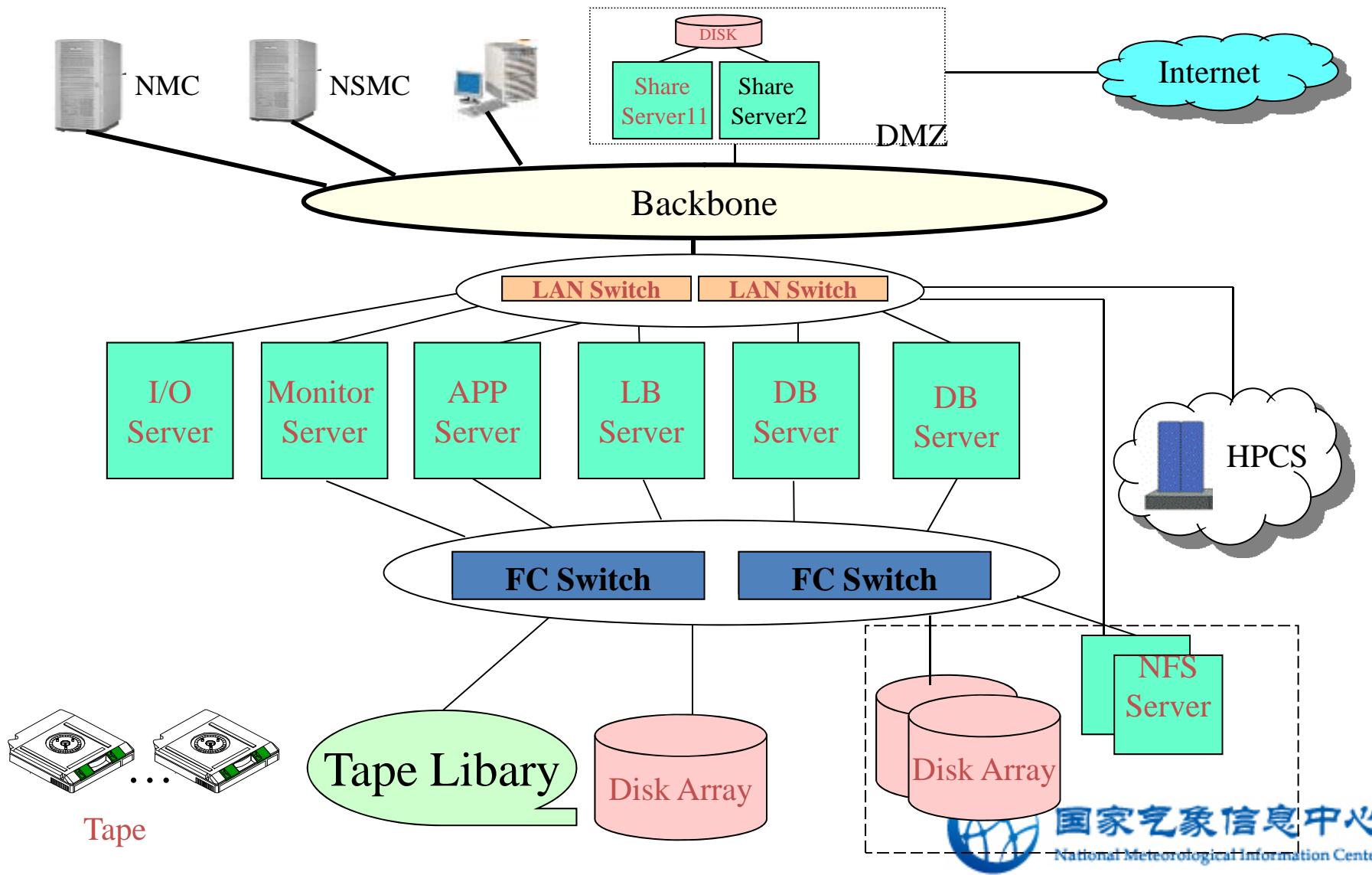
# Comparison of CMA's main system

Machines	IBM Cluster 1600	SunWay 4000A
Nodes	382	168
CPUs/Cores	3200	1344
Total Mem (TB)	8.224	6.048
Total Disk (TB)	128	143
Peak Perf (Tflops)	21.5	15.75



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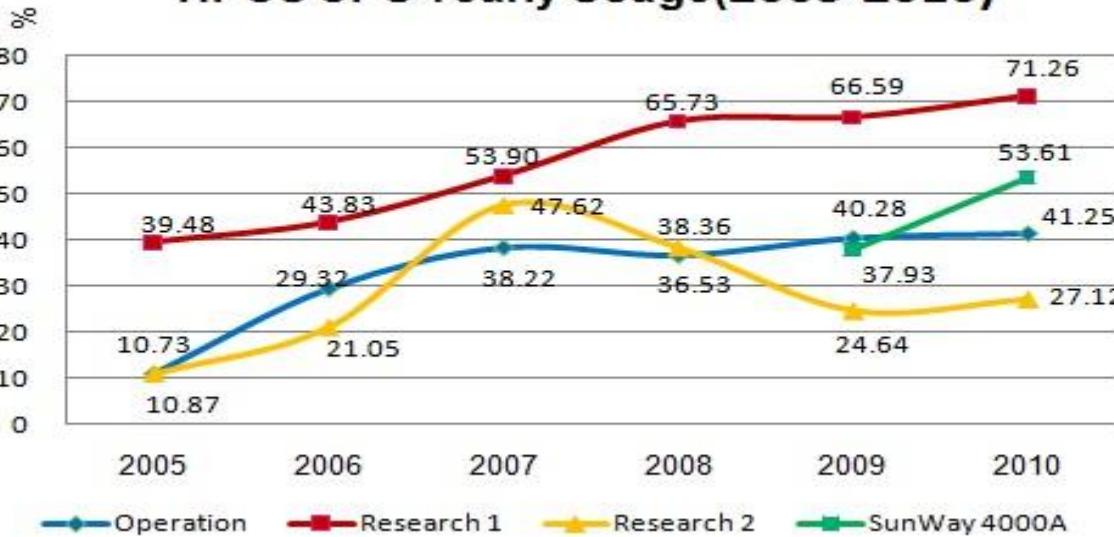
# Mass Data Storage System





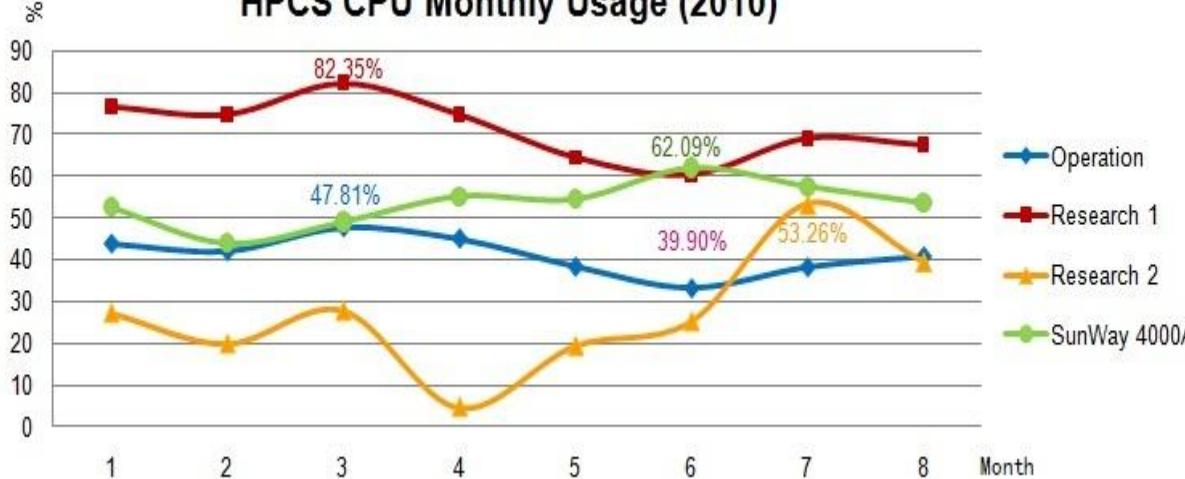
# CPU Usage

## HPCS CPU Yearly Usage(2005-2010)



Increased yearly  
2010 2X 2005

## HPCS CPU Monthly Usage (2010)



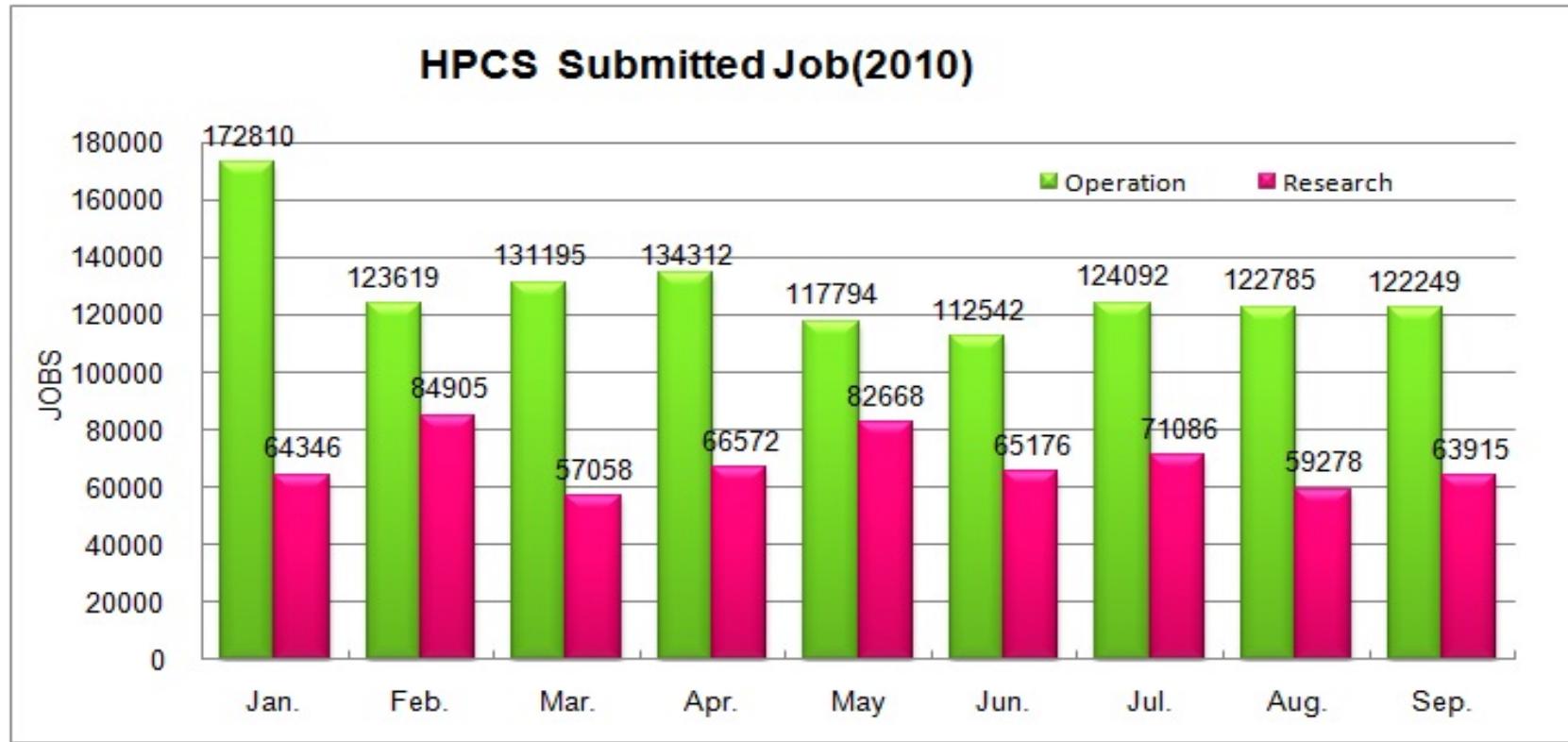
Low level in  
holidays



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# Job



Relative stable

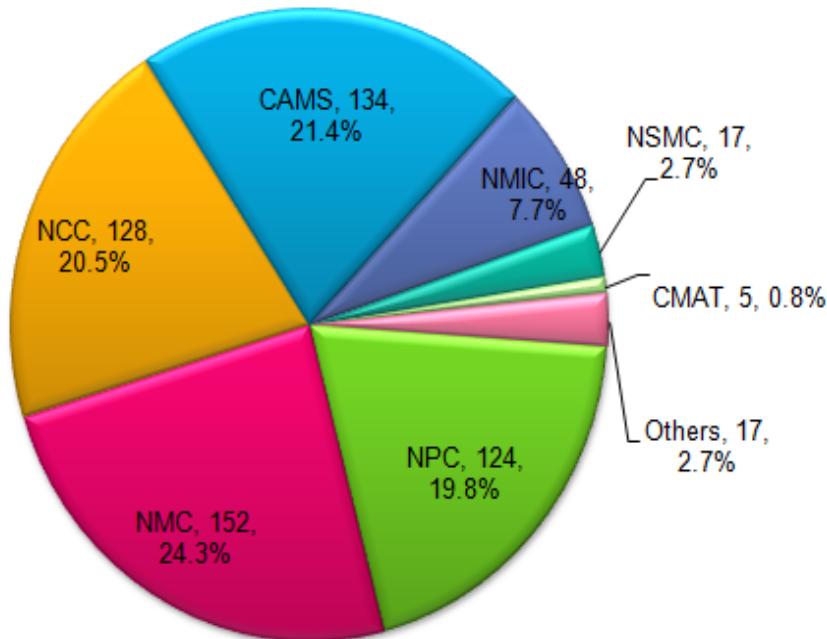


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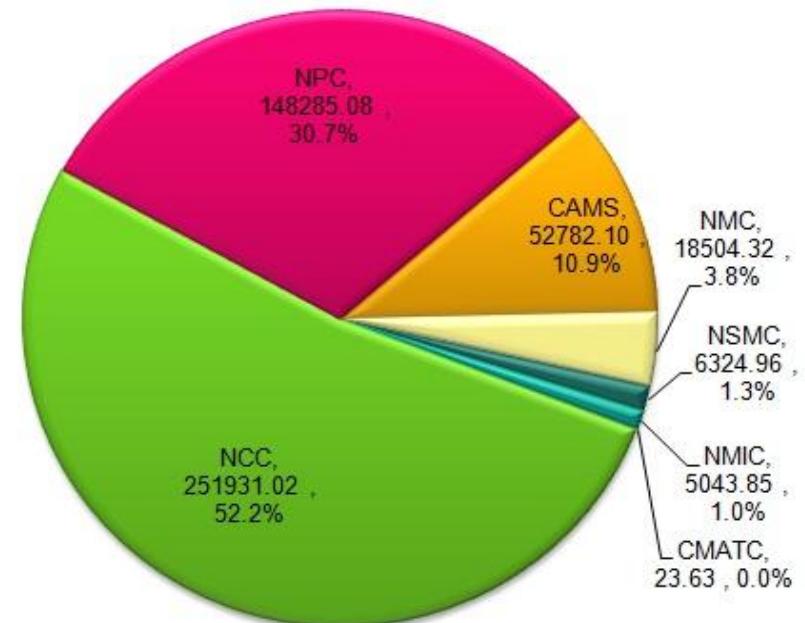


# User/Centre

HPC User Distribution, 2010



HPC Resource Usage(Unit: PFlop), 2010

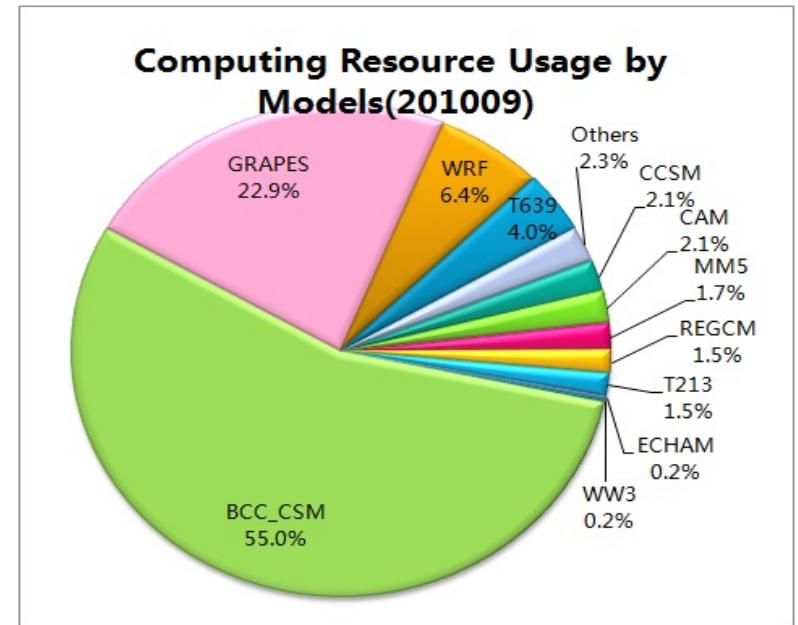


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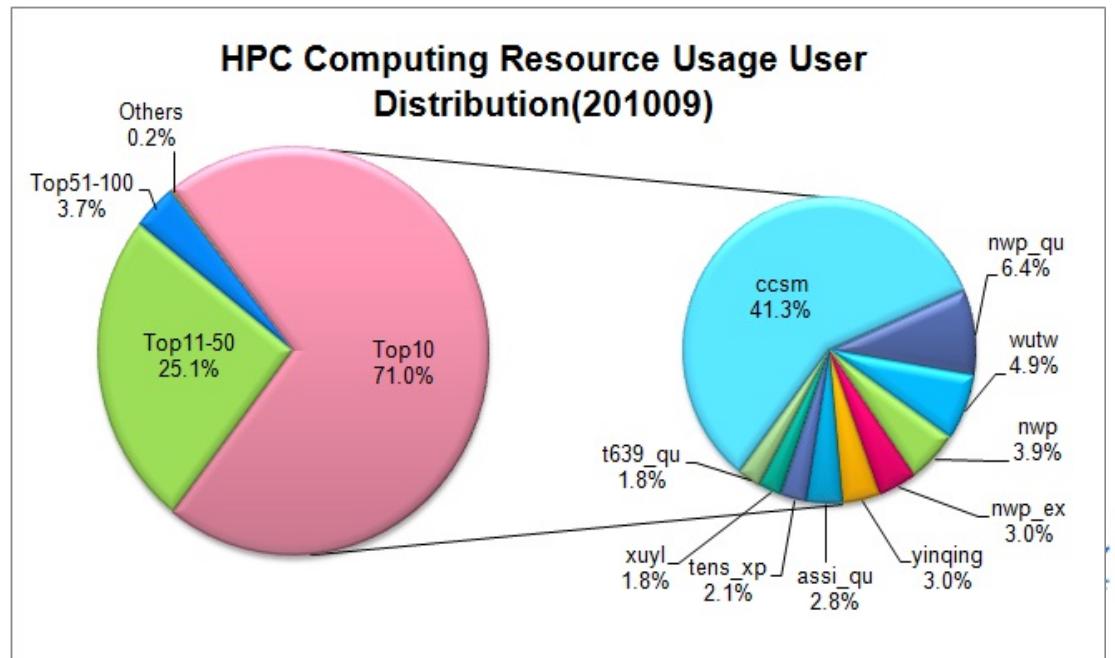


# Model/Top user

Resource distribution by model applications



Top 10 user occupy the most resource

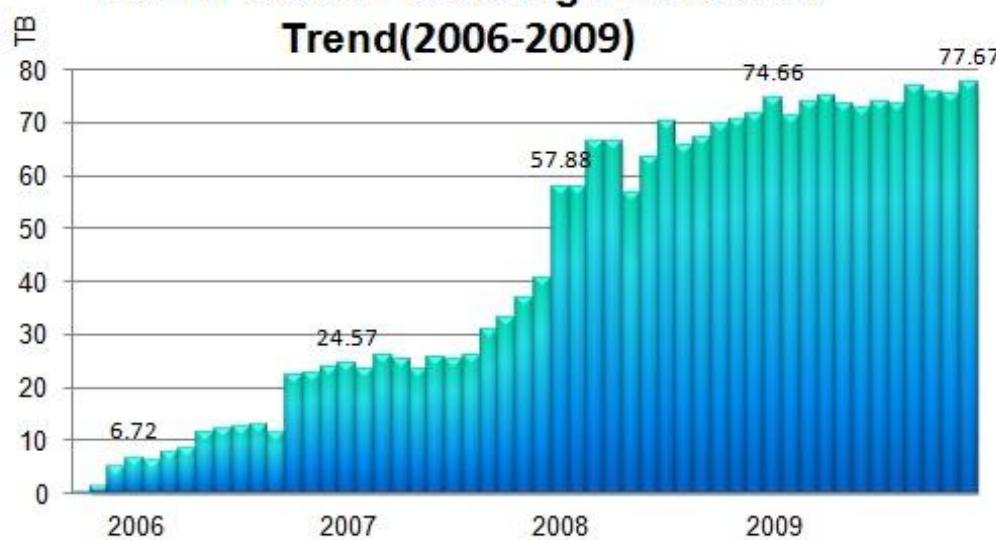


# Storage Usage

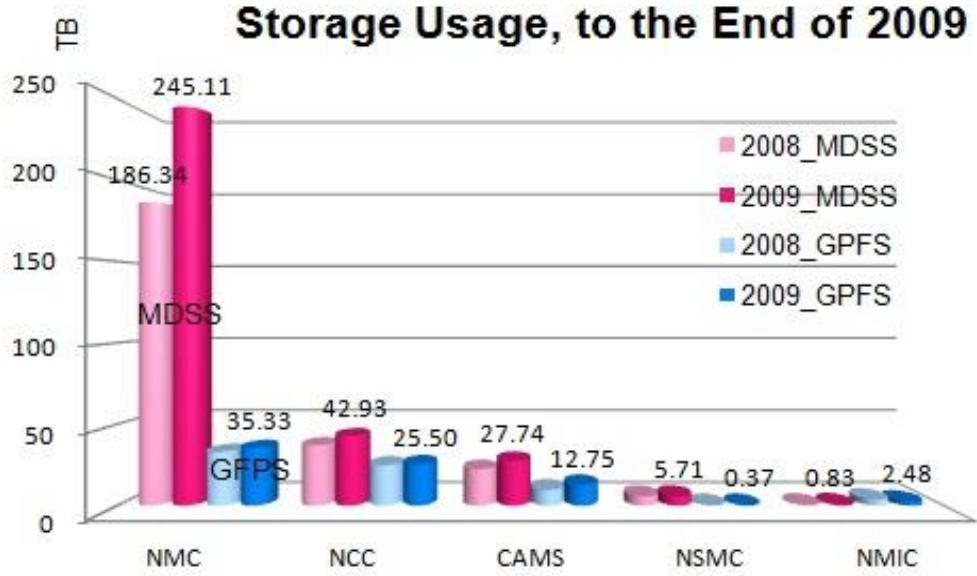


Increased year by year

IBM HPCS GPFS Storage Increased Trend(2006-2009)



Storage Usage, to the End of 2009



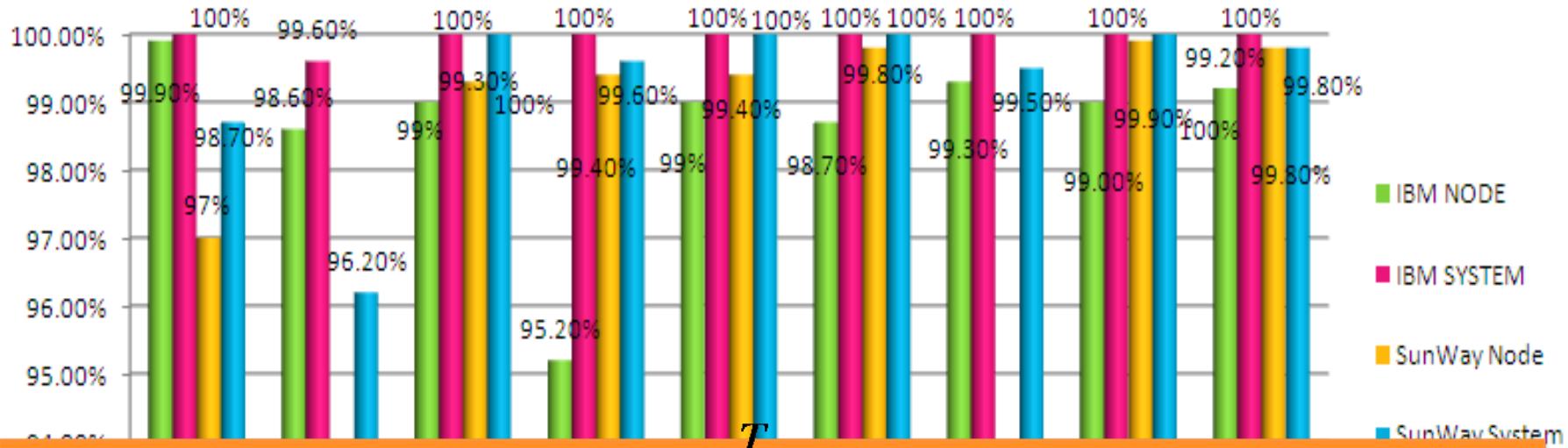
MDSS more than GPFS  
Top 3 centers: NMC/NCC/CAMS



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# Node & System Availability(2010)



• Availability =  $(1 - \frac{T_{down}}{60 \times 24 \times Day}) \times 100\%$

$T_{down\_system}$ : Time of more than one nodes halted or the whole system paralyzed (minutes)

$T_{down\_node}$ : Time of only one node halted in system (minutes)



## System design

- Multi-cluster system planning and design
- High reliable and available features of components

## Health check and real-time monitor

- Daily health check and periodic backup
- Establish a HPC system monitor platform using SMS

High  
Reliable & Available  
System

- Immediate response and standard procedures
- Common repair parts preparation
- Failure causes analysis

## Failure diagnosis and treatment

- New User training
- Special group for user guide and application/compiling support

## User Supporting

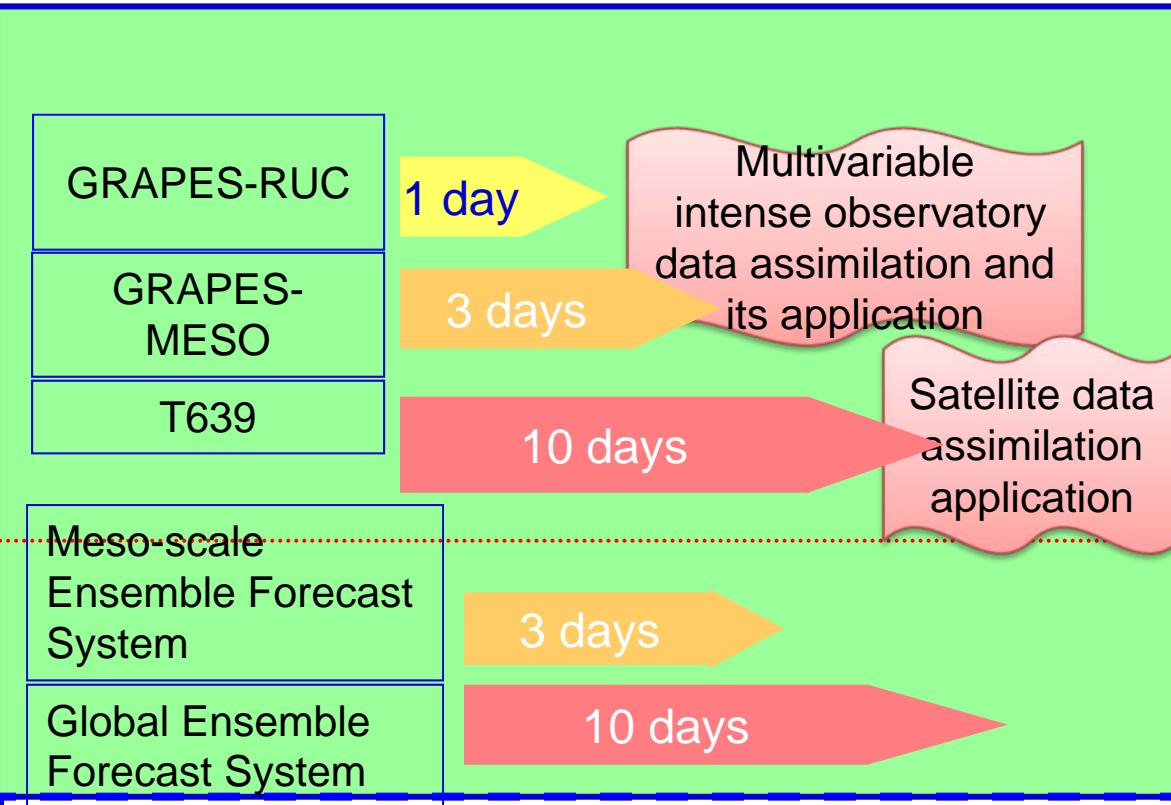


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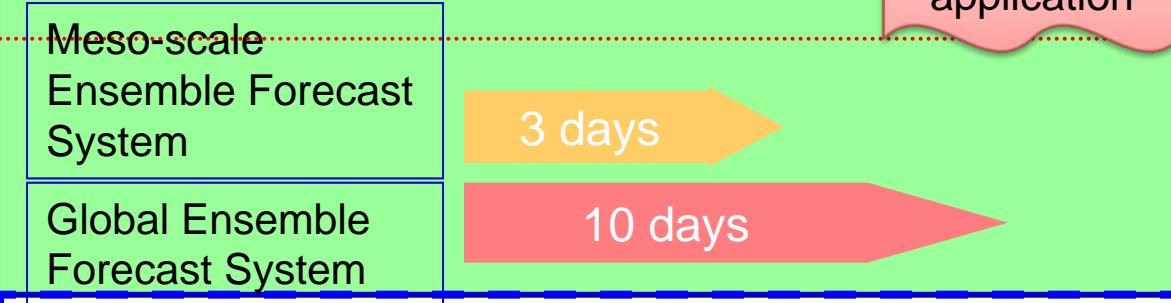


# Operational Forecast System

Deterministic Forecast



Probabilistic Forecast



TIGGE/ECMWF/NCE 10 - 14 days



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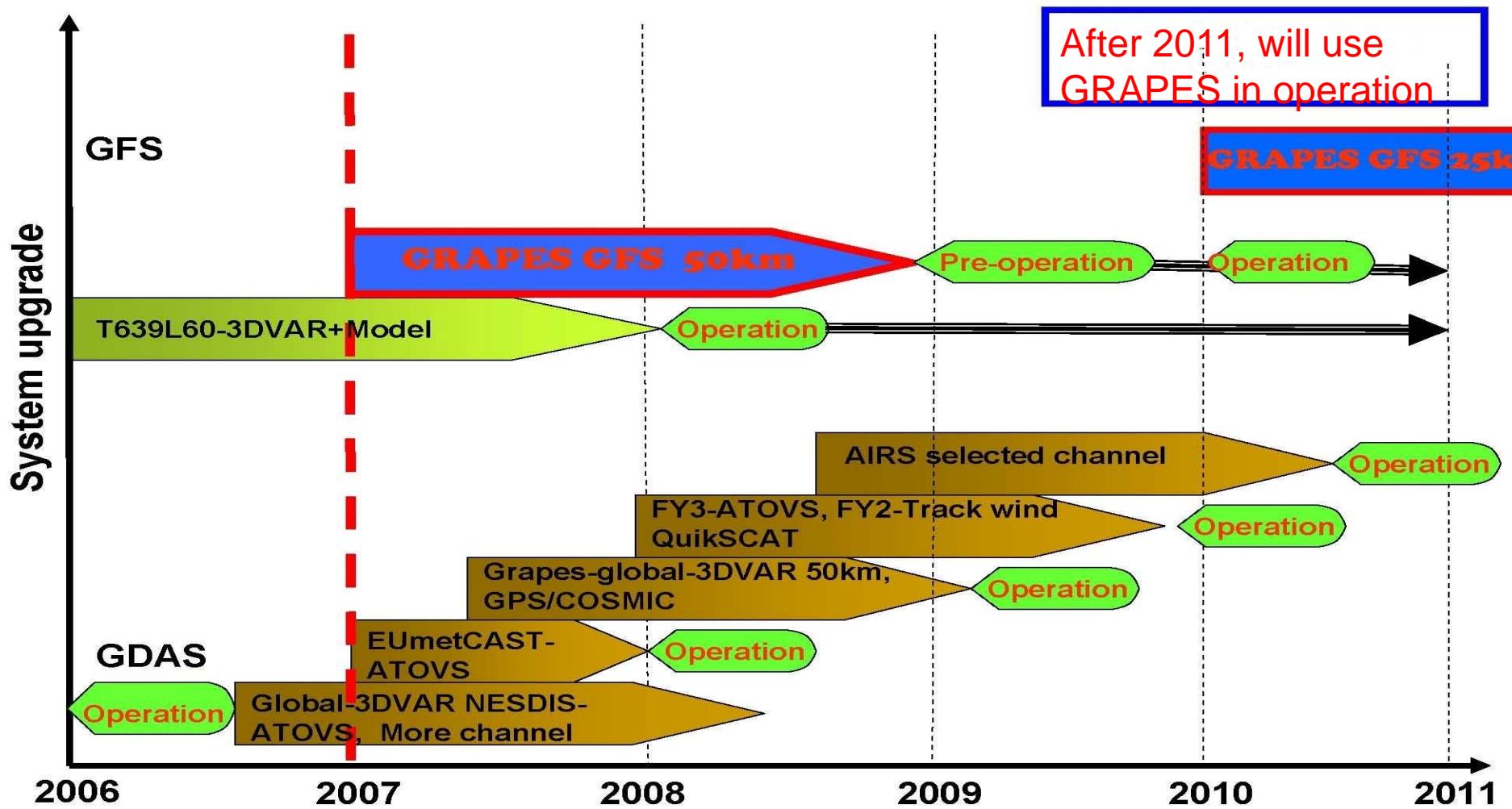
Model Assessment and Verification

# Current NWP Operational models in CMA

	Global Spectral Model (T <sub>L</sub> 639L60)	Meso Scale Model (GRAPES_Meso)	10day Ensemble (T <sub>L</sub> 213L31)	Typhoon deterministic & Ensemble forecast
Forecast range	Short- and Medium-range forecast	Rainfall forecast Short-range forecast	10day forecast	Typhoon forecast
Forecast domain	Global	East Asia (8340km x 5480km)		Global
Horizontal resolution	T <sub>L</sub> 639(0.28125 deg)	15km		T213(0.5625 deg)
Vertical levels / Top	60 0.1 hPa	31 10hPa		31 10 hPa
Forecast Hours (Initial time)	240 hours (00、 12 UTC)	72 hours (00, 12UTC)	240 hours (00、 12 UTC) 15 members	120 hours (00, 06, 12, 18 UTC) 120 hours (00、 12 UTC) 15 members
Step Time	600sec	90sec	600sec with ensemble perturbations Perturbations are produced by Breeding-method	



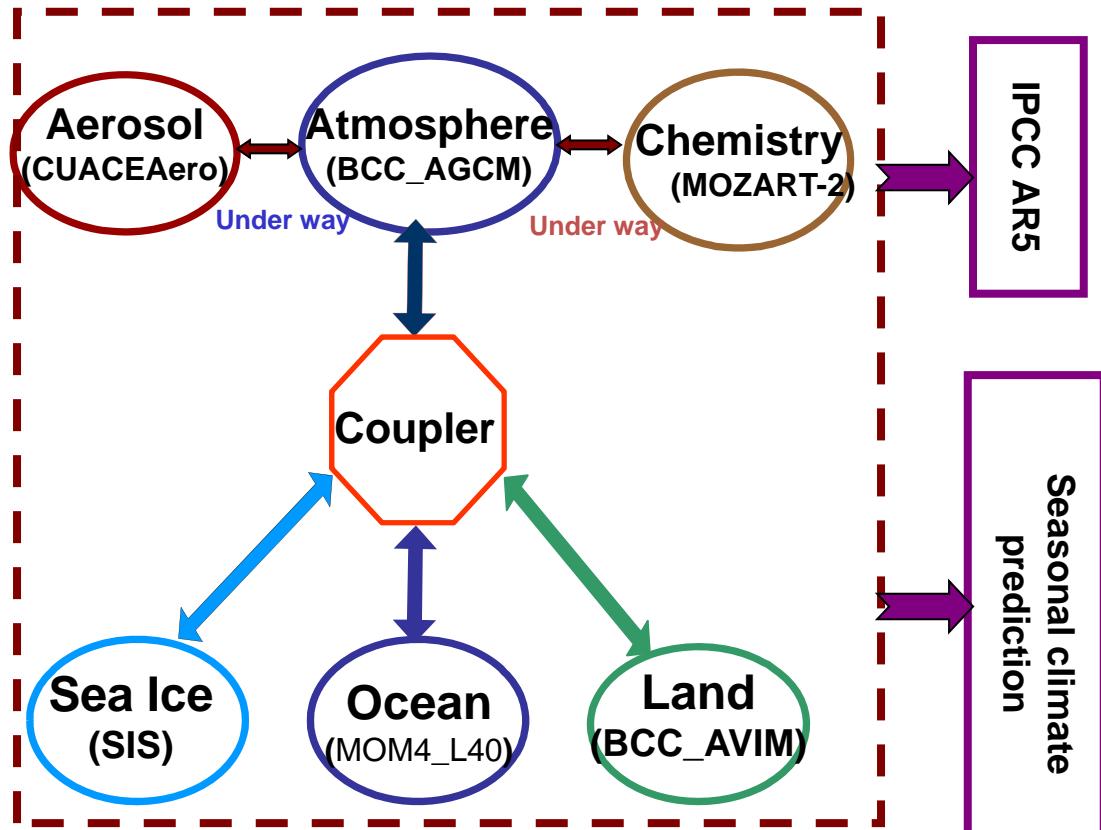
# Evolution of CMA global forecast system





# Beijing Climate Center Climate System Model (BCC\_CSM)

$$\text{BCC\_CSM1.1} = \text{BCC\_AGCM2.1} + \text{BCC\_AVIM1.0} + \text{MOM4\_L40} + \text{SIS}$$



## BCC\_AGCM2.0 (T42L26):

Originated from CAM3.  
Developed by BCC.

Model Dynamics: [Wu et al.\(2008, J.Atmos.Sci.\)](#)

Model Physics : [Wu et al. \(2010, Climate Dynamics\)](#)

## BCC\_AVIM1.0:

Developed by BCC.  
Coupled with the dynamic vegetation and land carbon cycle processes.

## MOM4\_L40 (gx1v1):

Developed by GFDL.  
Modified by BCC.  
A carbon cycle module (from OCMIP2) with simple biogeochemical processes was introduced.

## SIS(gx1v1):

Developed by GFDL.



# Future Plan & Work

- New building
- HPC system
  - Tens of TFLOPS → PetaFLOPS in 5 years
- Storage System
  - HPSS...
- NWP & Climate



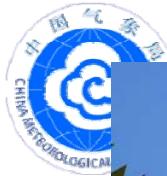
# GRAPES model

- Global forecast
  - GRAPES\_GFS ( 4DVAR )
- Meso forecast
  - GRAPES\_Meso ( 4DVAR )
- Global ensemble forecast
  - GRAPES\_GFS based on SV
- Regional ensemble forecast
  - GRAPES\_Meso : SV+stochastic physics
- Global typhoon track forecast
  - based on GRAPES\_GFS
- GRAPES\_RUC



# Climate Model

- To develop the climate system model  
BCC\_CSM2
- To establish the operational Dynamical Climate Model Prediction System (DCMPS2)
- To develop high resolution BCC\_AGCM4 (T266L40, 0.45°x0.45°)
- To develop the Earth System Model BCC\_ESM (T42L26)



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