

SOPRANO, a service oriented production system

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METEO FRANCE
Toujours un temps d'avance

Agenda

- Soprano project aims
- Soprano concepts
- Upstream production
- Products generation
- Producible data service
- Services offered by Soprano
- Services used by Soprano
- Status and plan

Introduction – Why a new production system?

- The organization of the central production system lacks flexibility
- No separation between central production and products generation
 - generates incoherencies
- Different production systems developed over the years to fulfil punctual requirements
 - Central production
 - Regional production
- Difficulties to quickly answer to new requests
- The production system could not cope with the increased production
- Functionalities are missing in the central production system
- The dissemination system could not cope with the increased amount of data to deliver and new delivering methods

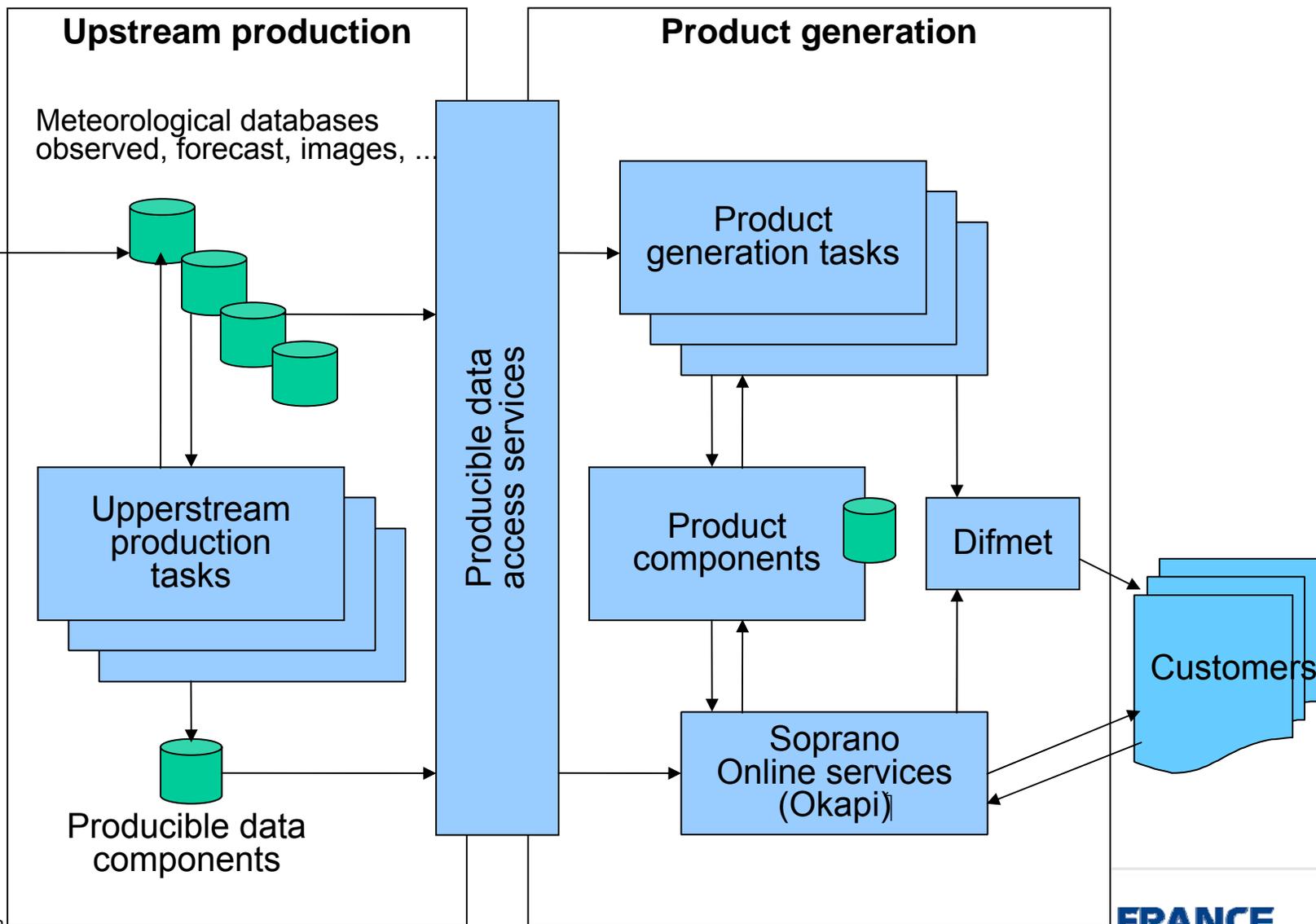
SOPRANO - aims

- Review Meteo-France supply chain
- Build a new central production system to support new requirements for production and allowing Meteo-France to:
 - satisfy its meteorological data production needs
 - better manage global production and associated costs
 - better serve its customers
 - have a system that fulfil the needs of production actors
- Reuse and federate existing tools
 - DIAPASON (former central production system)
 - OKAPI, the climatological production system, extended to provide non-climatological products
 - Meteonet (web server www.meteo.fr and production system)
 - various central production systems/applications
- Standardise the production

Soprano - concepts

- To split upstream production from products generation and introduce the concept of “producible data services “
- Upstream production
 - feeding meteorological databases
 - production of meteorological data via automatic processing or human expertise
- products generation
 - production of final products
 - presentation of the meteorological data
 - dissemination of the products to the customers
- producible data services and producible data components
 - selection of meteorological data as a reference for product generation systems
 - producible data components are designed to provide a clear separation between upstream production and product generation systems
 - enable scalability of product generation systems without interfering with upstream production system

Soprano - concepts



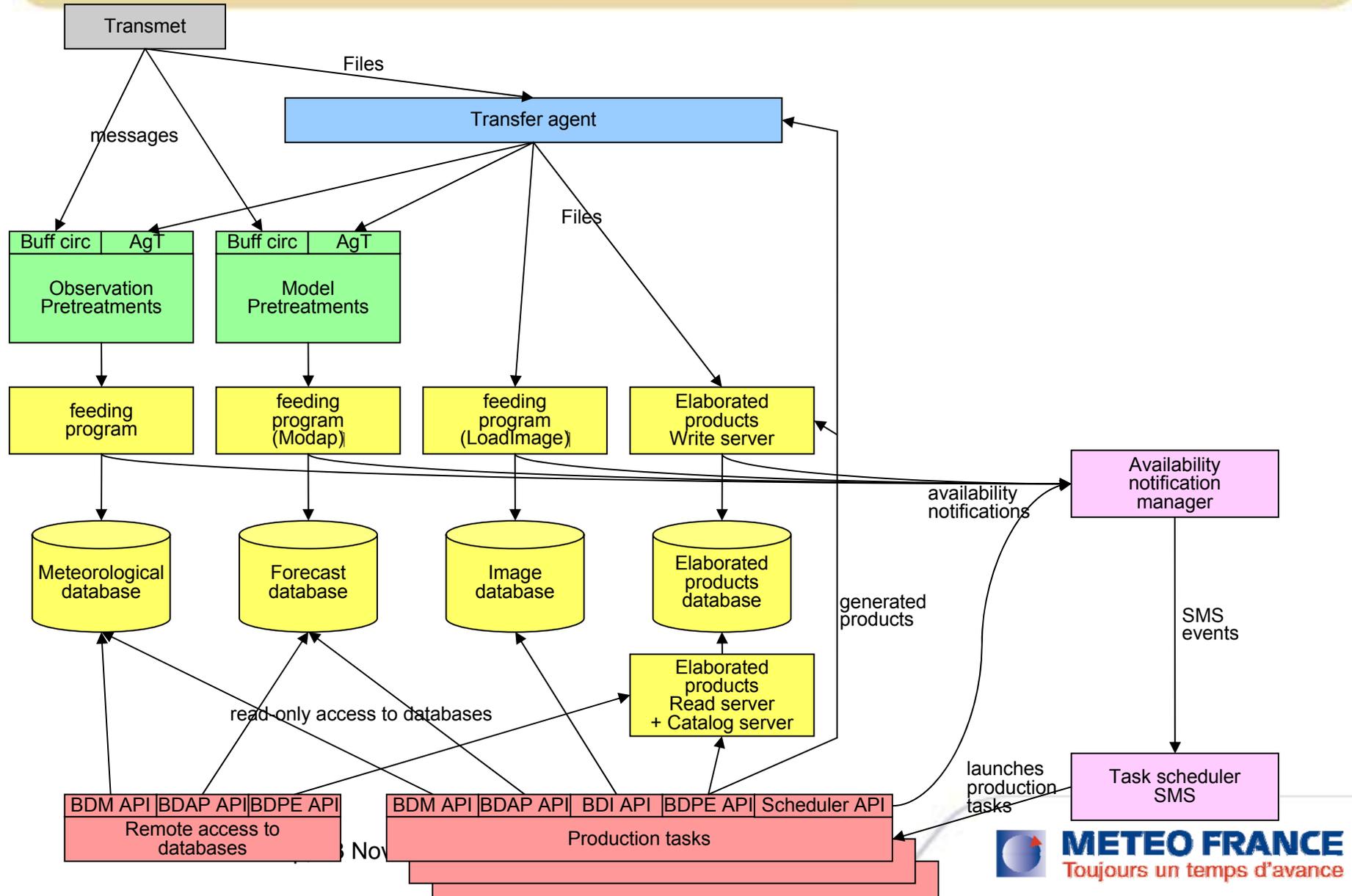
Upstream production system

- Based on existing upstream production system : DIAPASON
 - operational since 1995
 - reliable (10 years of continuous service)
- but...
 - running on HPUX/HPPA platform
 - obsolescent technologies/software (DCE, Oracle v7.3/Oracle 8.0, Oracle*Forms,...)
 - lack of administration functionalities
 - new applications are developed on linux platform
- Soprano reuses components of the DIAPASON system, and:
 - is built to run on clusters of linux PCs
 - defines new administration tools
 - replaces DIAPASON's task scheduler with SMS
 - initiates the migration process from Oracle to open-source RDBMS

Upstream production system

- Phase 1 : provide more computing capability and more storage than DIAPASON in order to support
 - new satellite data
 - new numerical model AROME
 - increased spatial resolution of ARPEGE
- Phase 2 : Introduce new services in the system in order to support:
 - evolution of data formats
 - integration of climatological database
 - integration of meteorological object database (immediate forecasting, fine-grained local forecasting, severe weather warning...)

Upstream production system

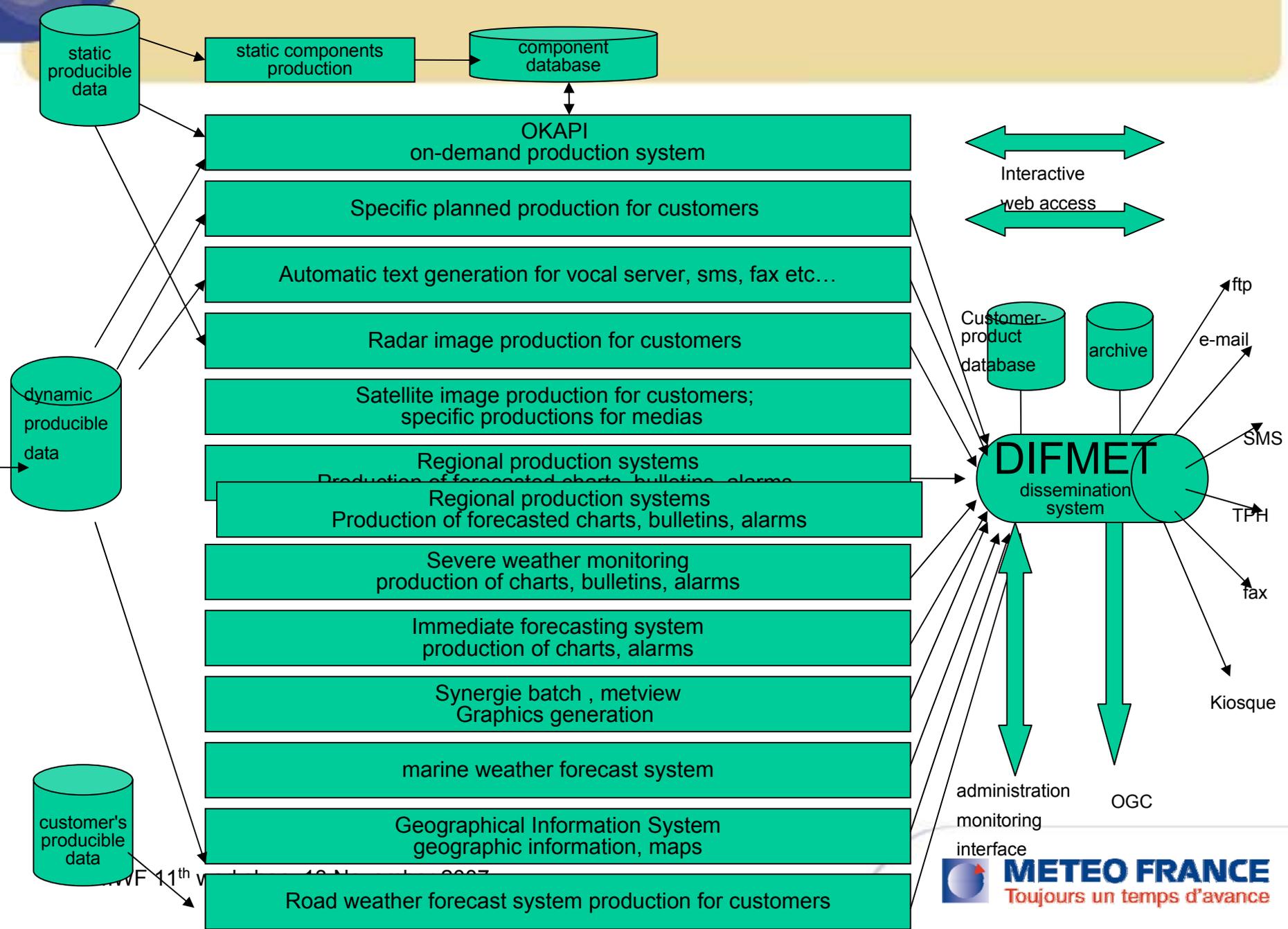


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Products generation systems

- many operational central production systems to maintain
 - different operating systems / programming languages
 - different hardware
 - all the production systems can not be monitored with the same service level
 - risk for duplicate productions, incoherent productions
 - high administration cost
- strong need for homogenization and urbanization
 - define a framework and rules for products generation
 - provide a platform able to host various products generation systems
- need for greater reactivity
 - rapid development,
 - short time before operational production



Products generation systems

- Mass production system: based on upstream production system
 - production of large amounts of data required by selected customers and provision through web servers
 - Some of these product generation tasks are already running on Diapason
 - production of products needing additional computing resources
 - image processing, video...

- On-demand products generation system: OKAPI
 - extensible
 - Customer can select and configure products through a web interface

- Excellent operational service level

Products generation systems - model



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Producible Data Services/Components

- Leading idea: to determine which data is available for product generation and ensure that all products generated use the same referential
 - all products must be created from Producible Data
 - no other data is allowed for the generation of products
 - clarifies production rules
- The Producible Data Services define a clear separation between Upstream Production and Products Generation
- Producible Data Services and Components must be stable
 - documented
 - no format change
 - no signification change
 - allow Products Generation to rely on stable data sources

Examples of Producible Data Components

- Forecasts
 - MPZH/MPZQ: best available short term forecast by place. Hourly and daily data
 - Road forecast France : file BDPE 6962 : Road surface temperature forecast on Symposium forecast area
 - ECMWF forecast world : file BDPE 5837 : Tri-hours forecast for 1600 world cities (outside Europe), J-J+3
 - ECMWF forecast Europe: file BDPE 5835 : Tri-hours forecast for 840 European cities (outside France), J-J+3
- Satellite imagery
 - coloured composition 0° full resolution globe image
 - IR composite 5 satellites world image
 - SST world image
- Radar imagery
 - European radars composition

Services offered by Soprano

- Services offered by DIAPASON
 - IAA: remote access to meteorological databases
 - 2 interfaces: CORBA and FTP
- Services offered by OKAPI
 - access to various product components, used by regional production systems (MENHIR)
 - Interface: Web Services
- Services offered by DIFMET
 - dissemination of products to end-users/customers
 - Interface: Web Services

Soprano services - IAA

- Remote access to meteorological databases
 - oldest service provided since 1995
- Very simple to use
- No access to image database
- 2 versions:
 - FTP: most widely used in scripts or in interactive sessions
 - CORBA: used by some production systems
- Widely used by end-users
 - within MF by developers and researchers
 - outside MF by researchers and customers
- Future plans:
 - implement this service as a web service
 - extend access to image database

SOPRANO services - OKAPI

- Production of products components
- On-demand product generation system
- used by regional production systems (MENHIR)
 - mainly used to access to climatological products
 - replaces regional production with central homogeneous production
- Interface: Web Services
 - communication between a Java application (Okapi) and a MS C++/C#/VB application (Menhir)

Soprano services - DIFMET

- New Meteo-France dissemination system
 - part of Soprano project
 - targeted to disseminate products to end users
 - offers functions to send high volume of products through new protocols such as SMS, e-mail, Voices messages...
 - offers the producer options to set up its own dissemination
- Provides a web service interface to the central dissemination service
 - will be used by regional production services (Menhir)
 - will be used by the central production system
- Provides administration services

Soprano - other services

- Synergie
 - used to produce complex graphics
 - aeronautical products
 - on-demand graphic production provided via web services

- Accounting service
 - part of MF web server
 - provides authorisation information and e-payment functionality for Meteo-France applications:
 - User profile
 - payment and follow-up of consumption
 - offered via web services
 - used by Okapi

Soprano internal services

- leading idea: to open the central production system to other production systems

- Administration services
 - administration tools are being rewritten
 - decoupling between GUI and backend services
 - backend services could be used by other production systems
 - to invoke Soprano modules from other production systems and start automated production tasks

- Evolution of IAA service in order to replace current databases access APIs
 - to offer the same interface to any user, internal or external
 - to reduce the coupling between databases and production tasks
 - to ease administration of development platforms
 - to improve security by using non proprietary protocols (HTTP vs SQLNET) and reinforced controls on database access tier

Towards a Service Oriented Architecture

- SOA make it possible to treat each component separately
 - the interface is defined : contract between components
 - few technical requirement for implementation
 - evolution of a component is possible without changing the whole system
- Need for standardization of the interfaces
 - challenge: there is no perfect solution
 - Web services, still some questions to answer
 - REST or SOAP web services?
 - security features?
 - convention for interfaces naming? method naming?...
 - existing standards
 - WMS, WFS, WCS
 - are they best suited for our needs?
 - provide a directory of these services
 - urbanization of the system
- On-going work for SOPRANO project

Timeline

- Project started in February 2005
- First operational phase expected by June 2008
 - set up of the infrastructure based on Linux clusters
 - migration of databases and production tasks
 - introduction of SMS
 - introduction of new administration tools
 - extension of OKAPI to non-climatological productions
- Second release expected by end 2009
 - architectural changes
 - provide producible data services as web services
 - Replace IAA by web services
 - evolutions of upstream production system
 - integration of the meteorological objects database and climatological database
 - support for new data formats (like GRIB ed. 2)
 - evolution of product generation system
 - integration/replacement of other production systems