Background to Proposal of Our Industrial Partners: HALO and Infrastructure Requirements for the GMES Backbone

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Overview of Presentation

- Introduction: Objectives, HALO Study Logic
- System Layout
- Data Flow Characterisation
- 2nd Workshop Conclusions
- Developments in 2006



Introduction: Objectives, HALO Study Logic



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HALO – GMES Specific Support Action (SSA)

- <u>Harmonised coordination of Atmosphere</u>, <u>Land and Ocean integrated</u> projects of the GMES backbone:
 - Integrated Projects (IPs) GEMS, GEOLAND, MERSEA
 - project lifetime: spring 2004 spring 2007

GMES Fast-Track Pilot Services to be operational from 2008

- Marine Services (IP MERSEA follow-up)
- Land Monitoring (IP GEOLAND-Europe follow-up)
- Emergency Response (IP RISK-PREVIEW follow-up)
- Proposed GEMS Fast-Track Pilot Services to be operational from 2009 onwards
 - Global Atmospheric Service (IP GEMS follow-up)
 - Global Land Monitoring (IP GEOLAND-Global follow-up)
 - Security

 HALO aims at formulating agreed recommendations to EU and IPs for the joint transition to operational status of the IP's global monitoring systems.

- Scientific analysis of links between the IPs
- Coordinated solutions for the infra-structure in operational mode

HALO

tmospheri Services

Marine

Services

Emergency

Response

Security

Land

Monitoring

Land

Monitoring



Iterative Development of the Infrastructure Candidate Solutions







Progress of the Candidate Solution Definition

2004 Reports:

"ECMWF's data and products for GMES"

"geoland data and products for GMES"

"MERSEA data and products for GMES"

"GEMS data and products for GMES"

2005 Reports:

"Interacting parts of GEMS, MERSEA and geoland: Data, products and infrastructure"

"HALO Guideline"

"Infrastructure candidate solutions overview"

2006 Draft Report:

"Recommendation Document including Common Interface Candidate Solutions" to be discussed at this workshop

Spring 2007 Reports:

"Recommendation Document including Common Interface Candidate Solutions" (by Alcatel/Astrium) "Final Technical Penert" (by IPc)

ECMWF

"Final Technical Report" (by IPs)

System Layout



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Current System of IPs (2006)



ECMWF

GMES Vision 2009: **Core Services + Downstream Services**



Data Flow Characterisation



Data Categories used in the HALO Reports

categories of exchange

- internal: within one IP
- interacting: between two IPs
- external: between an IP and a third party

observation categories

- in-situ
- satellite-based

delivery mode

- real-time / near-real time
- regular
- on-demand / offline



MERSEA data flow: Interacting, External, Internal

Data flow	Source	Destination	Delivery Mode	Theme/Product
Meteorological forcing fields	ECMWF	Ocean Model Centre	Regular distribution, real-time analysis and forecasts, Regional High resolution models	Meteorological forecast/NWP Bulletin
GEMS global aerosol products	ECMWF	Mersea retrieval centres	to be checked, initially research mode only	Atmospheric Aerosol data for atmospheric corrections in retrieval
Satellite data	ESA, EUMETSAT, NASA, NOAA	MERSEA Satellite TEP	Regular	Along track, validated
Satellite products	SAT -TEP, GHRSST, SSALTO, OSI/SAF	Ocean Model Centre	Regular	Merged, gridded, validated products
In-situ observations	GDAC, RDAC, ARGO, GTSPP, DBCP,	In-situ Data Centre	Regular + On-demand	High quality controlled, merged gridded products, climatology
In-situ observations in real time	ARGO	In Situ - TEP	Real Time flow	ARGO data in real -or near real - time, with QC flags
In-situ observations in real time	In Situ - TEP (from ARGO)	Ocean Model Centre	Real Time flow	ARGO data in real -or near real - time, with QC flags
In-situ observations in real time	In Situ - TEP	?	Real Time flow	GSUD / VOS, Ocen time series / BBCP
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geoland Data Flow: Interacting, Internal

Data flow	Source	Destination	Delivery Mode	Theme/Product
Meteorological forcing fields for land surface models	ECMWF	Geoland-ONC	Regular	Air temperature/humidity, wind speed, precipitation, incoming radiation (short and longwave)
Geoland Global products	Geoland- CSP	GEMS	Regular + On- demand	Generic Land Cover (300 m – 1 km resolution
Geoland CSP-OFM vegetation CO2	GEOLAND- OFM	GEMS @ ECMWF	to be checked, initially research mode only	Land use change and forest fires
geoland ONC vegetation CO2	GEOLAND- ONC @ ECMWF	GEMS @ ECMWF	to be checked, initially research mode only	Vegetation data as input for emission models (biogenic and fires): CO2 fluxes, above- ground biomass, stomatal conductance
GEMS global aerosol products	ECMWF	geoland retrieval centres	to be checked, initially research mode only	Atmospheric Aerosol data for atmospheric corrections in retrieval
Geoland Global Gobal products	Geoland- ONC @ECMWF	GEMS @ ECMWF	Regular + On- demandTo be checked, initially research mode only (TBC)	Biogeophysical Parameters (Rainfall for water cycle, burned area, active fire and LAI for trace gas emission)Vegetation data as input for emission models (biogenic and fires) (TBC)
Satellite forcing fields for land surface models	Geoland- CSP	Geoland-ONC	Regular	Improved precipitation fields and incoming radiation (short and longwave)



geoland Data Flow: External

Data flow	Source	Destination	Delivery Mode	Theme/Product
Satellite data	ESA EUMETSAT NOAA / NASA	Geoland-CSP	Regular + On- demand	Satellite observation to infer information about the land surface, in three areas : vegetation, radiation, water
in-situ data	Meteo	Geoland-CSP	Regular + On demand	Rainfall
In-situ data	Research Iabs	Geoland-CSP	On demand	Validation data for Vegetation, radiation, soil moisture products
Satellite data	SPOT Image, NASA	Geoland-CSP	On demand	Validation data for Vegetation & Land cover products
Satellite data to be assimilated	ESA EUMETSAT NOAA/NAS A	Geoland-ONC	Regular + On- demand	Satellite observation to infer information about the land surface and the vegetation status.
In-situ data for validation	Fluxnet	Geoland-ONC	On-demand	CO2 and water fluxes
In-situ data for validation	GAW	Geoland	On-demand	radiative surface fluxes



GEMS Data Flow: Interacting

Data flow	Source	Destination	Delivery Mode	Theme/Product
Geoland CSP-OFM vegetation CO2	GEOLAND-OFM	GEMS @ ECMWF	to be checked, initially research mode only	Land use change and forest fires
geoland ONC vegetation CO2	GEOLAND-ONC @ ECMWF	GEMS @ ECMWF	to be checked, initially research mode only	Vegetation data as input for emission models (biogenic and fires): CO2 fluxes, above-ground biomass, stomatal conductance
GEMS global aerosol products	ECMWF	Mersea retrieval centres	to be checked, initially research mode only	Atmospheric Aerosol data for atmospheric corrections in retrieval
GEMS global aerosol products	ECMWF	geoland retrieval centres	to be checked, initially research mode only	Atmospheric Aerosol data for atmospheric corrections in retrieval
Meteorological forcing fields	ECMWF	Ocean Model Centre	Regular distribution, real- time analysis and forecasts, Regional High resolution models	Meteorological forecast/NWP Bulletin
Meteorological forcing fields for land surface models	ECMWF	Geoland/ONC	Regular	Air temperature/humidity, wind speed, precipitation, incoming radiation (short and longwave)
Geoland Global products	Geoland-CSP	GEMS	Regular + On-demand	Generic Land Cover (300 m – 1 km resolution

ECMWF

GEMS Data Flow: External, Internal

Data flow	Source	Destination	Delivery Mode	Theme/Product
Satellite data	ESA, EUMETSAT, NOAA / NASA (UNI-BREMEN,	ECMWF	operational	Raw radiances and satellites products on atmospheric species concentration and fire count/ burnt area
in-situ data	Scattered provider (NILU, EEA, national and regional	ECMWF MPI KNMI RAQ Centres	regular	In situ observation for validation
CO2 concentration	www.cmdl.noaa. gov, gaw.kishou.go.jp	GEMS @ ECMWF	on demand	validation data for CO2 assimilation. open access on the internet.
GEMS global products	ECMWF	GEMS RAQ Centres (6)	operational	Boundary conditions for reginal air pollution models



Issues at End of 2005

Iarge data volumes. The largest are:

Recipient	Origin	Data Rate [GB/day]
GEOLAND-CSP	various satellite agencies	16
MERSEA	various satellite agencies	11
GEMS	various satellite agencies	7
GEMS Regional Modelling Centres	GEMS-global @ ECMWF	7

diverse in-situ data providers

e.g. for GEMS: CarboEurope, NOAA-CMDL, FLUXNET, ALE-GAGE-AGAGE, WDCGG data centre, WMO/GAW, WOUDC, DWD, SHADOZ, MOZAIC, DLR, IPSL, NILU, NDSC, EMEP, NILU, IMPROVE, AERONET, PHOTONS, WDCA, Brewer network, NUIG, ARM, SIRTA, NJKDSC, BSRN, SURFRAD, NASA, HELCOM, OSPAR, CREATE, DAEDALUS, GMES-GATO, Met-Monieur, AIRBASE, ...

ECMWF

- Is there a role for WIN and ORCHESTRA?
- common interface/portal for all products by core services?



2nd HALO Workshop Infrastructure Conclusions (December 2005)



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Selected Conclusions on Infrastructure Candidate Solutions

1. need description of two alternative technical solution candidates

- one using the existing meteorological network, ie GTS
- another EUMETCast
- Does WIS encompass both GTS and EUMETCast?
- 2. compare the two solutions:
 - commonalities and differences
 - advantages and limitations
- 3. Data policy implications of the two solution candidates shall be pointed out.
- 4. an additional HALO meeting to decide on a solution recommendation
- 5. focus the discussions on solutions for the operational real-time data flow



Developments in 2006



Interoperability of WIS with other Systems





GEO-Information Systems within GEOSS



July 2006 Views on the Potential for Future Developments for GMES and WMO Information System (i)

- The EU-funded SIMDAT/MET software will be used by WMO partners to implement Europe-wide WIS capabilities.
- The EU-funded SIMDAT/MET software can also be used by GMES partners to implement WIS-like capabilities for GMES.
- Substantial benefits for all users could be achieved through direct collaboration between GMES & WMO on a shared system.
- WMO welcomes collaborations with communities such as GMES to share / develop WIS capabilities.
- A joint effort by GMES partners and European WIS partners would accelerate the implementation of a joint Europe-wide GMES/WIS information system.

July 2006 Views on the Potential for Future Developments for GMES and WMO Information System (ii)

- A joint Europe-wide GMES/WIS information system will require
 - Negotiation of certification with WMO system
 - New software (adapters) to provide access to own data repositories
 - Implementation of metadata standards to describe data and data policy
 - Implementation of virtual organisation to address security issues authentication, authorisation, data policy...
 - Implementation of physical infrastructure to connect to GISC
 - Et cetera.....





Which infrastructure candidate solution(s) do our partners from Astrium and Alcaltel suggest?

