GEOLAND Overview of Interacting parts and future plans



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GMES priorities addressed by geoland



- A- Land Cover Change in Europe
- B- Environmental Stress in Europe
- C- Global Vegetation Monitoring

Policies / Directives / Conventions Service Portfolio

Habitats
ESDP,ESPONNatura 2000
Wetland DirectiveWater Framework
DirectiveSoil Thematic StrategySustainable Developm.
Fight against PovertyGlobal Change
KyotoGlobal Environment
Protection





2nd HALO Workshop, ECMWF, Reading, 12-13 December 2005









Interactives parts within HALO







geoland Data Flow: Interacting, Internal



Data flow		Source	Destination	Delivery Mode	Theme/Product	
Meteorological forcing fields for land surface models		ECMWF	Geoland-ONC	Regular	Air temperature/humidity, wind speed, precipitation, incoming radiation (short and longwave)	
Geoland Global products		Geoland- CSP	GEMS	Regular + On- demand	Generic Land Cover (300 m – 1 km resolution	
Geoland CSP-OLF vegetation CO2		GEOLAND- CSP-OLF	GEMS @ ECMWF	to be checked, initially research mode only	Land use change and forest fires	
geoland ONC vegetation CO2		GEOLAND- ONC @ ECMWF	GEMS @ ECMWF	to be checked, initially research mode only	Vegetation data as input for emission models (biogenic and fires): CO2 fluxes, above- ground biomass, stomatal conductance	
GEMS global aerosol products		ECMWF	geoland retrieval centres	to be checked, initially research mode only	Atmospheric Aerosol data for atmospheric corrections in retrieval	
Geoland Global Gobal products		Geoland- ONC @ECMWF	GEMS @ ECMWF	Regular + On- demandTo be checked, initially research mode only (TBC)	Biogeophysical Parameters (Rainfall for water cycle, burned area, active fire and LAI for trace gas emission)Vegetation data as input for emission models (biogenic and fires) (TBC)	
Satellite forcing fields for land surface models		Geoland- CSP	Geoland-ONC	Regular	Improved precipitation fields and incoming radiation (short and longwave)	





Land Surface Monitoring				
Regional / Europe	Global surface- atmosphere surface			

- Land Surface Monitoring has two components :
 - ➢ global
 - ➤ regional over Europe
- The Regional part is starting (Fast-Track Service)
- The Global part should also start
 - technical & scientific maturity sufficient
 - \succ two thematic areas
 - \blacktriangleright surface-atmosphere interactions (\rightarrow "meteorology")
 - > land surface properties per se (\rightarrow "environment")
 - "unifying factors"
 - similar space products in input
 - > public funding





The future of GEOLAND is a GMES Global Land Monitoring Service, consisting of

- a single Core Service
 - standardized products
 - large geographical coverage
- a series of Downstream Services
 - customized products
 - tightly connected to the Core Service, from which they receive generic information



Global Land Monitoring GMES Service perimeter







Core Service Products



Category	Theme	Sub theme	Product	
EO-based, low level			Surface reflectance, Backscattering coefficient, Brightness temperature	
		Vegetation	LAI, fAPAR, fCover,phenology, burnt areas, active fires, land cover, vegetation indices	
EO-based	Biogeophysical parameters	Radiation	Albedo, downwelling flux, surf. temperature	
		Water	Water bodies, soil moisture, water level	
Data assimilation in process models	Natural Carbon Fluxes		Carbon flux, water flux, carbon storage, LAI, biomass, soil moisture	



Downstream Services



theme	downstream service	operator	user segment	status
	African observatory for sustainable development / environment	JRC	DG DEV, AIDCO, ENV, RELEX	mandate for development
land cover change	Boreal Eurasia observatory	TBD	DG ENV, TRADE, Min. Forestry Russia	твр
	national & regional env. Monit system in Africa	national multi- disciplinary network	National ministries (planning, environemnt, forest,)	operational mandate exists
	UNEP/DEW A	UNEP/ DEW A	UNEP reporting process	operational mandate exists
	MARS-STAT (Europe)	JRC	DG AGRI	operational mandate exists
	MARS-FOOD component in African observatory for sustainable development	JRC	DG DEV, AIDCO, RELEX, ECHO, FAO, WPP, nat govts, NGOs	mandate for developmen
crop monitoring	MARS-FOOD (global)	JRC	DG DEV, AIDCO, RELEX, ECHO, FAO, WPP, nat govts, NGOs	operational mandate exists
	national food early warning systems	i.a. national EWS teams,agromet service, etc	National ministries (agriculture,)	operational mandate exists
	Atmosphere and Climate	ECMWF	DG Env, National env. Agency	operational mandate exist
	Kyoto protocol reporting team	EEA	DG Env, National env. Agency	operational mandate exist
	agriculture survey	National agromet services	National ministries, DG Agri	operational mandate exists
natural carbon fluxes	Initial conditions for		national water agencies, watershed agencies, civil	operational mandate
Пахоо	hydrological modelling	services	protection	exists



Institutional framework : Core Service (1/2)



For EO-based products,

- The SAF model is well adapted to the issue of biogeophysical parameter provision
 - formal link between R&D and services
 - mandate over the long term
 - centralized management, helps overall efficiency
 - flexible funding scheme
- The existing service providers for remote sensing products should join their forces to face the increasing needs in GMES
 - > extension in product types and levels and geographic coverage
 - coverage of various satellite programmes
- MoU under construction between IM, VITO, and Medias-France/POSTEL





For data assimilation in models,

ECMWF and NMS seem the most natural candidates for coordinating this activity

- Global scale (25-50 km resolution): ECMWF has the capability to operate it
- Europe (5-10 km resolution): National Meteorological Services (NMS) could cooperate in the framework of Eumetnet





Several downstream services are at a sufficient maturity level to start rapidly

- ➤ The existing MARS-STAT and MARS-Food service at JRC
- ➤ « African Observatory for Sustainable Development » at JRC
- Atmosphere & Climate Service to be run at ECMWF as a follow-up of GEMS

Possible onset of downstream services at NMS (improvement of weather forecast models + agrometeorological applications).



Implementation Plan



Implementation of an operational « Global Land Monitoring » GMES Service by 2008 is possible and should be the target

Technically, the Core Service products and the network of Service Providers in Europe are at a sufficient maturity level to start an operational production of limited scope (« Pilot Service ») in 2008

At institutional level, the MoU initiated between biophysical parameter service providers in Europe should be extended to other actors, including ECMWF, NMS and JRC.

To this end, a specific meeting will be held in Brussels on Feb. 16-17 2006.

Improvements of the product portfolio (R&D actions) and operationality can be envisioned during the FP7 period 2008-2013



Technical Action Plan



Operational service starts in 2008

- » limited product portfolio
- » differed time
- » downstream services based on MARS-Food, MARS-STAT, Africa Observatory, ECMWF / Atmosphere & Climate

R&D actions 2008 - 2013

- » funding FP7 Action 6 Environment
- » product portfolio improvement

Service improvement 2008 - 2013

- » funding FP7 Action 9.2 Space, + national
- » deploy large network of downstream services
- » operational carbon service at fine resolution over Europe
- » improve timeliness, delivery frequency, interoperability between service components



Thank you for your attention!



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