

Improved Estimates of Air-Sea Fluxes over the Atlantic and Mediterranean areas

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Objectives

- *Carry out necessary R&D activities to merge ECMWF Numerical Weather analysis outputs with high remotely sensed surface parameters to derive near real-time global wind stress and turbulent heat fluxes fields*
- *Set-up and carry-out a demonstration experiment, to produce in near real-time merged global wind stress and turbulent heat fluxes fields (6-12 hourly, 0.25° x 0.25 °)*
 - **Collection of satellite, numerical, and in-situ data over the global ocean**
 - **Method to estimate surface fluxes from satellite data**
 - **Method to merge satellite and ECMWF flux estimates**
 - **Validation of retrieved flux fields**

Near Real Time Data Collection

- **Satellite : Scatterometers, Altimeters, and Radiometers onboard QuikScat, Jason, and DMSP**
- **Analysis : ECMWF (Operational analysis)**
- **In-situ : Moored buoys from Meteo-France/UK Met Office, PIRATA, NDBC, TAO**

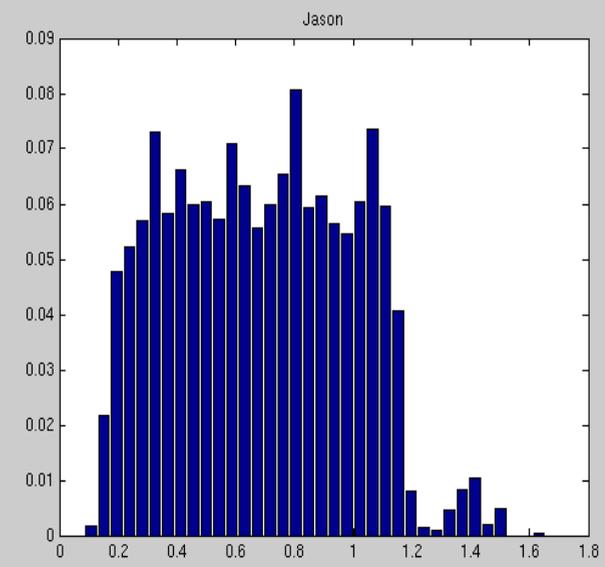
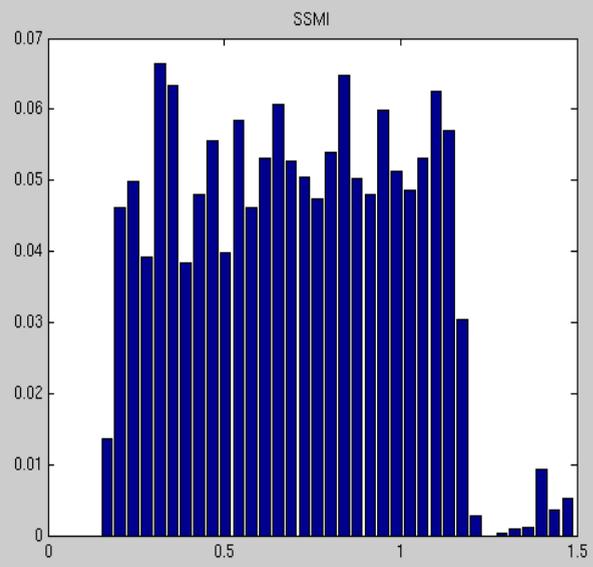
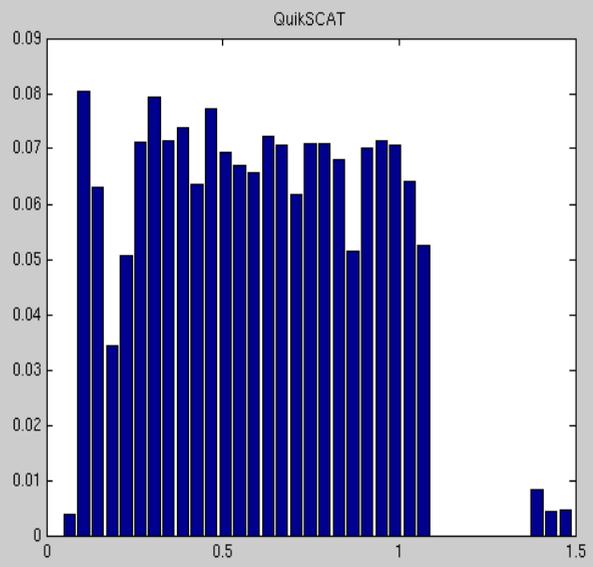
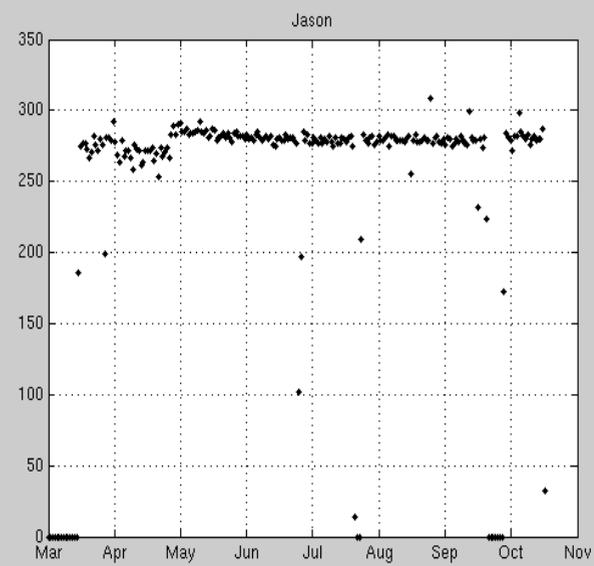
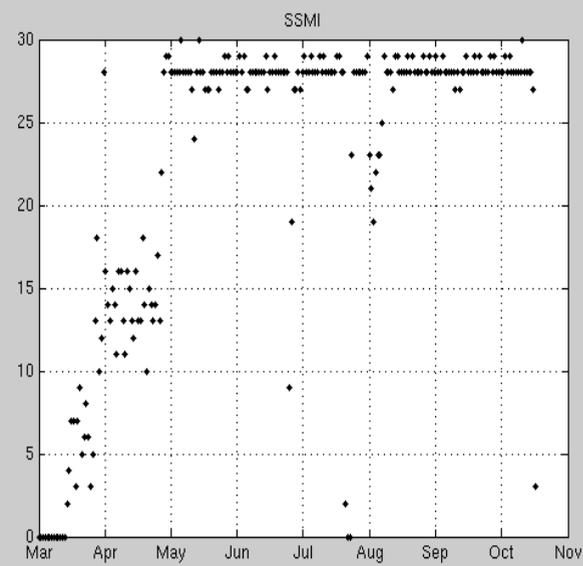
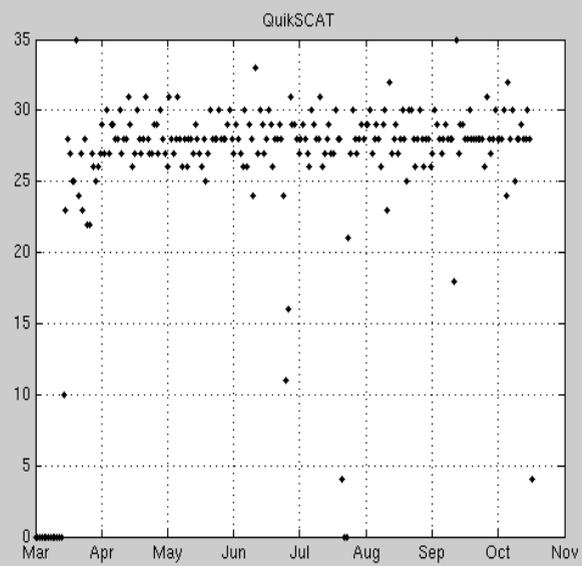
Near Real Time Data Collection



Data	Center	Availability	Area	Format	Resolution	Volume	Extraction & NETCDF (Test with DLT Data)
ECMWF	GODIVA	15h-24h	Global	GRIB	0.5°x0.5°	3.8Mo	4mn
QuikScat	Meteo-France	2h-36h	Global	BUFR	0.25° (Swath)	10*28 Mo	2mn*
SSM/I F13; F14, F15	Meteo-France	2h-36h	Global	BUFR	0.25° (Swath)	4.5*28*2 Mo	3*1mn*
Jason	Meteo-France	2h-36h	Global	BUFR	Track	10*280 Ko	

Near Real Time Data Collection

(exp. QSCAT50_EGRR_170429 → Oct. 17 06:34)



Quality Control of Near Real Time Data

Comparisons

- QuikScat off-line (JPL) and NRT products (L2A and L2B)
- SSM/I off-line (MFC) and NRT products (Brightness Temperatures)
- SSM/I off-line (RSS) and NRT wind products (RSS)
- Jason

Rain Flag

- Portabella *et al* (2002)

Methods of Remotely Sensed Flux Estimation

- **Merging scatterometer, radiometer, and altimeter data (Bentamy et al, 1999 and 2002)**
- **Methods used to estimate turbulent fluxes (Bentamy et al, 2003)**
- **Analysis of remotely sensed data (Bentamy et 1998, 2002)**

Enhancement of Surface Fluxes

- **Method : Objective OI**
- **U_b is the background (ECMWF); U_o is the satellite observations (Scatterometers, Altimeters; SSM/I), U_{bo} is the background at observation location, and λ are the weights :**
- **The space and time correlation is parameterized by**

$$U_a^i = U_b^i + \lambda'(U_o - U_{bo})$$

$$\lambda = (\Sigma_o + \Sigma_{bo})^{-1} \langle d_b^i, d_{bo} \rangle$$

$$\Sigma_o = \langle d_o', d_o' \rangle; \Sigma_{bo} = \langle d_{bo}', d_{bo}' \rangle$$

$$d_j = U_j - \tilde{U}_j$$

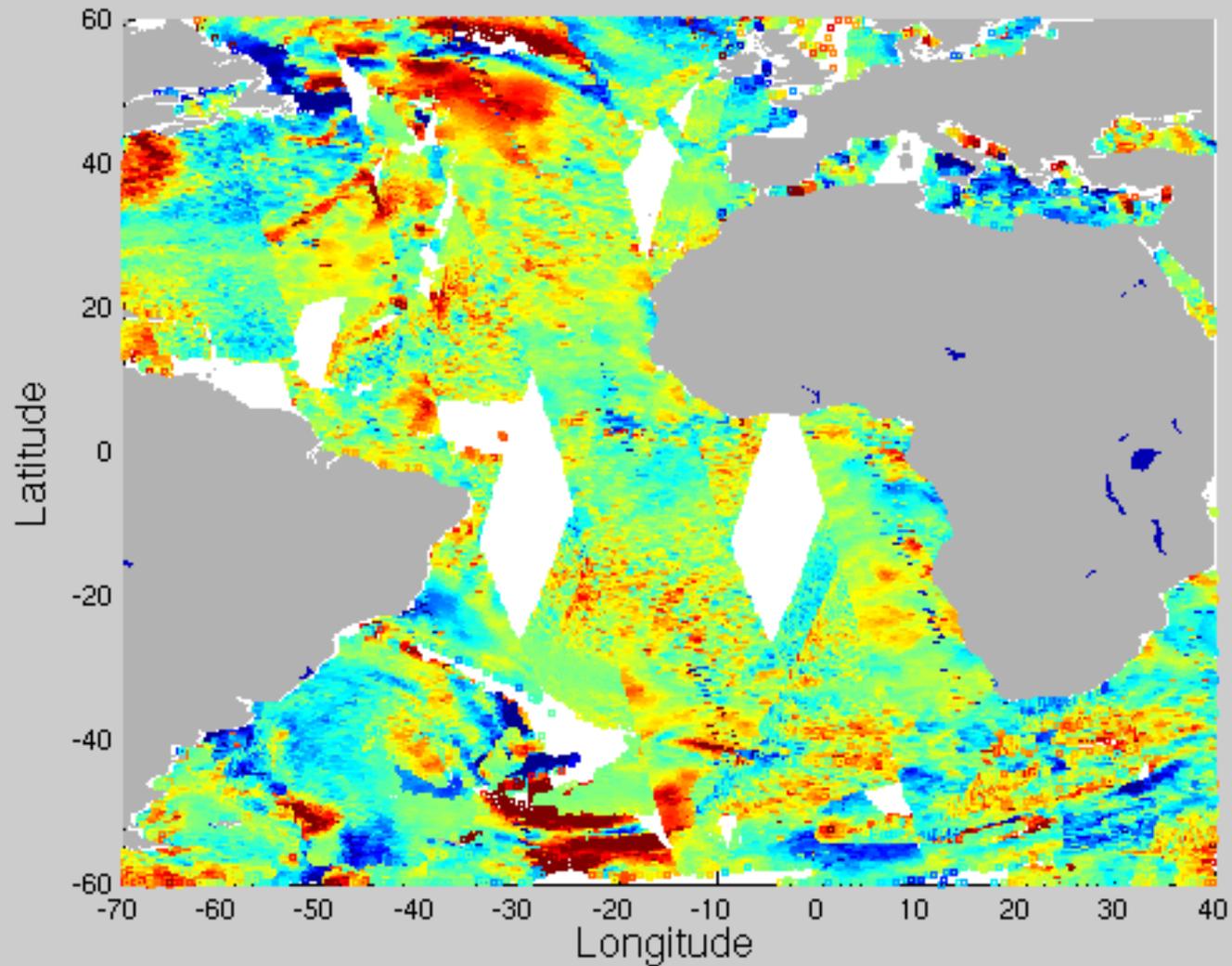
$$-\sum_{i=1}^n \lambda_i \Gamma(i, j) + \Gamma(j, 0) - \tau_1 - \tau_2 S(j) + \lambda_j \sigma^2 = 0$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^n \lambda_i = 1$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^n \lambda_i S(i) = S(0)$$

$$\Gamma(\delta h, \delta t) = \varepsilon_p + a(1 - \exp(-\frac{\delta h + c \delta t}{b}))$$

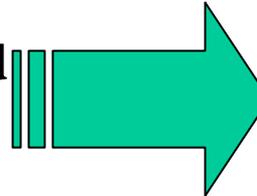
Example of observations (remotely sensed (QuikScat and SSM/I) – ECMWF wind speed) during the period 1st January 2004 3am – 9am.



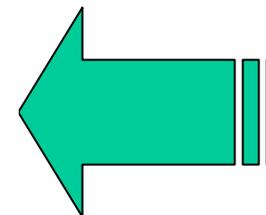
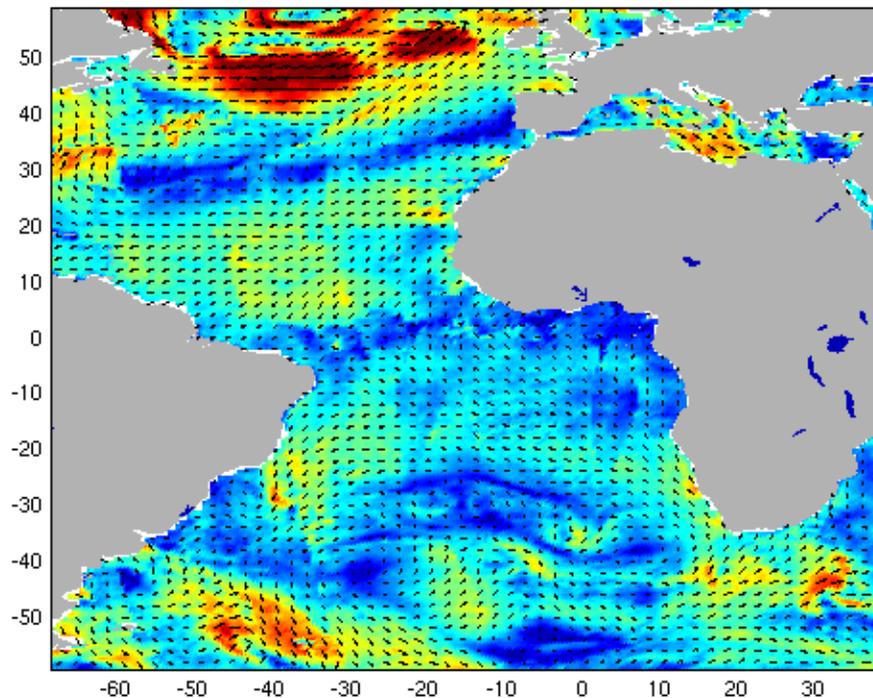
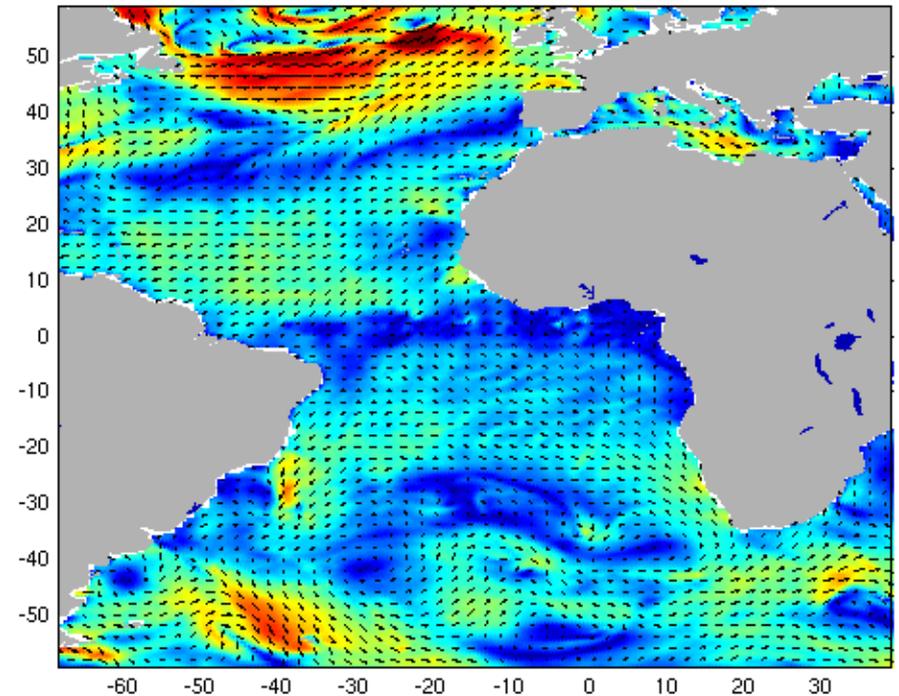
Example of Blended Wind product from **NRT Data**

ECMWF Wind Speed and Direction ($0.50^\circ \times 0.50^\circ$)

01/01/2004 06h



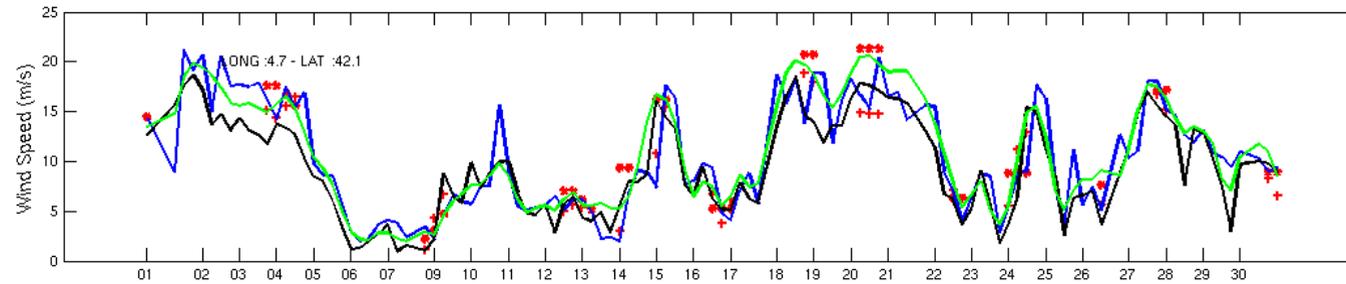
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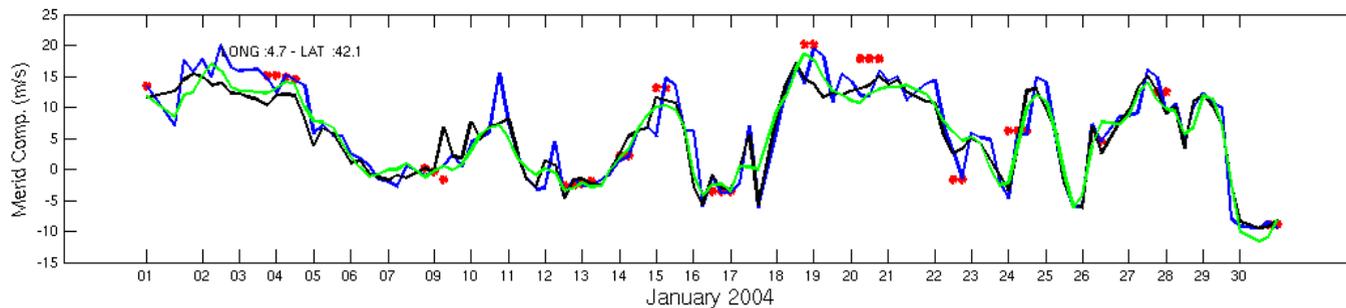
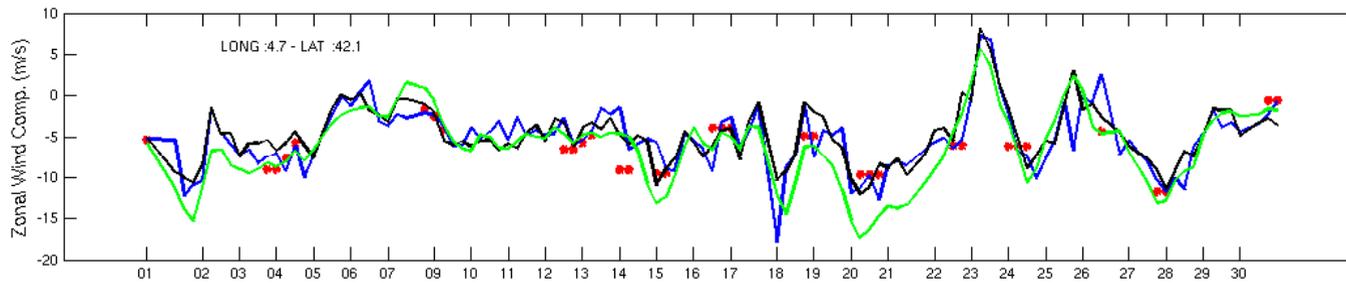
Blended Wind Speed and Direction ($0.25^\circ \times 0.25^\circ$)

01/01/2004 06h

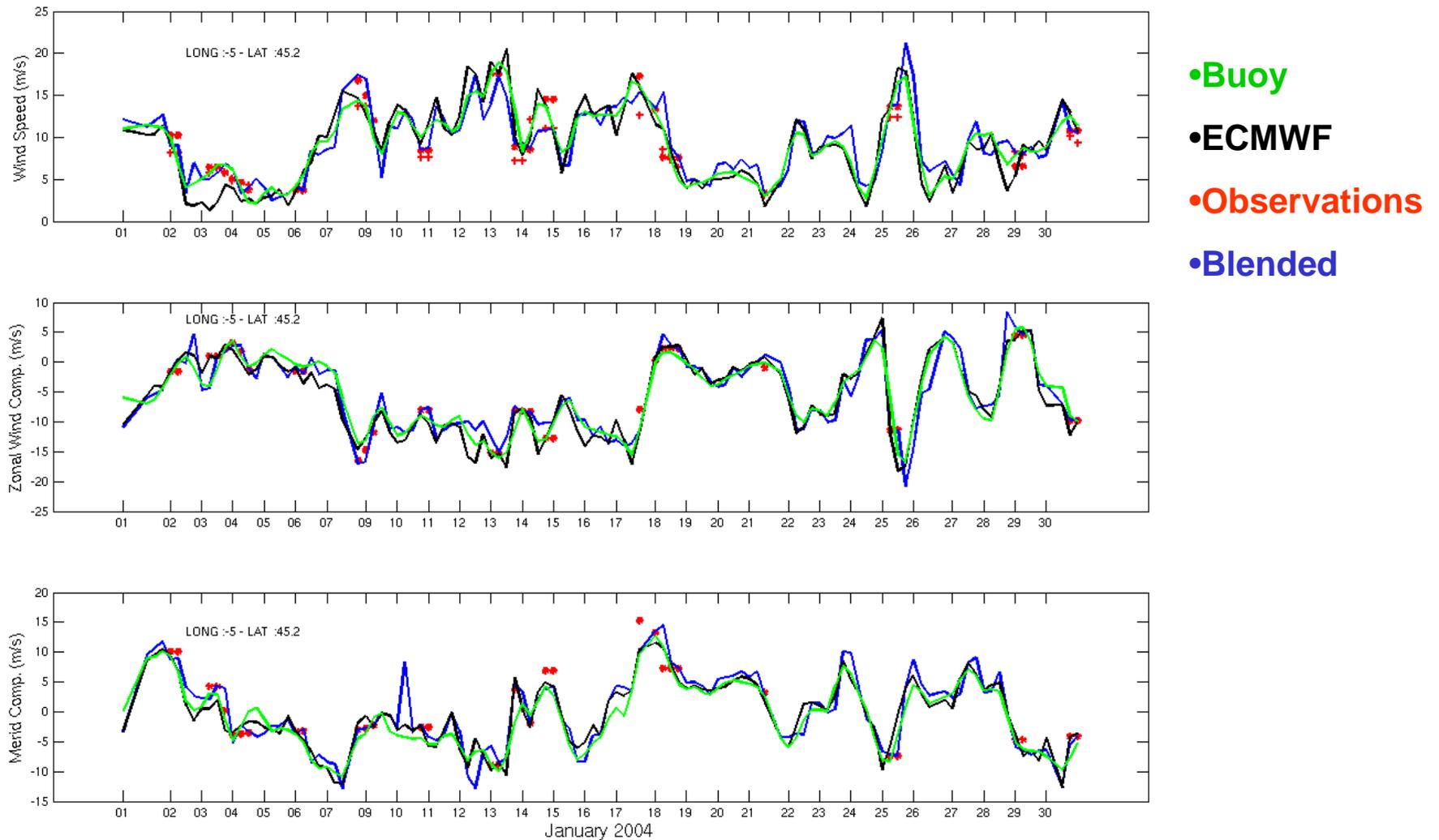
Example of Validation Results : Time Series at Buoy Location 4.7°E – 42.1°N (Mediterranean Sea).



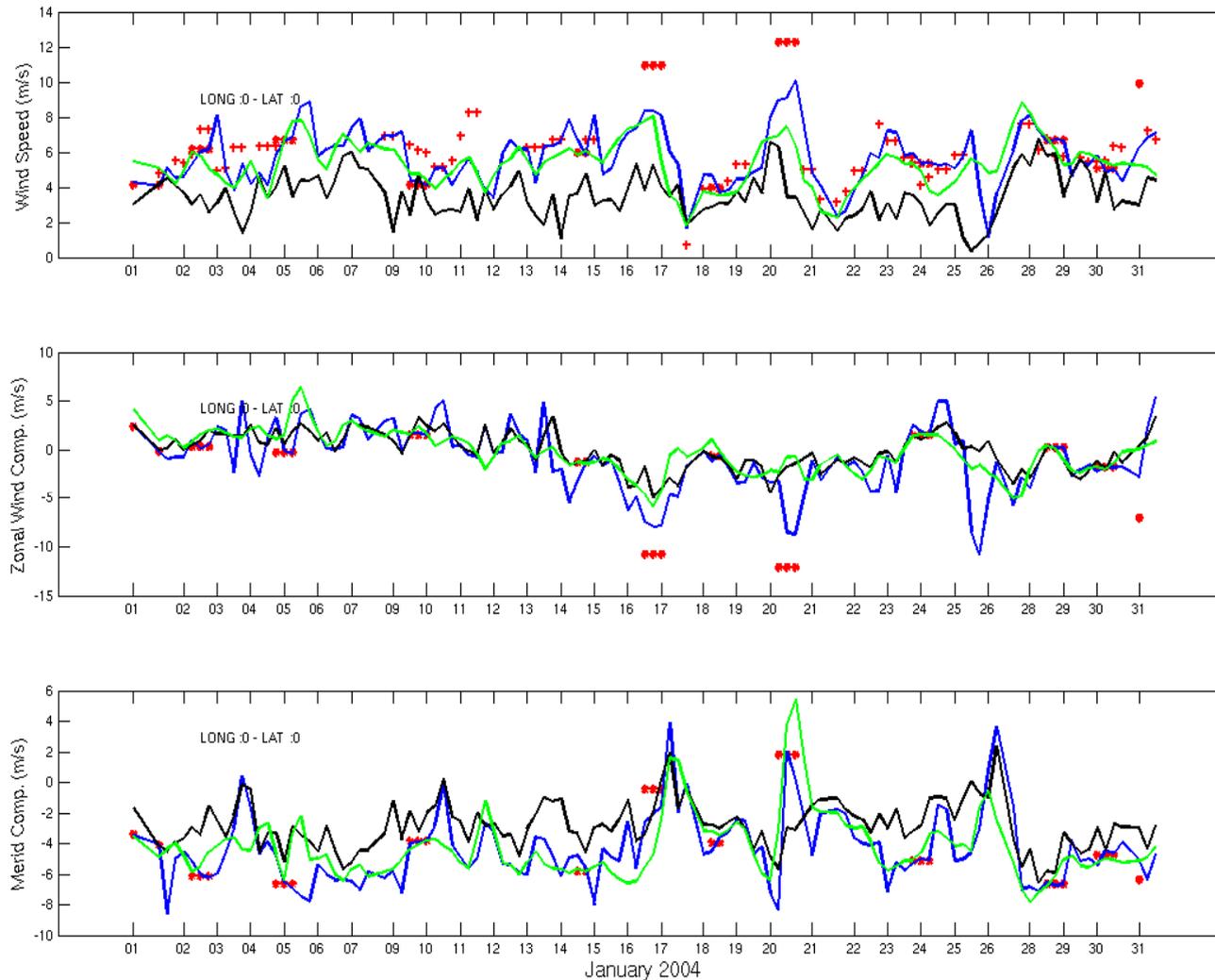
- Buoy
- ECMWF
- Observations
- Blended



Example of Validation Results : Time Series at Buoy Location 5°W – 45.2°N (North Atlantic)



Example of Validation Results : Time Series at Buoy Location 0°E – 0°N (Tropical Atlantic)



- Buoy
- ECMWF
- Observations
- Blended

Comparison of Buoy and Blended, ECMWF, and QuikSCAT wind data

		Mediterranean				North Atlantic				Tropical Atlantic			
		Bias	Std	Cor	N	Bias	Std	Cor	N	Bias	Std	Cor	N
Wind Speed	Buoy/ Blended	0.62	2.74	0.89	232	-0.28	2.06	0.85	692	-0.25	1.51	0.79	580
	Buoy/ ECMWF	2.12	2.08	0.92	232	0.22	1.52	0.93	692	0.92	1.07	0.89	580
	Buoy/ QuikScat	0.09	1.95	0.94	70	-0.46	2.10	0.85	250	-0.32	1.32	0.85	144
Zonal Comp.	Buoy/ Blended	-0.53	3.29	0.91	232	0.30	2.48	0.92	692	-0.09	1.79	0.89	580
	Buoy/ ECMWF	-0.96	2.87	0.93	232	0.28	1.87	0.95	692	0.12	1.14	0.94	580
	Buoy/ QuikScat	0.21	3.85	0.84	70	0.70	2.82	0.90	250	0.25	2.34	0.87	144
Merid. Comp.	Buoy/ Blended	-0.78	2.82	0.93	232	-0.47	2.55	0.93	692	0.09	1.91	0.89	580
	Buoy/ ECMWF	-0.22	2.02	0.95	232	-0.32	2.01	0.96	692	0.04	1.70	0.91	580
	Buoy/ QuikScat	-1.51	4.30	0.86	70	-0.25	2.65	0.91	250	0.03	1.32	0.94	144

Summary / Future

➤ **Improvement of retrieved remotely sensed fluxes are expected**

- *Parametrization*
- *Resolution (0.5 ° - 0.25 °; 12h – 6h)*

➤ **Blended data**

- *Produce offline and NRT Air-Sea Fluxes*
- *Accuracy*
- *New data : WndSat; Metop, ...*
- *Bias correction : Use in-situ data*
- *Validation : Forcing experiments (ORCA; MERCATOR; MARS; ROMS)*

Summary / Future

➤ Data access :

- GODIVA not operational
 - Server was down for several days
 - Only space regular data are available
- Use the operational link : ECMWF – M-F
 - The link is unique for all real time data
 - Action under the responsibility of the M-F IT division
 - Special agreement ECMWF – M-F for MERSEA
- Stability of the system