

Integrating distributed climate data resources: NERC DataGrid

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(3) CCLRC e-Science Centre



Outline

Introduction

Architecture

Metadata

Data model and standards

Security

Conclusions



Introduction

Perspective of *consumer* of HPC met products:

- **discovery**

“I didn’t know Sam has a copy of that terabyte dataset, I needn’t have been keeping my own!”

Metadata

- **access**

“Speak to Anne when she’s back from holidays next week, she’ll know someone who will be able to give you a form to sign to request access”

Services

- **use**

*netCDF (CF/COARDS/VOCE/QXF/...), PP, GRIB, NASA Ames, BUFR,
HDF (4/5/EOS/...)*

Data



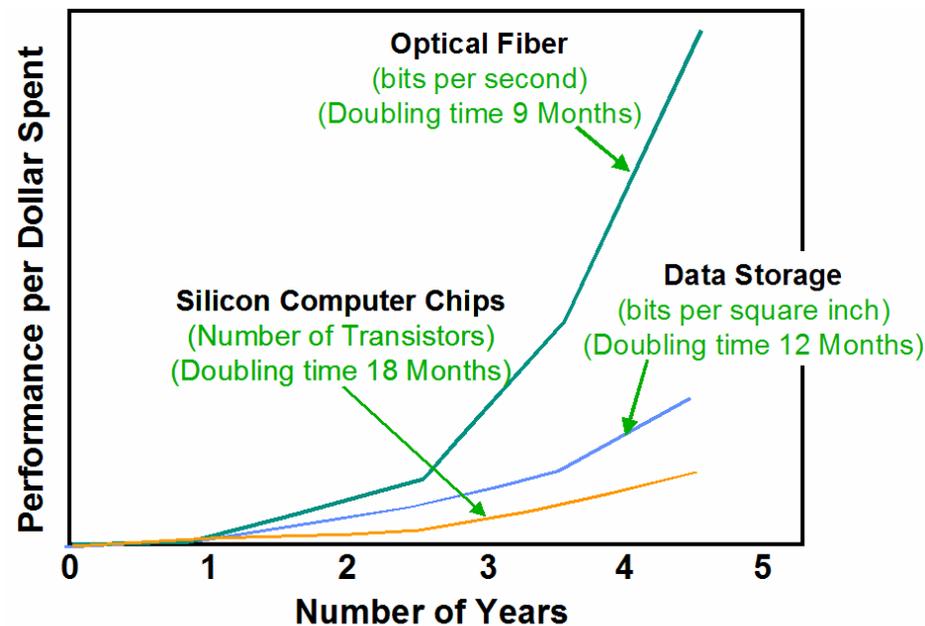
Introduction

Distributed data resources

- assimilation, verification: observations
- model intercomparison

Optical bandwidth as Grid driver

- distribution costs getting cheaper relative to cost of production



Introduction

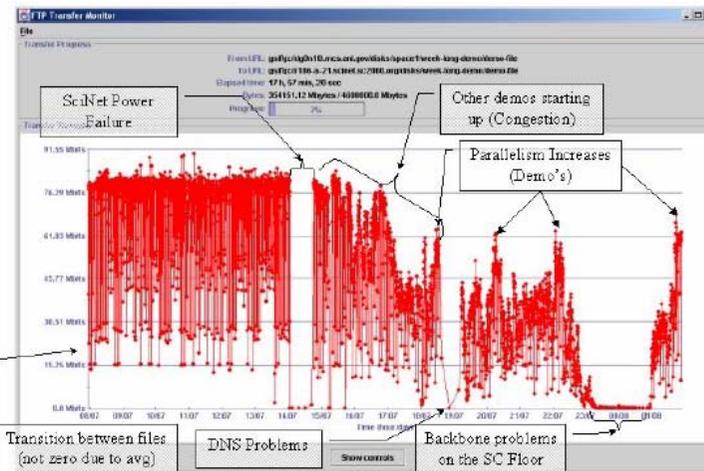
eg Earth System Grid, SC2000 data experiment Texas-California: *GridFTP*

- **2.5Gbs network (1.5 Gbs limit)**

Striped servers at source location	8
Striped servers at destination location	8
Maximum simultaneous TCP streams per server	4
Maximum simultaneous TCP streams overall	32
Peak transfer rate over 0.1 seconds	1.55 Gbits/sec
Peak transfer rate over 5 seconds	1.03 Gbits/sec
Sustained transfer rate over 1 hour	512.9 Mbits/sec
Total data transferred in 1 hour	230.8 Gbytes

multiple TCP streams, tuned TCP buffers

- **100Mbs NIC**

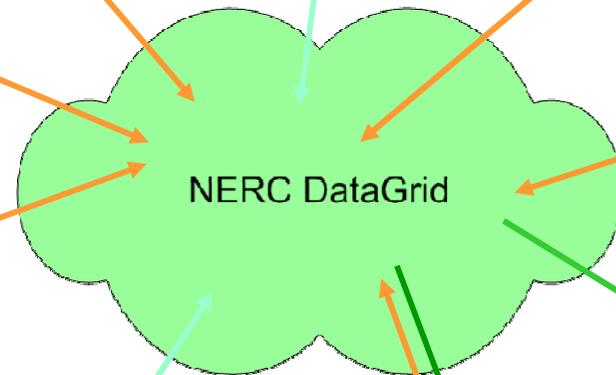
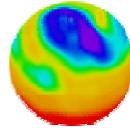


High-Performance Remote Access to Climate Simulation Data: A Challenge Problem for Data Grid Technologies. B. Allcock, I. Foster, V. Nefedova, A. Chervenak, E. Deelman, C. Kesselman, J. Leigh, A. Sim, A. Shoshani, B. Drach, D. Williams. *SC 2001*, November 2001.

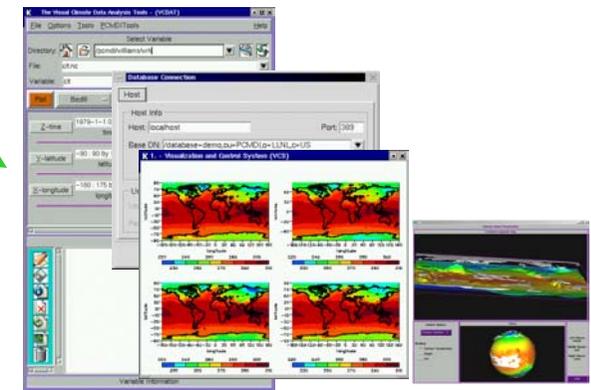


Introduction

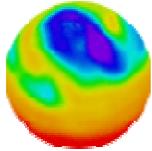
British Atmospheric Data
Centre



British Oceanographic
Data Centre



Introduction



British Atmospheric Data Centre



British Oceanographic Data Centre



CCLRC e-Science Centre



Program for Climate Model Diagnosis and Intercomparison (LLNL), *EarthSystemGrid*



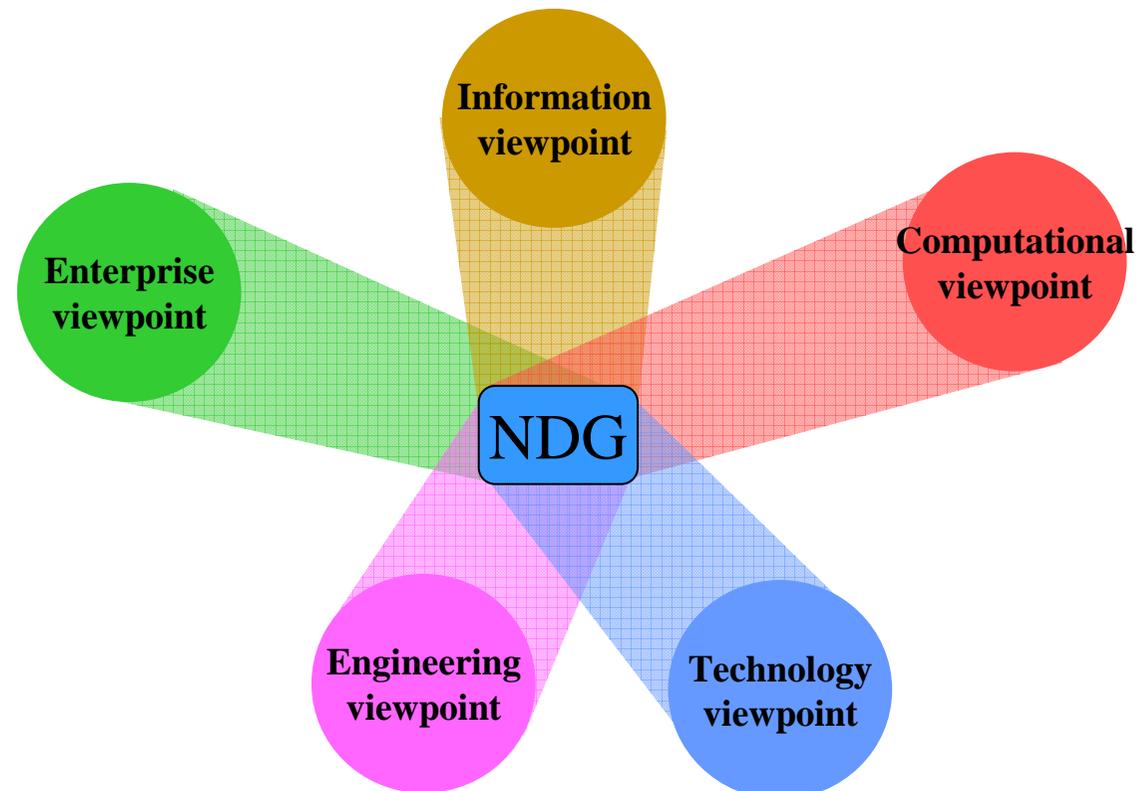
Centre for
Ecology & Hydrology
NATURAL ENVIRONMENT RESEARCH COUNCIL



Architecture

Reference Model for Open Distributed Processing (RM-ODP)

- ISO 10746- $\{1,2,3,4\}$
- Formal architecture methodology for distributed systems
- Viewpoints approach



Architecture

Enterprise viewpoint

- roles, activities, policies (incl. VO)



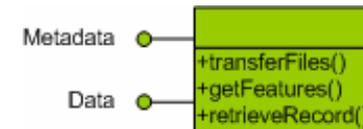
Information viewpoint

- semantics of information and information processing (static, invariant, dynamic schema)



Computational viewpoint

- interfaces and computational objects (cf. CORBA IDL, WSDL portTypes)



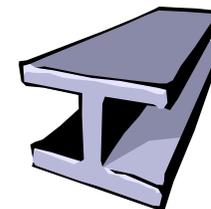
Engineering viewpoint

- distribution infrastructure (e.g. web services, WSRF vs OGSi)



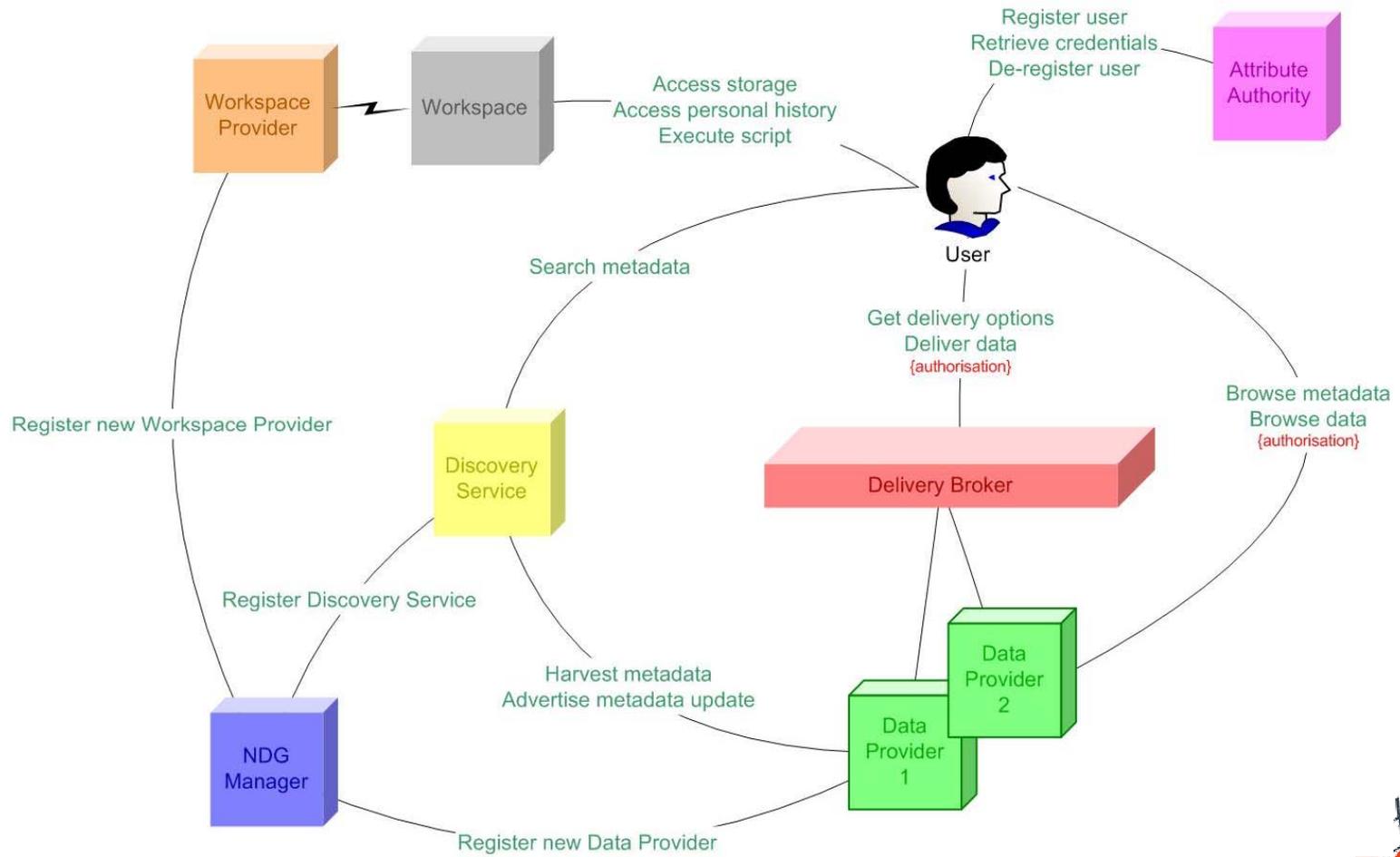
Technology viewpoint

- choices of technology (e.g. app servers, DBMS)



Architecture

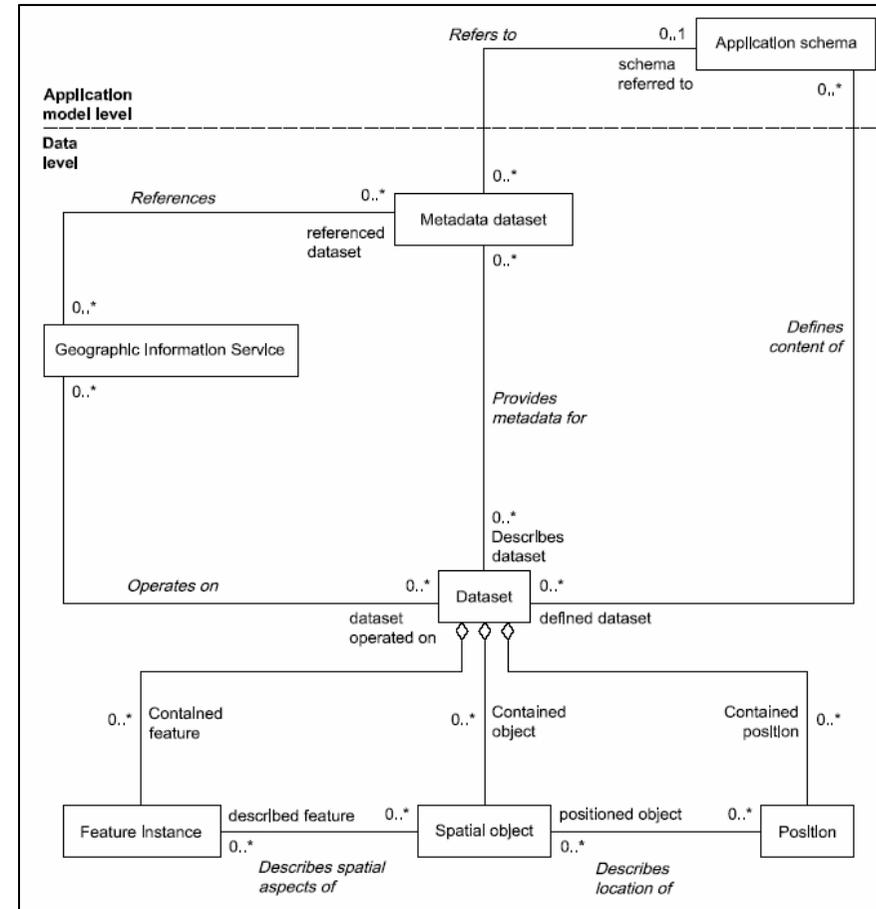
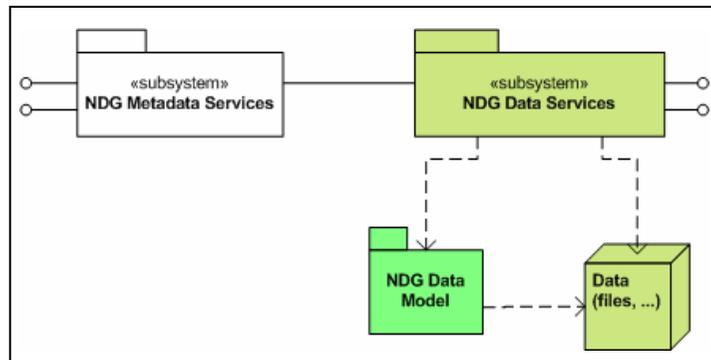
Enterprise viewpoint



Architecture

Information viewpoint

- Conformant to ISO TC211 Domain Reference Model: “standardisation in the field of digital geographic information”

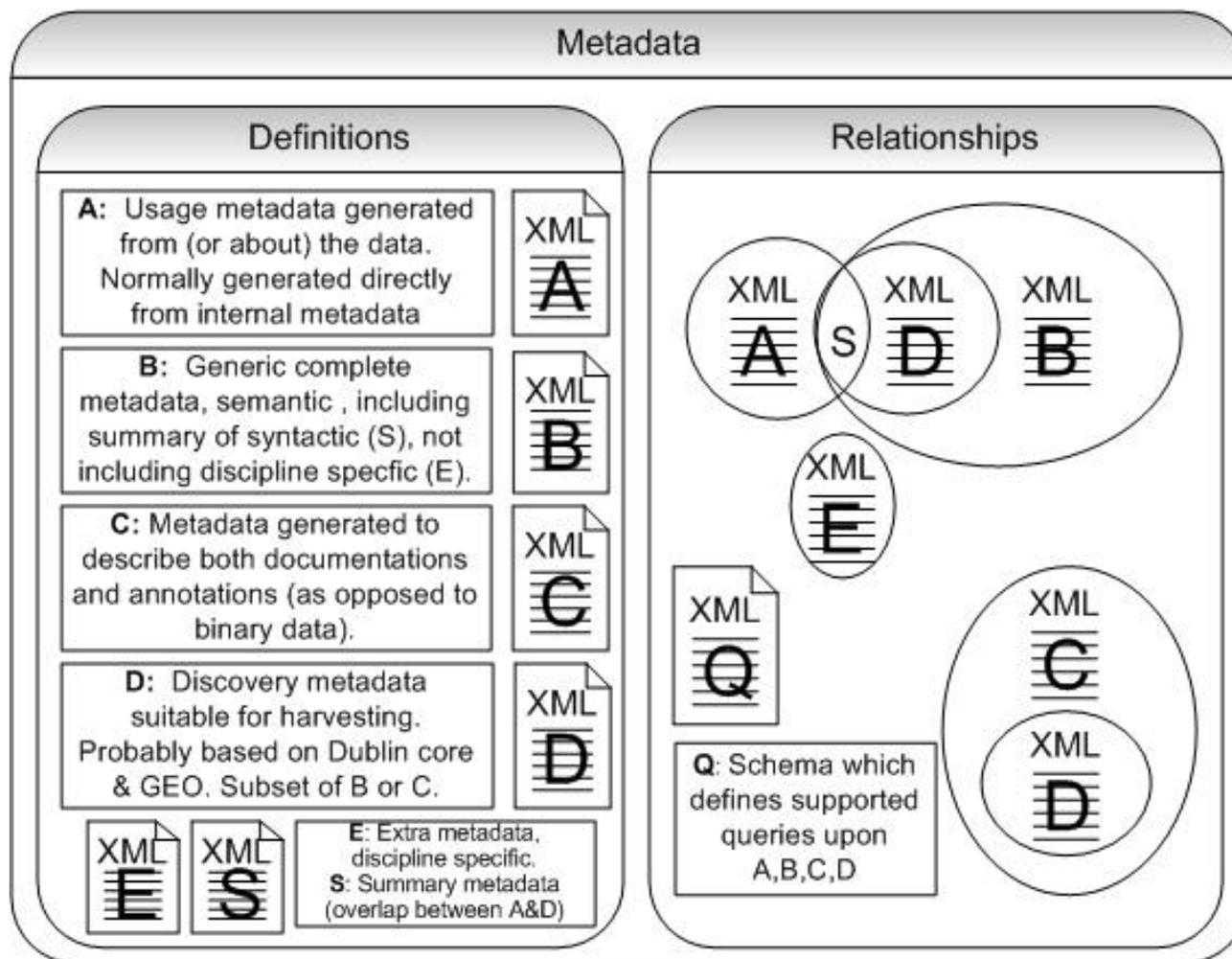


ISO 19101
Domain
Reference
Model



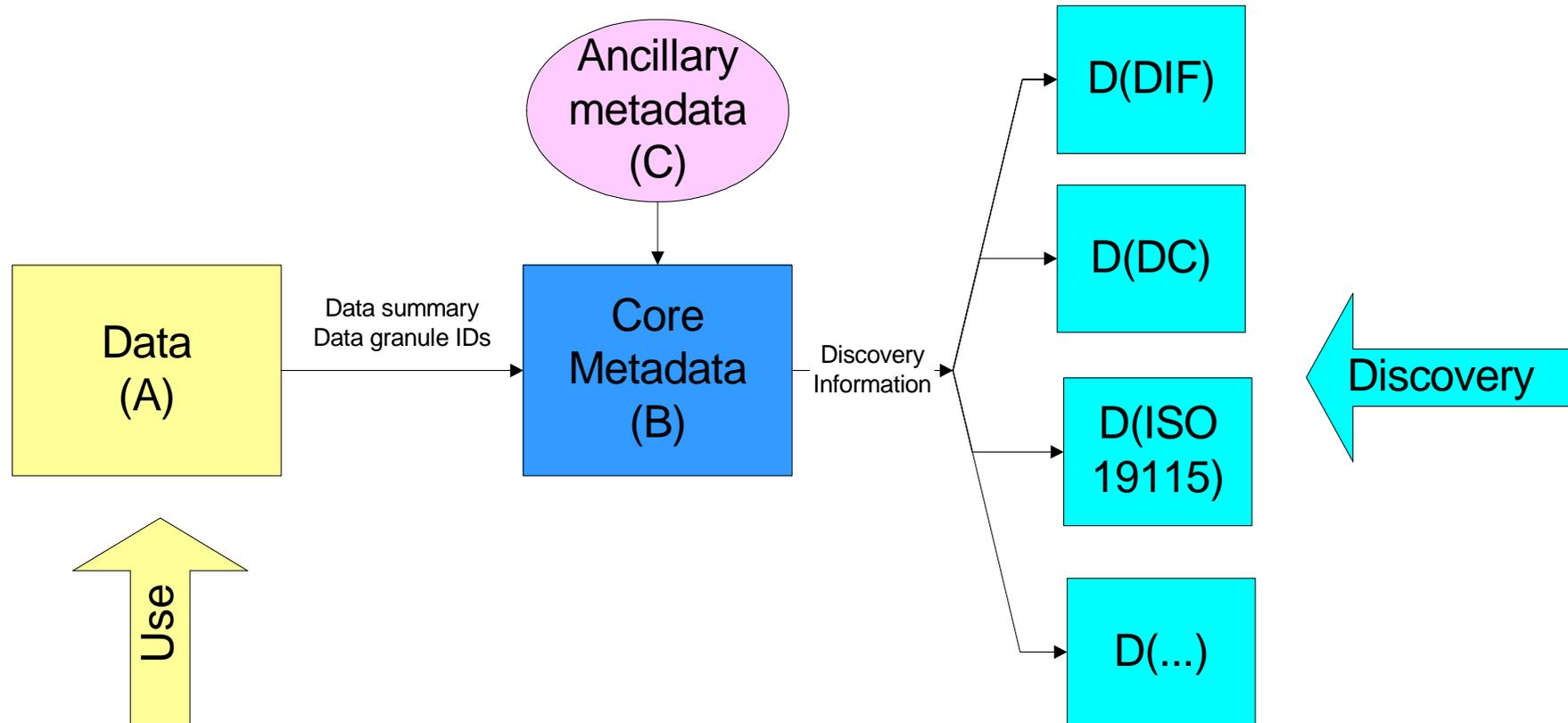
Metadata

NDG metadata taxonomy



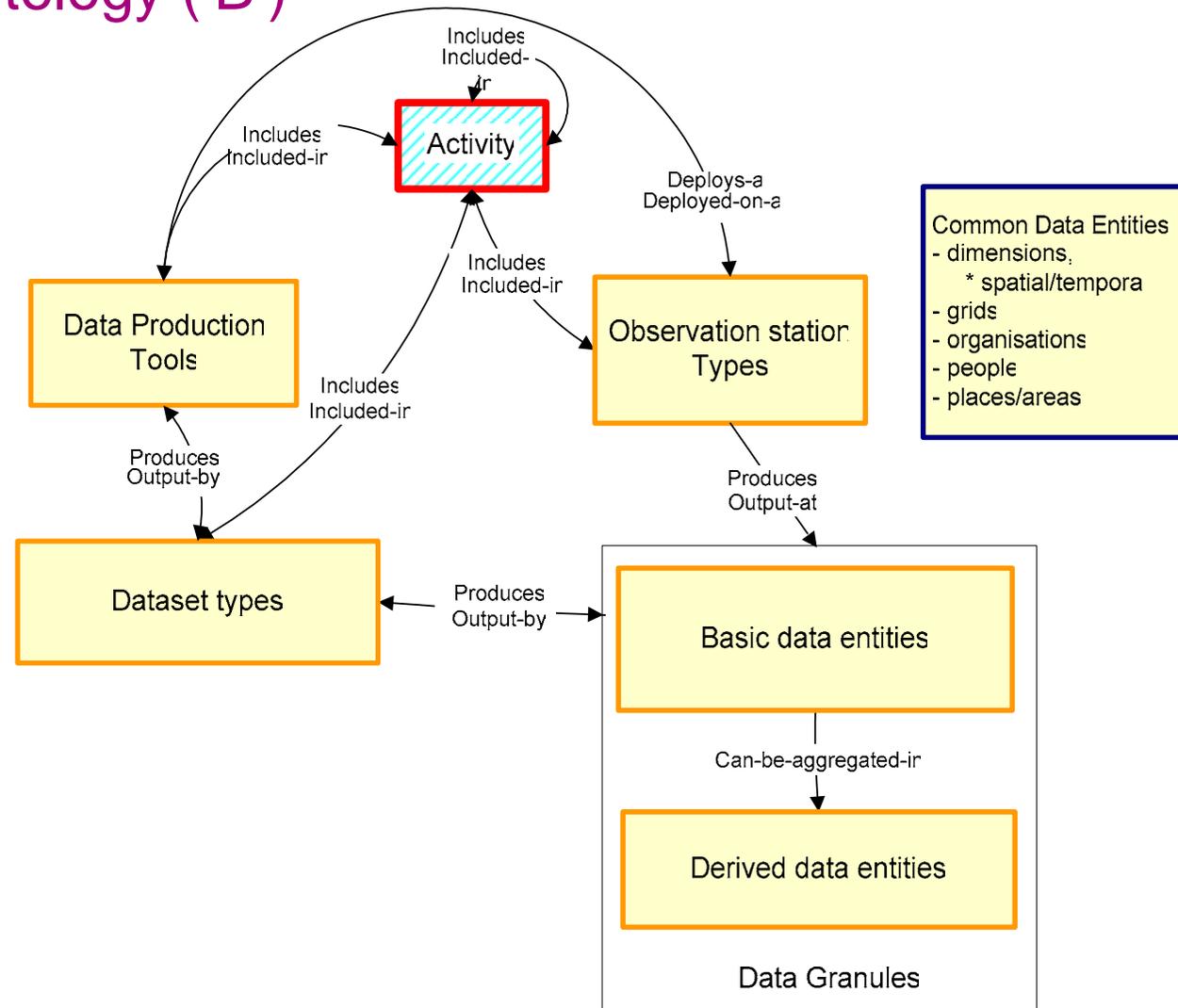
Metadata

NDG metadata taxonomy



Metadata

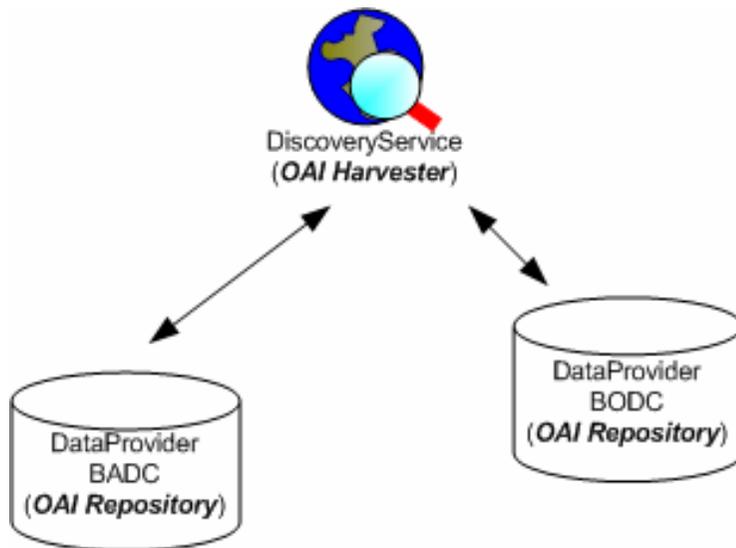
Domain ontology ('B')



Metadata

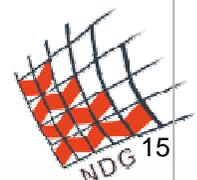
Metadata federation

- Open Archives Initiative Protocol for Metadata Harvesting (OAI-PMH)
- <http://www.openarchives.org>



```

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Device</Long_Name>
  
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Data model

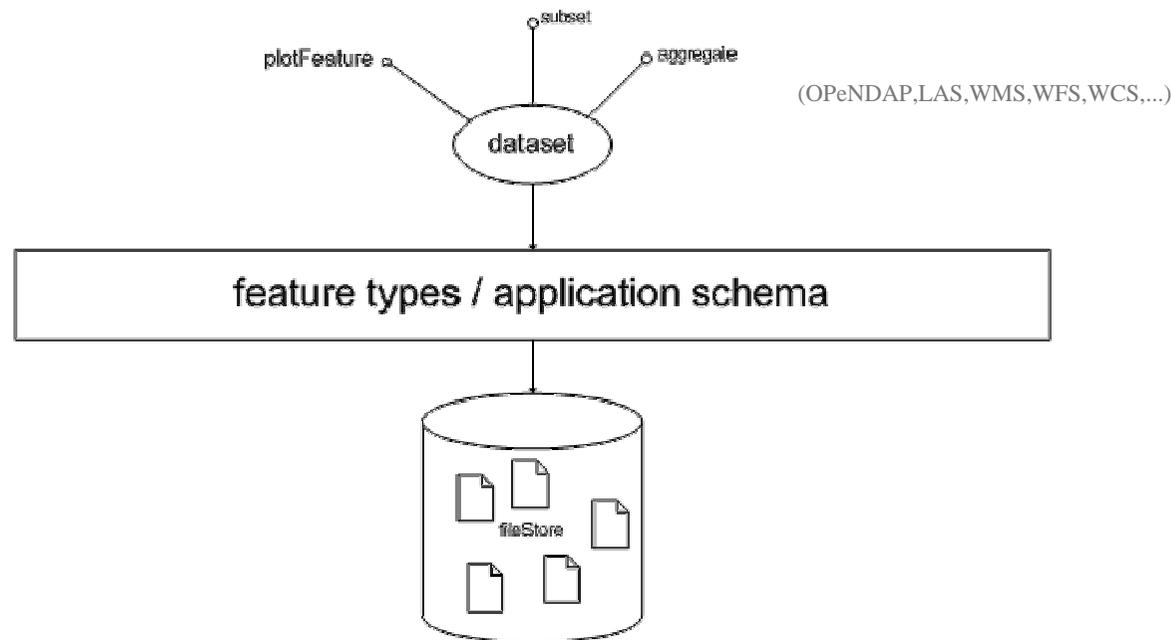
“Feature” (may be type or instance)

- *...abstraction of real world phenomenon...*

“Application schema”

- *...logical structure and semantic content of dataset...*

Offers semantically-rich abstraction layer



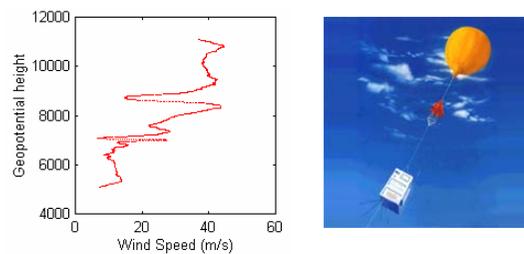
Data model

Feature type principles:

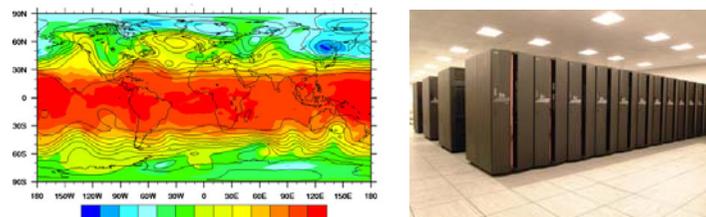
- offload semantics onto parameter type, CRS
- 'sensible plotting' as useful discriminant

Climate Science Modelling Language (CSML)

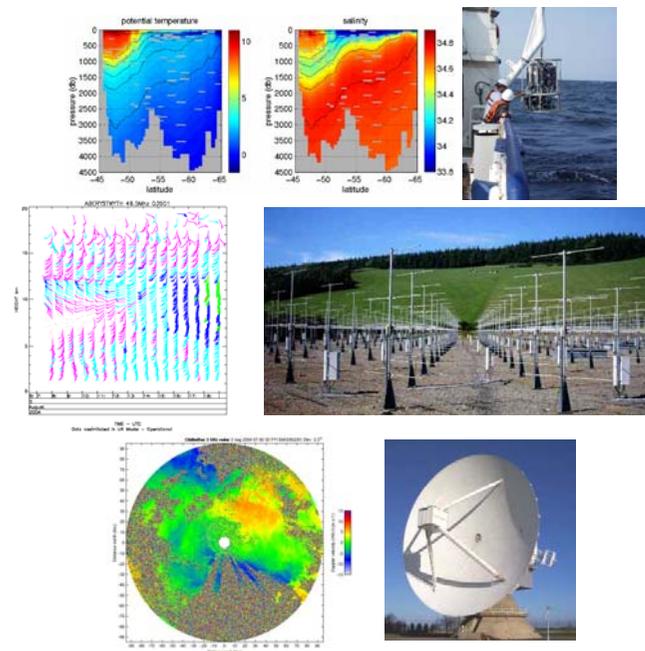
ProfileFeature



GridFeature

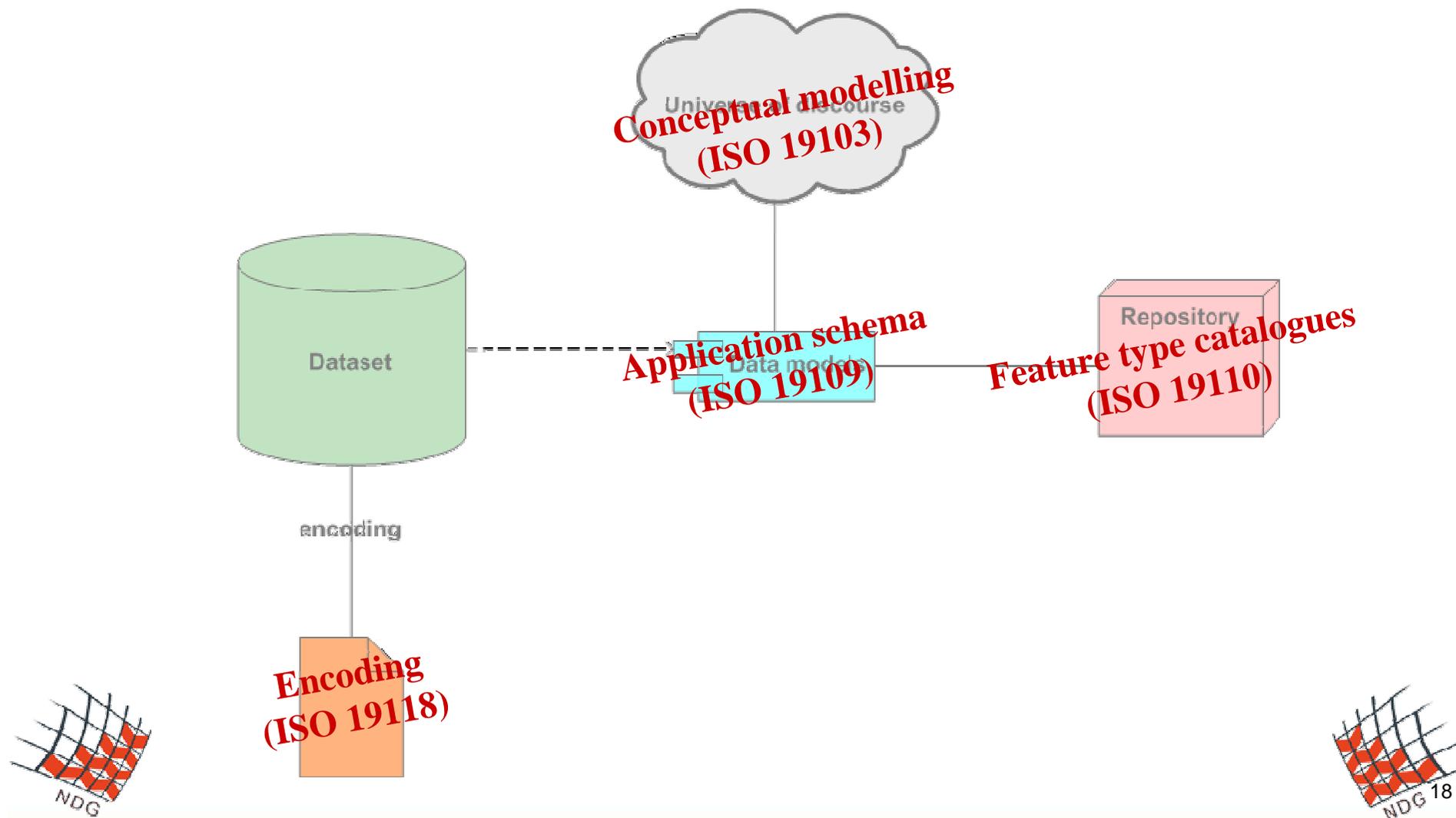


ProfileSeriesFeature



Standards

Data modelling for interoperability



Standards

ISO TC211 projects:

- **19101 (15046-1): Geographic information - Reference model**
- 19102 (15046-2): Geographic information - Overview (Project deleted, see resolution 192 - Adelaide)
- **19103 (15046-3): Geographic information - Conceptual schema language**
- **19104 (15046-4): Geographic information - Terminology**
- **19105 (15046-5): Geographic information - Conformance and testing**
- **19106 (15046-6): Geographic information - Profiles**
- **19107 (15046-7): Geographic information - Spatial schema**
- **19108 (15046-8): Geographic information - Temporal schema**
- **19109 (15046-9): Geographic information - Rules for application schema**
- **19110 (15046-10): Geographic information - Feature cataloguing methodology**
- **19111 (15046-11): Geographic information - Spatial referencing by coordinates**
- **19112 (15046-12): Geographic information - Spatial referencing by geographic identifiers**
- **19113 (15046-13): Geographic information - Quality principles**
- **19114 (15046-14): Geographic information - Quality evaluation procedures**
- **19115 (15046-15): Geographic information - Metadata**
- **19116 (15046-16): Geographic information - Positioning services**



Standards

Open Geospatial Consortium (OGC)

- International consortium of nearly 300 companies, government agencies and universities participating in a consensus process to develop publicly available geoprocessing specifications
- close liaison with ISO TC211

Specifications:

- Web Map Server (ISO 19128)
- Web Feature Server
- Web Coverage Server
- Geography Markup Language (ISO 19136)

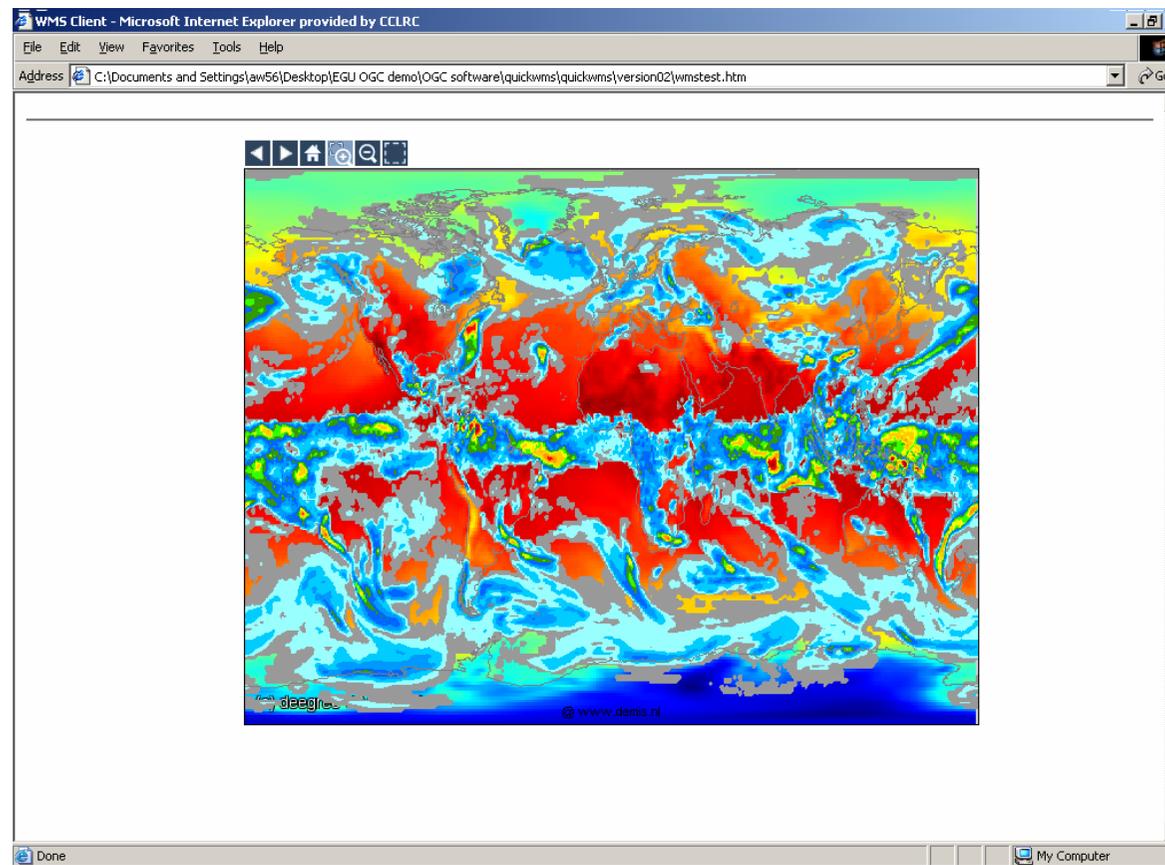
Grid-WG, OWS 2/3



Standards

e.g.: ERA40 re-analysis surface air temperature, 2001-04-27

- deegree open-source WMS modified with netCDF connector



*Overlaid with rainfall from
globe.digitalearth.gov WMS server*



Security

Authentication:

- x.509 PKI

Accounting:

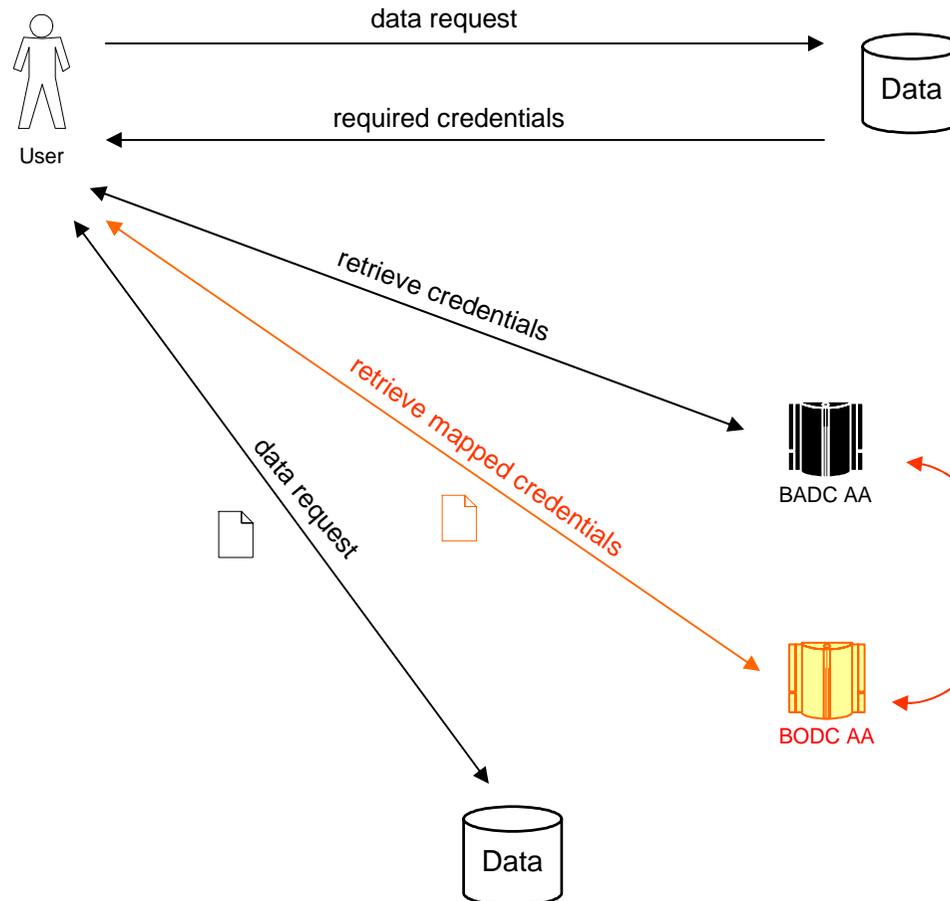
- server logs

Authorisation:

- role-based
- Attribute Certificates
- multiple Attribute Authorities



Security



BADC/MPIM

- investigating shared access to respective ERA-40 archives for authorised users

Conclusions

Integration of distributed climate data resources:

- discovery
 - different interfaces
 - diversity of formats
 - security
- } *standards*

Future:

- integrated Grid infrastructure for modelling and data (inc. obs!)

