

# High-Performance Computing at SGI and the Status of Climate and Weather Codes on the SGI Altix

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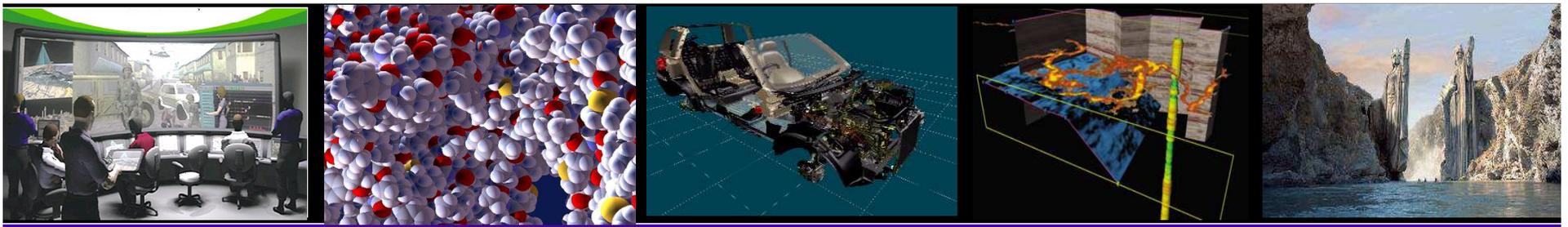
# Overview

- Company focus
- SGI Altix: present and future
- Performance of NWS codes
- Conclusions

# Silicon Graphics

## Providing the Industry's Highest-Performing Compute, Storage and Visualization Products

- Exclusively focused on the technical computing market
- Technology is designed to enable the most significant scientific and creative breakthroughs of the 21st century
- Products and services are mission critical to government and defense, science and research, manufacturing, energy and media industries



9/9/2004  
Slide 4

Images courtesy of SCI Institute, University of Utah, Navy Rehearsal TOPSCENE Program, Magic Earth LLC, and WETA Digital

AA

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# Strategic Focus Areas

## High Performance Computing



**High-performance NUMAflex™ architecture** delivers unprecedented flexibility and performance.

## Storage



**CXFS™ shared file system** allows transparent, heterogeneous file access everywhere, without copying data.

## Advanced Visualization



**Onyx4™** allows users to combine multiple industry-standard graphics cards in a high-bandwidth, low-latency architecture, for cost-effective high performance visualization.

# Architecture Designed for HPC; Choice of Deployments

## NUMAflex™ Global Shared-Memory Architecture

Balanced, scalable performance  
Operating environment optimized for HPC  
Low-latency memory access  
Easily Deployable

MIPS® and IRIX®



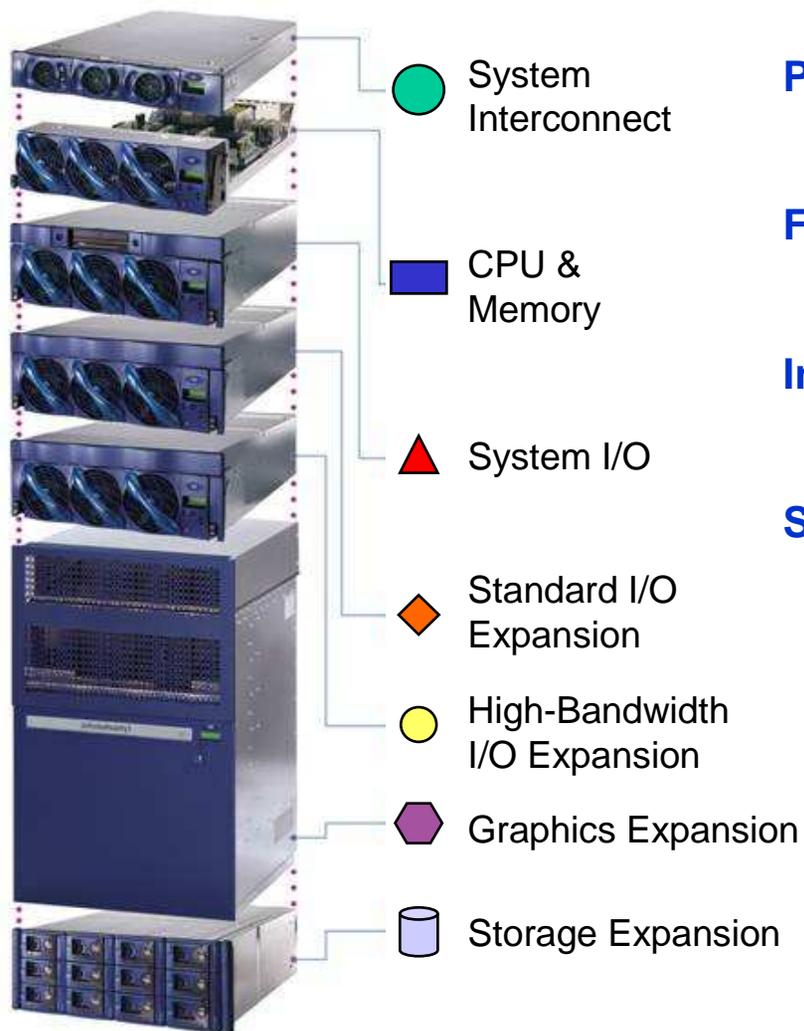
**SGI® Origin® Family**

Intel® Itanium® 2 and Linux®



**SGI® Altix® Family**

# Modular SGI® NUMAflex™ Architecture

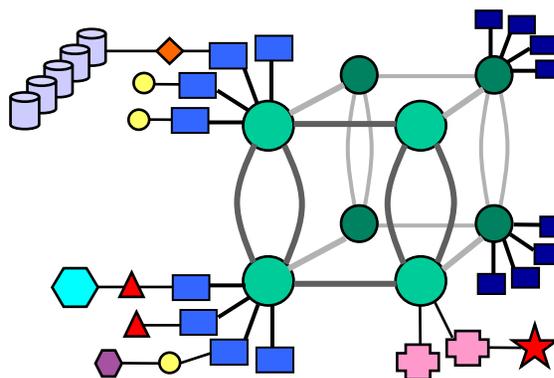


**Performance:** High-bandwidth interconnect with very low latency

**Flexibility:** Tailored configurations for different dimensions of scalability

**Investment protection:** Add new technologies as they evolve

**Scalability:** No central bus or switch; just modules and NUMAlink™ cables

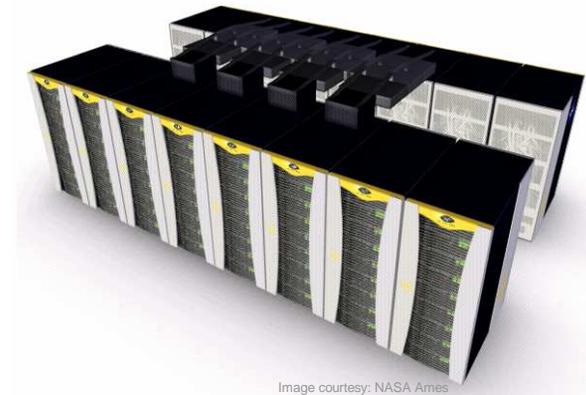


# SGI Family of Scalable Linux<sup>®</sup> Solutions

**SGI<sup>®</sup> Altix<sup>®</sup> 350  
Servers and Clusters**



**SGI<sup>®</sup> Altix<sup>®</sup> 3000  
Servers and Superclusters**



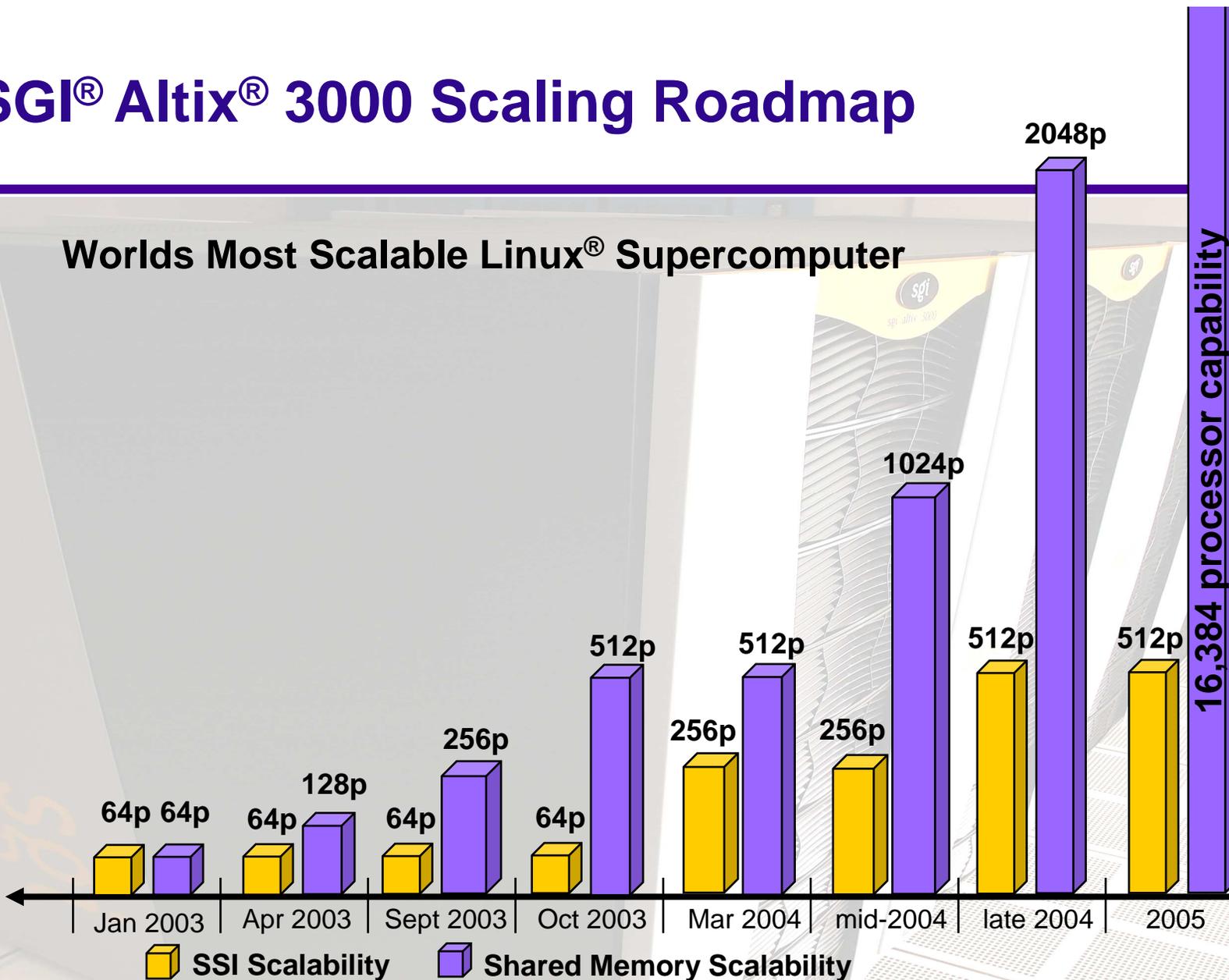
**Mid-range**

**Departmental**

**Capability**

# SGI® Altix® 3000 Scaling Roadmap

Worlds Most Scalable Linux® Supercomputer

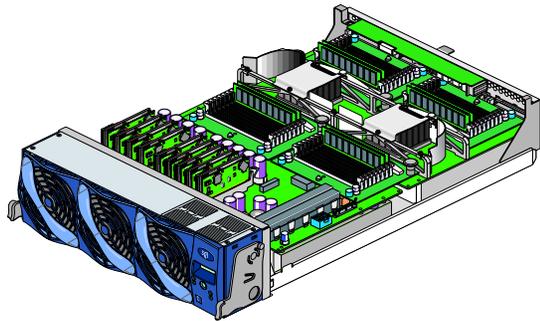


9/9/2004  
Slide 9

This slide contains forward-looking statements. The results and forecasts as stated may vary. Other risks and uncertainties relating to this slide may be found in the "Safe-Harbor" statement at the beginning of this presentation.

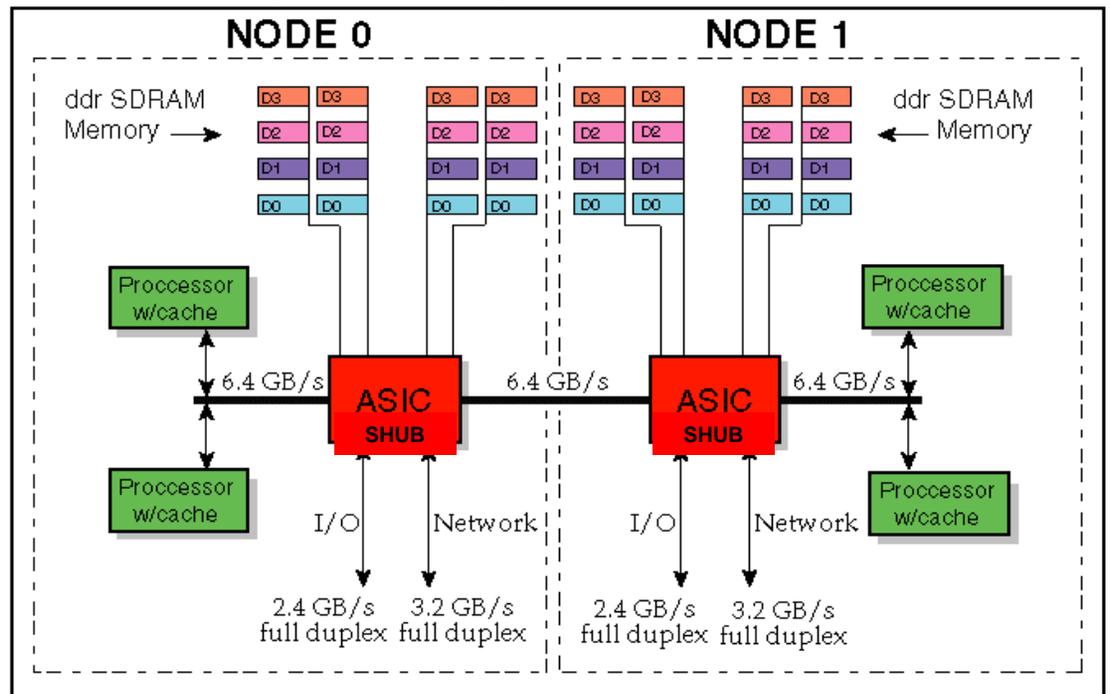


# SGI® Altix® 3000 C-Brick Detail

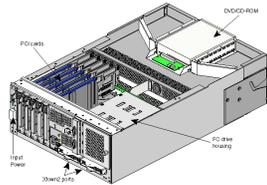


16 x PC2100 or PC2700 DDR SDRAM  
 8 to 16GB of memory per node  
 8.51–10.2GB/sec memory b/w

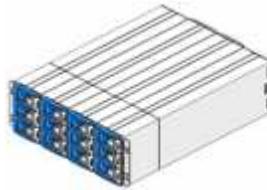
- 4x Intel® Itanium® 2 processors
- 2 processor per 6.4GB/sec frontside bus
- 4–64GB memory C-brick
- SHUB memory controller  
8.51–10.2GB/sec memory bandwidth  
(varies with memory speed 133 MHz vs. 166 MHz)
- 6.4GB/sec aggregate interconnect bandwidth
- 4.8GB/sec aggregate I/O bandwidth



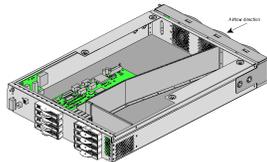
# Other Altix Bricks



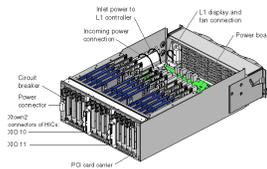
**IX-brick**  
Base I/O module



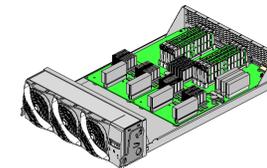
**D-brick2**  
Disk expansion



**R-brick2**  
Router interconnect

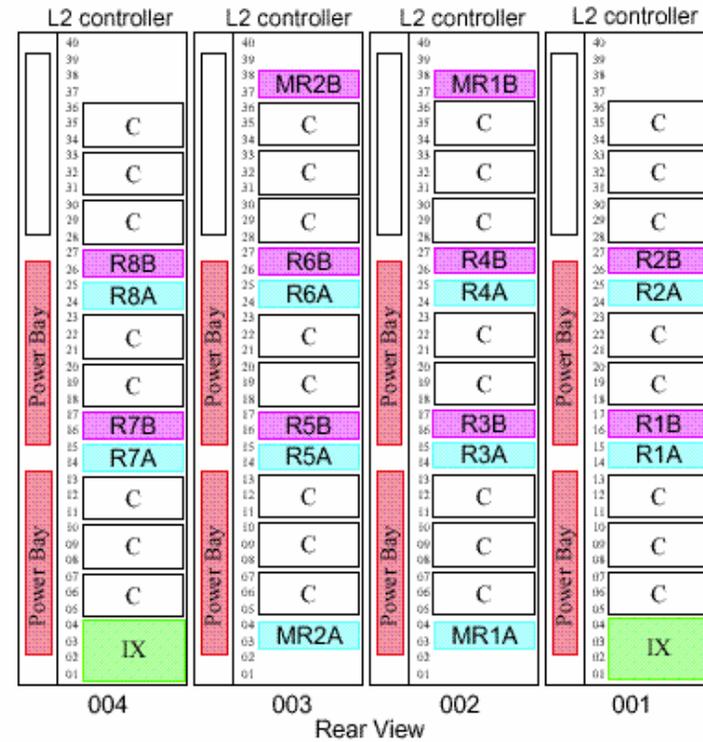
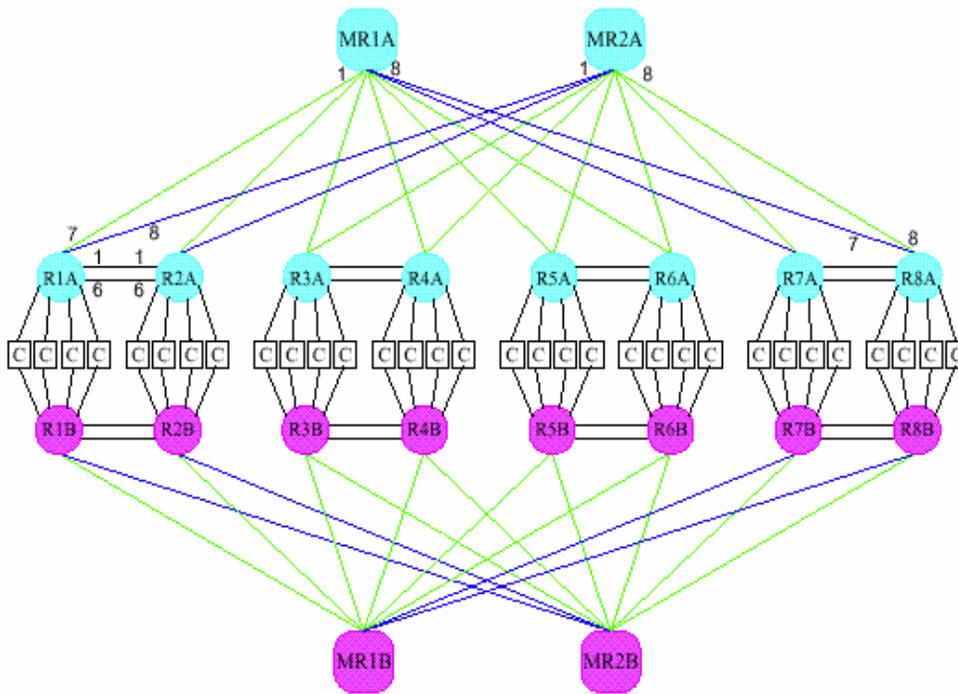


**PX-brick**  
PCI-X expansion



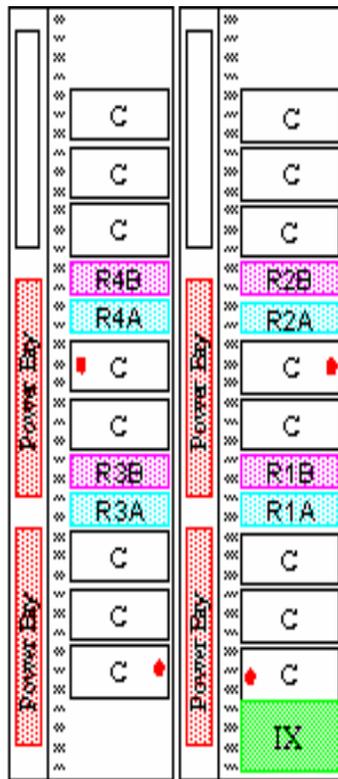
**M-brick**  
Memory expansion

# Altix 3700 — 128 processors

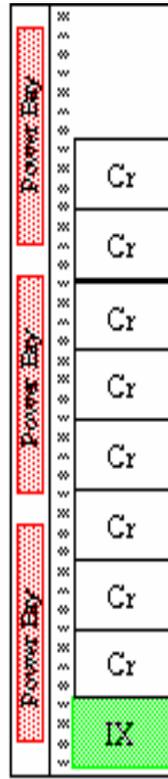




# Next generation Altix



Altix 3700

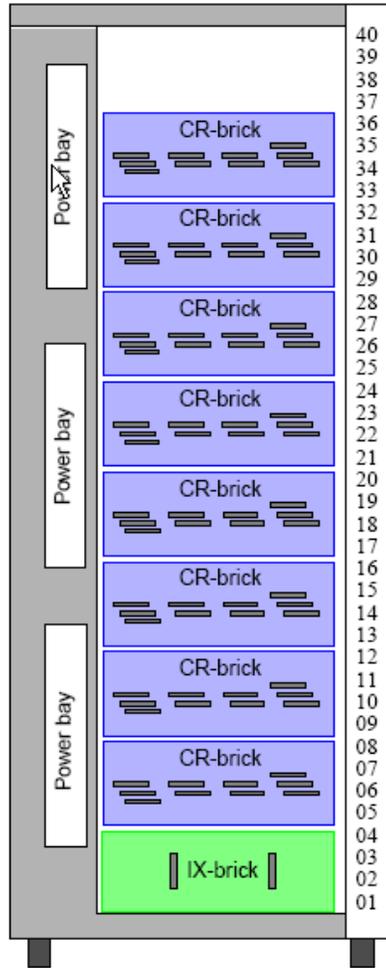


"Tornado"

- (8) Fewer External Routers
- (1) Less Power Bay
- (1) Less Rack
- (20) Fewer Cables

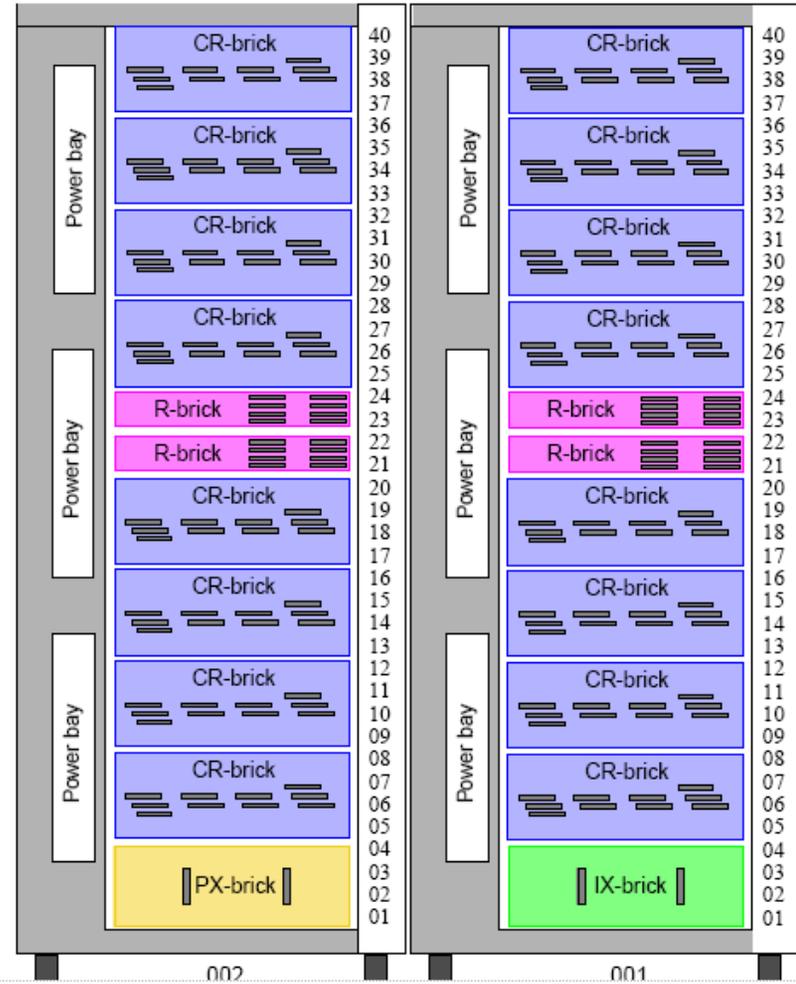
# Next generation Altix

Dual-plane  
64-processor



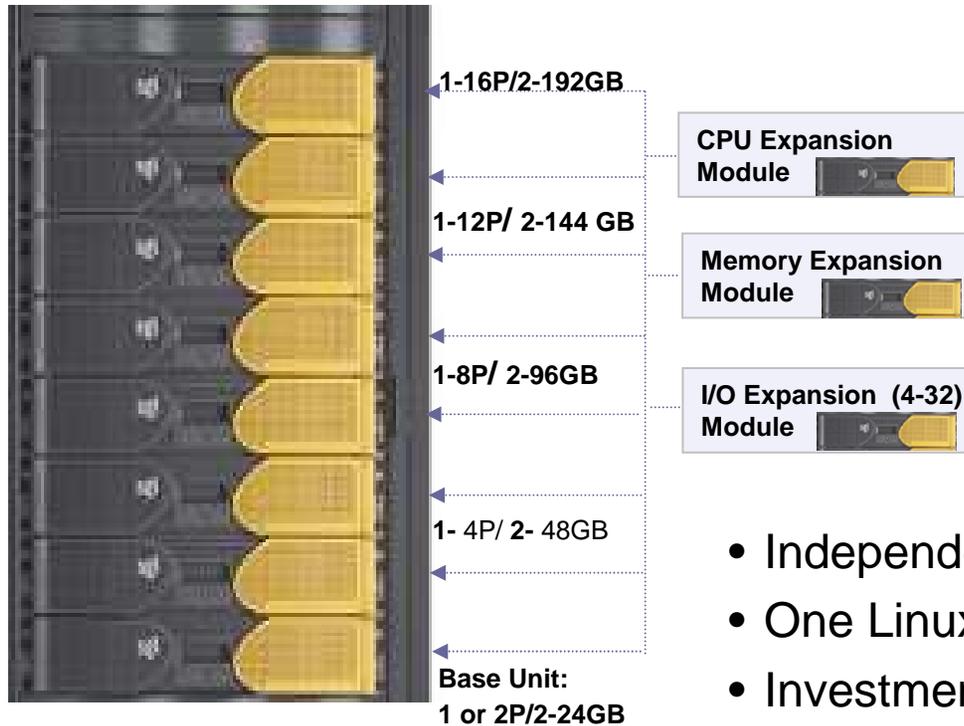
Note:  
Additional D-brick racks  
not shown.

Dual-plane  
128-processor



Note:  
Additional racks with  
D-bricks not shown.

# The Altix<sup>®</sup> 350: “Expand on Demand” Growth Path



**Right-size systems  
for the ultimate  
price/performance**

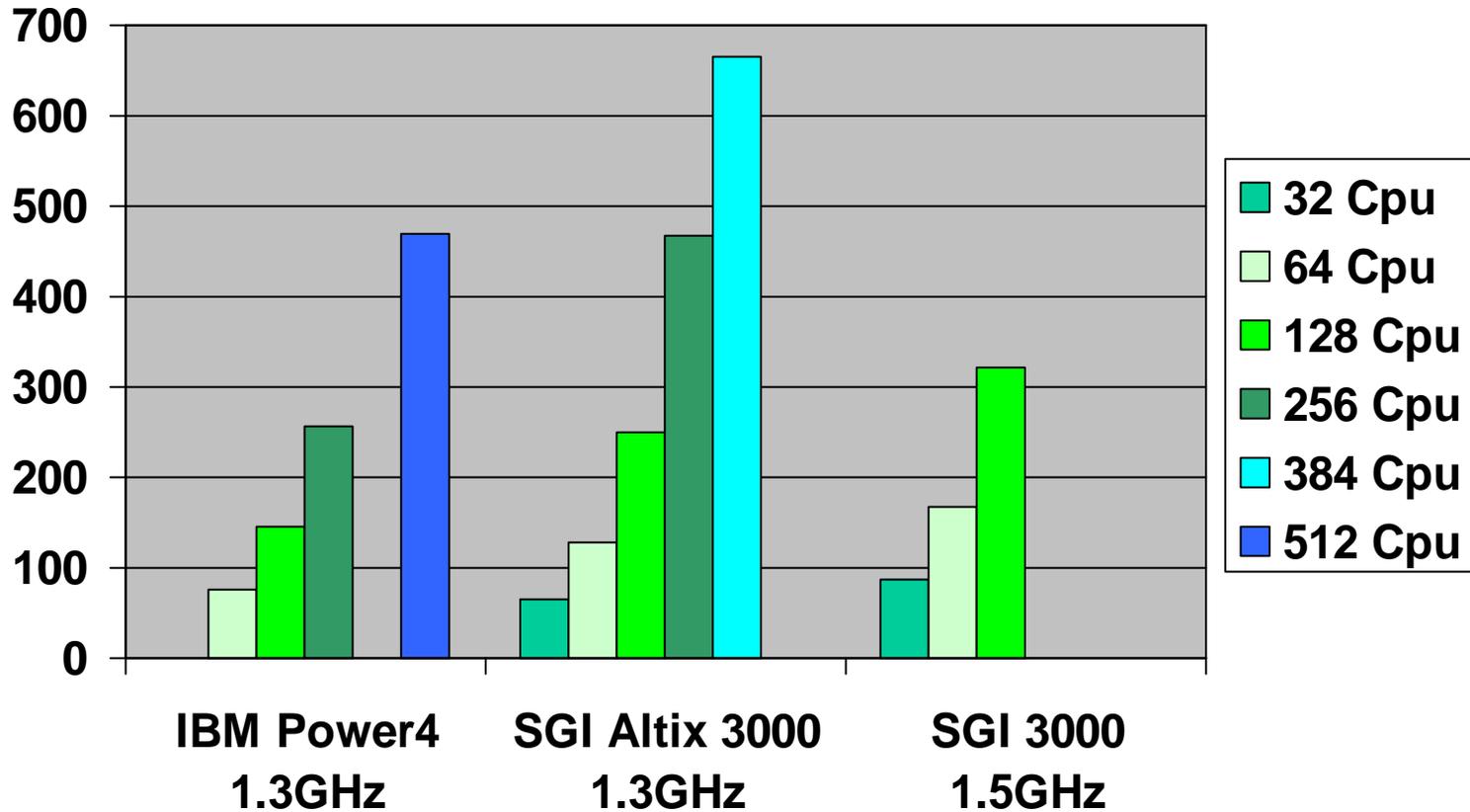
- Independently scale CPU, memory, I/O
- One Linux<sup>®</sup> instance to manage
- Investment protection & leverage current assets
- Allocate budget and resources to ongoing needs

# Customers with Altix systems running climate and weather applications

- NASA – 10240p – ECCO, CAM, CCSM, etc.
- NCSA – 1024p – WRF
- GFDL – 608p (2x256, 1x96) – MOM4, CM2.1
- NRL – 384p (1x128, 1x256) – various
- ORNL – 256p – CCSM, CAM, POP
- LANL – 256p – POP, HYCOM
- BAMS – 20p – MM5 and MAQSIP
- CMMACS – 12p Altix350 – MOM4
- APAT – 8p Altix350 – MM5
- Romanian Nat'l Met Admin – 2p Altix350 – HRM

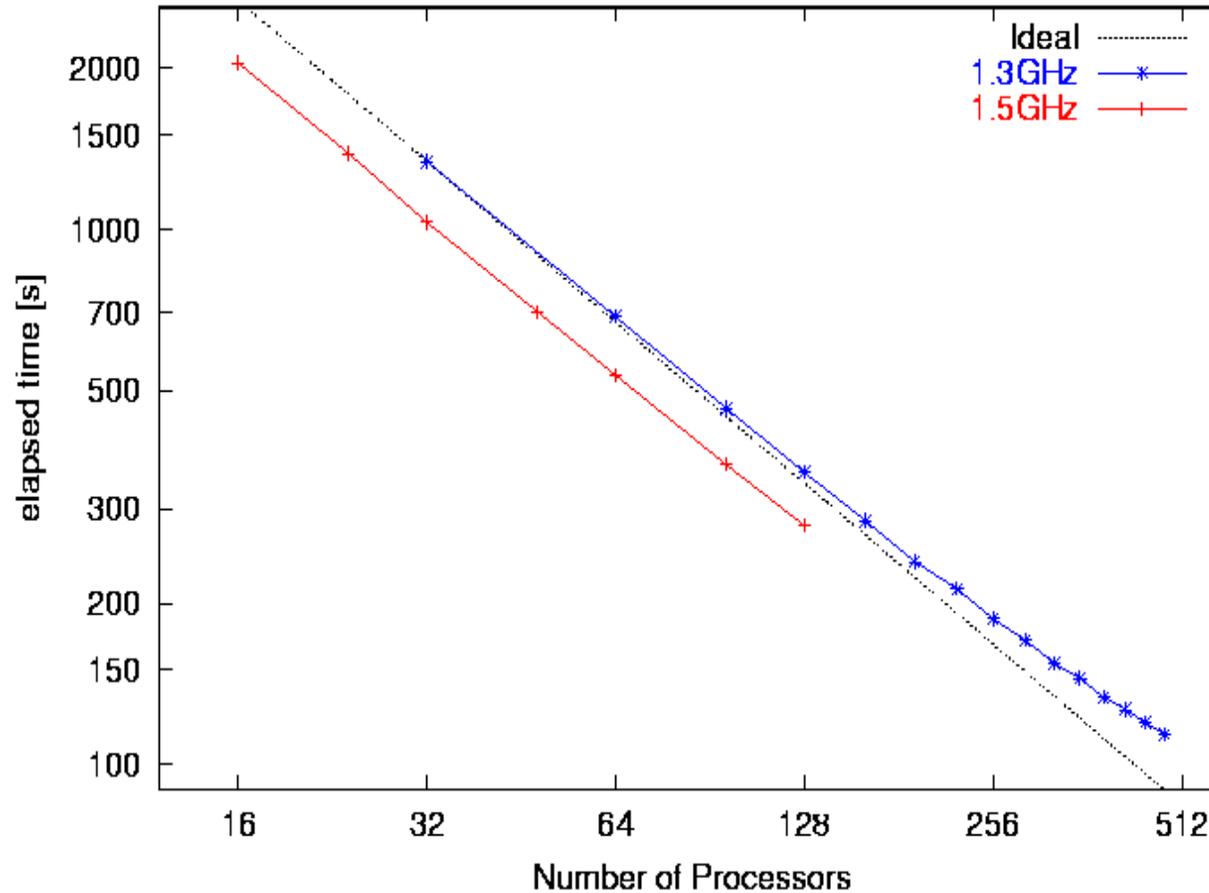
# IFS - Performance on SGI Altix 3000

## T511 performance in Forecast days per day



Altix 3000 @ 1.5GHz is 2.22 x faster IBM Power4 @ 1.3GHz

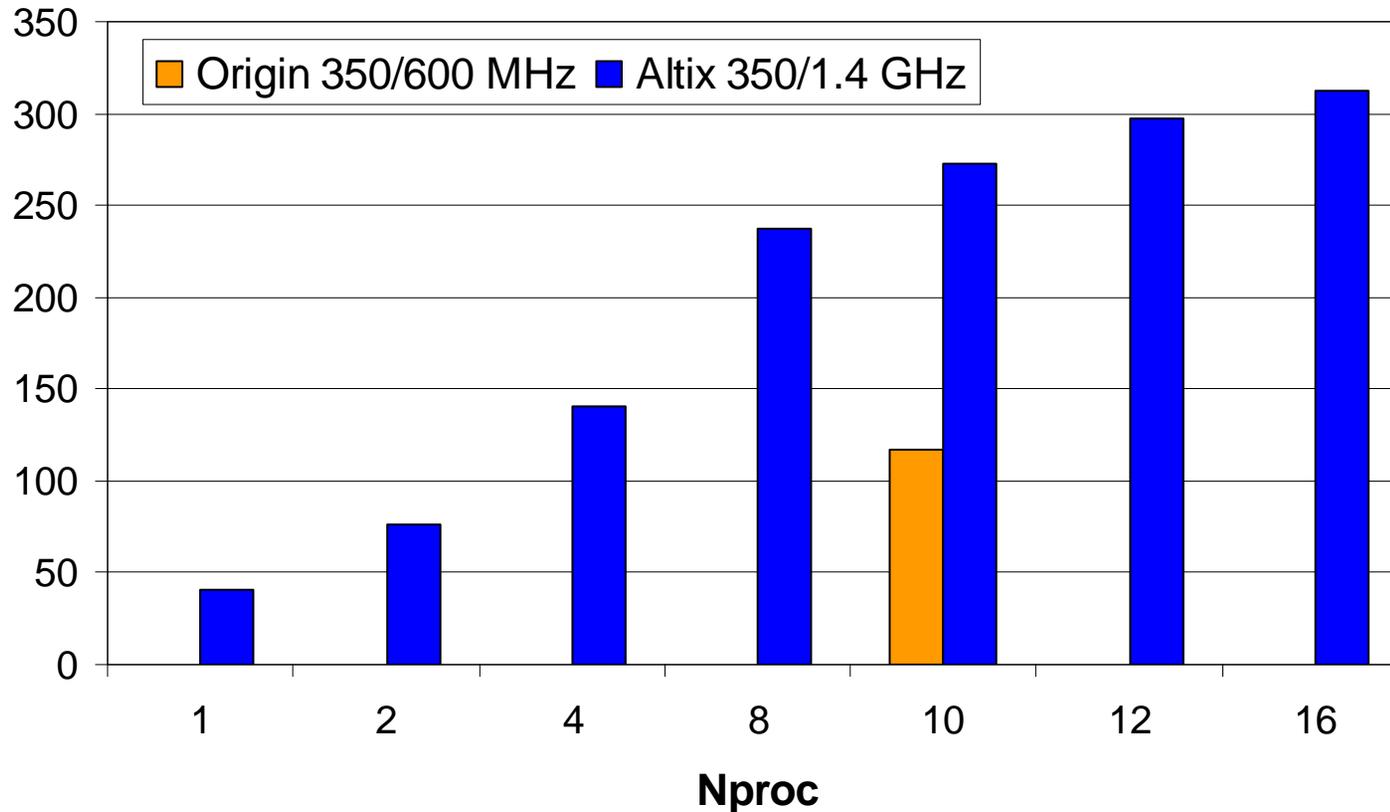
# IFS - Scalability on SGI Altix 3000



**Itanium2 @1.5GHz is 1.3x faster than Itanium @1.3GHz because of the larger cache and higher clock rate**

# HRM Performance on the Altix 350

## Simulation speed

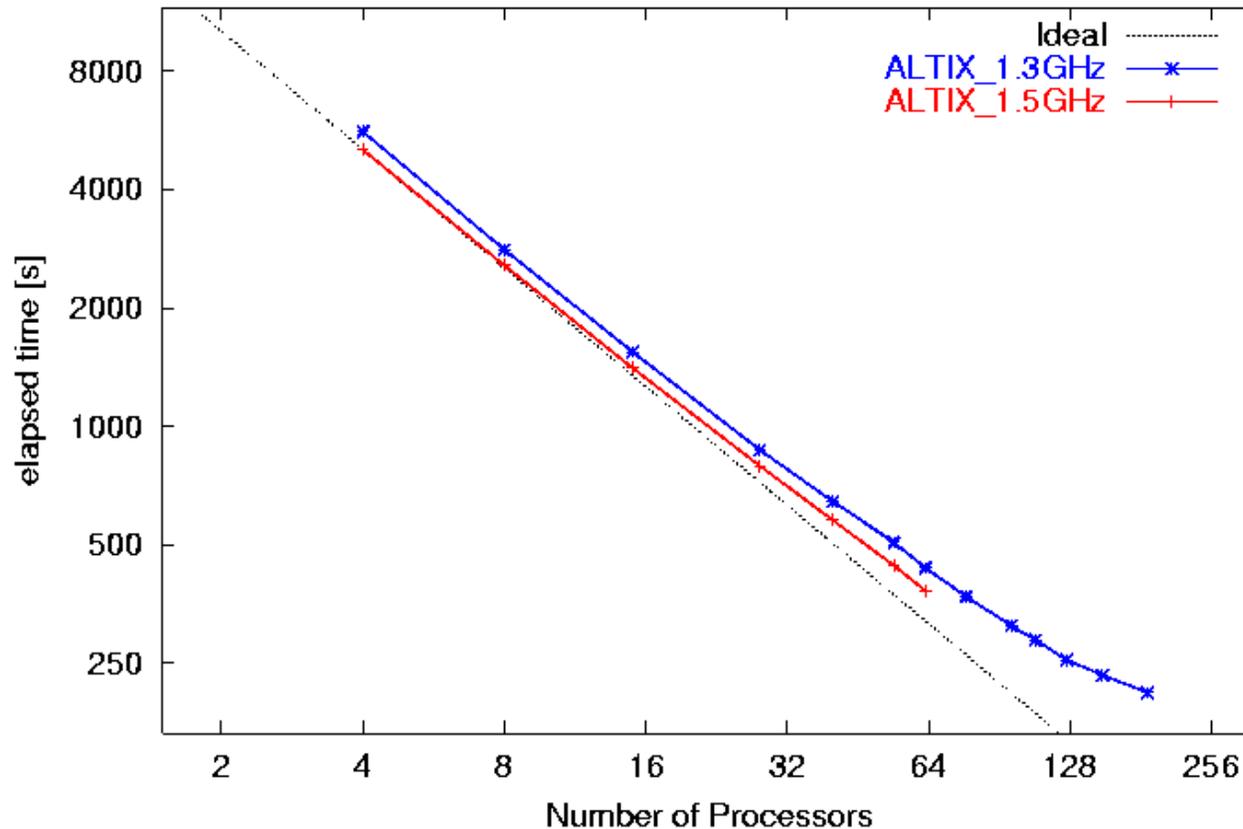


78h forecast in 2340 time steps over a 181x217 horizontal grid with 26 vertical levels

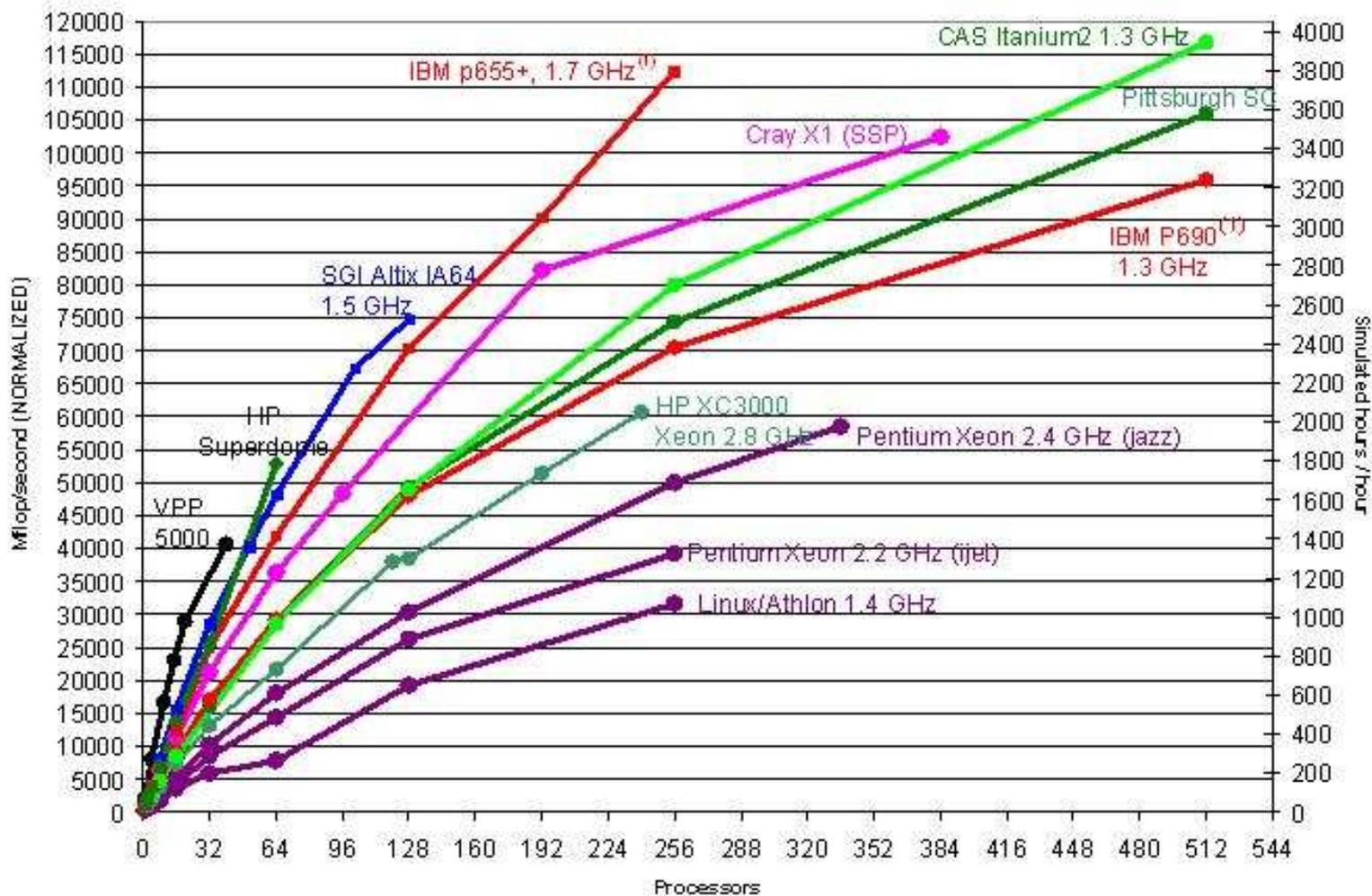
# LM-RAPS 2.1

(Optimization using shared Memory)

## Scalability on Altix using Intel Compiler and SGI's MPT library



# MM5 3.6.3 - Standard benchmark, 2004



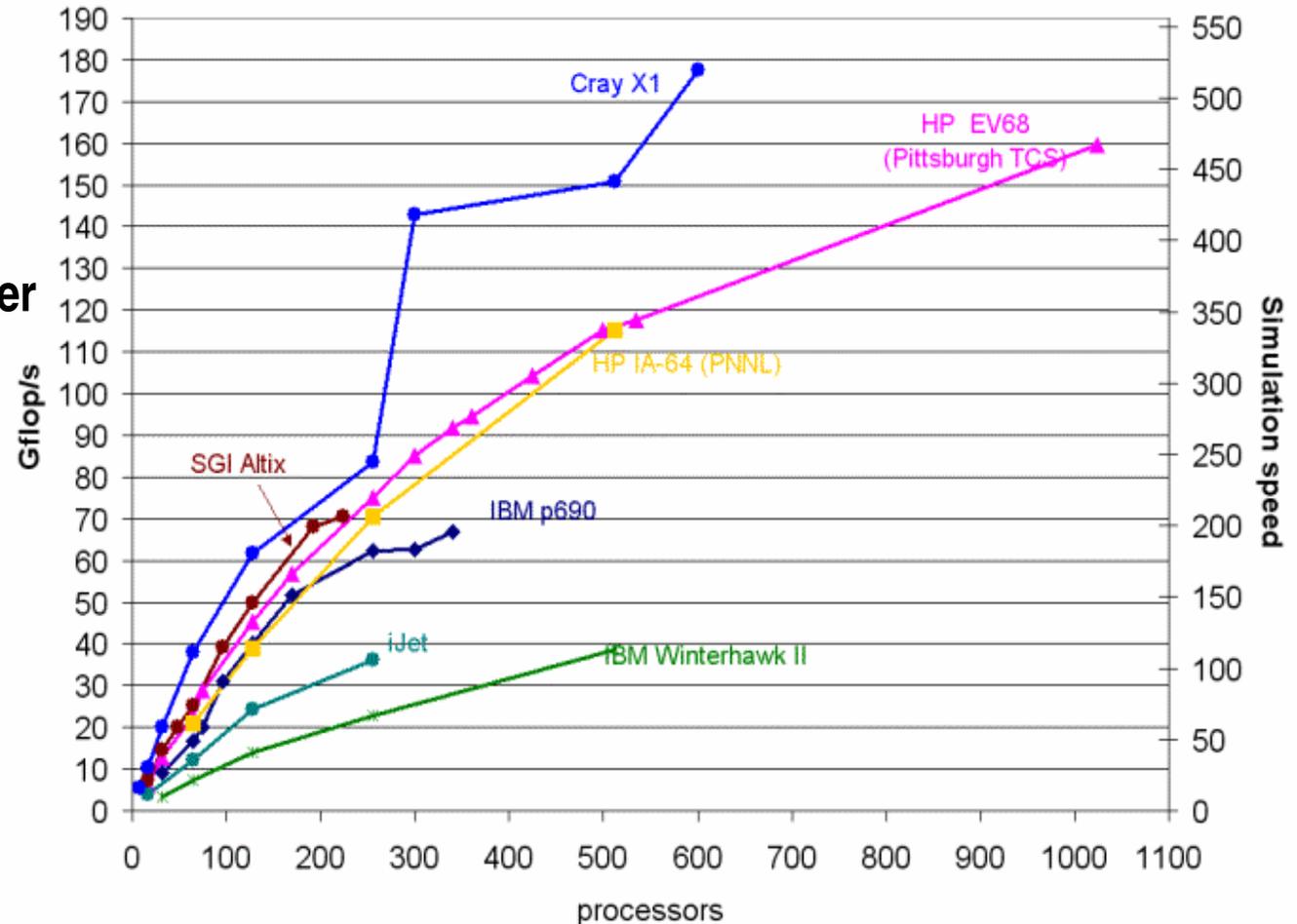
Altix version was compiled with the Intel 8.1.007 (beta) ifort Fortran compiler and the Intel 8.1.010 (beta) icc C compiler, and linked with SGI's MPI from MPT 1.10.

Source: <http://www.mmm.ucar.edu/mm5/mpp/helpdesk/20040304a.htm>

# WRF 1.3 - Scalability & Performance on Altix 3000

WRF EM Core, 425x300x35, DX=12km, DT=72s

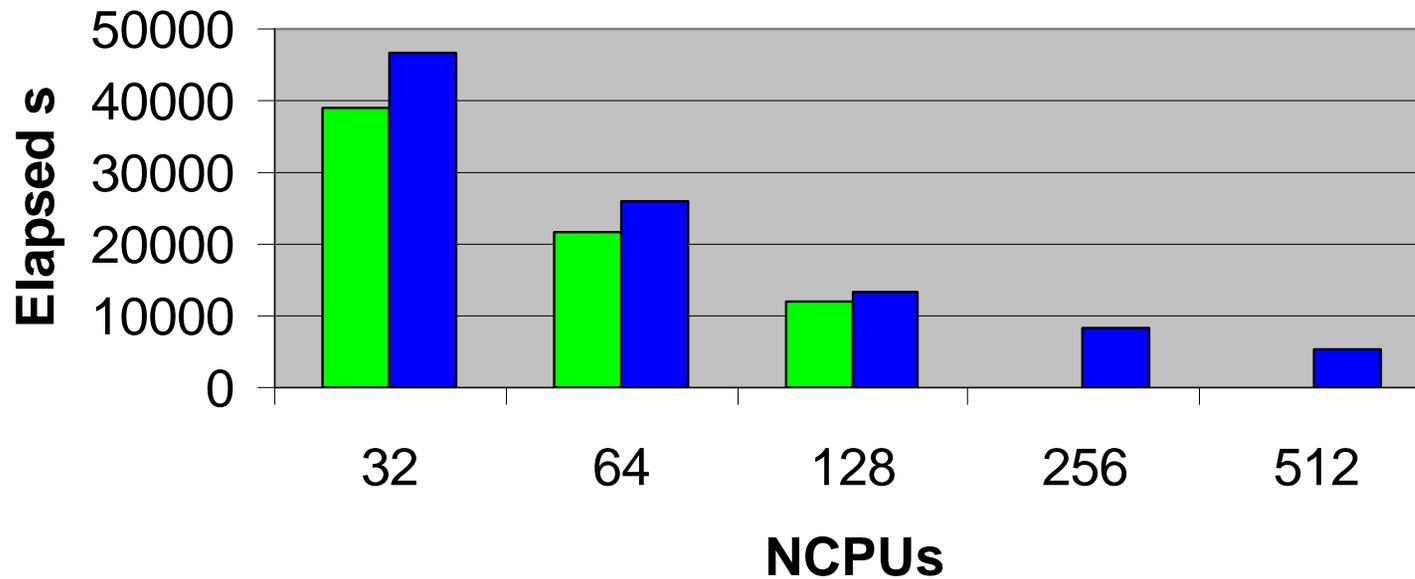
Altix 3000 is 1.28x faster than HP cluster at the same clock frequency.



Source: <http://www.mmm.ucar.edu/wrf/bench> and Gerardo Cisneros, SGI

# WRF 2.0.2 on a Large Problem

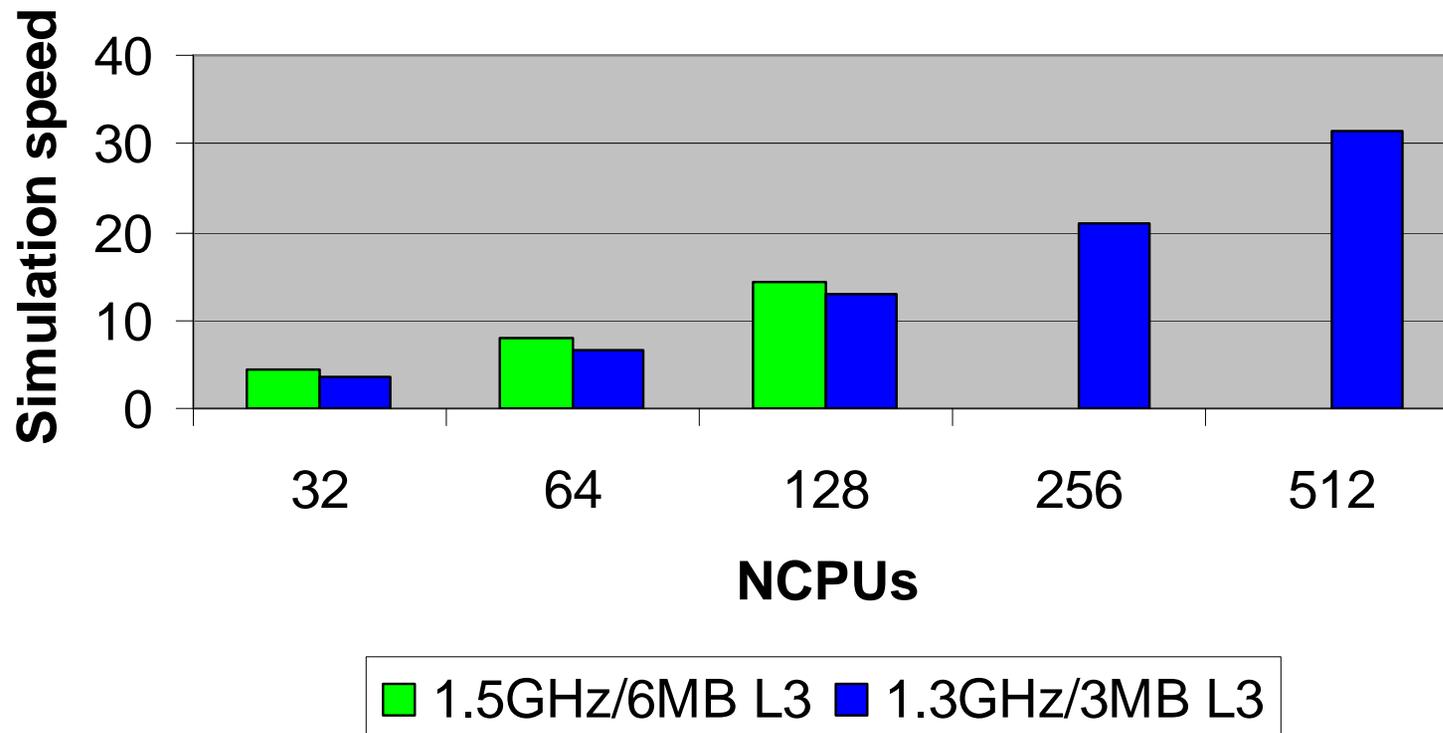
**WRF SI 5km CONUS 48h forecast  
(980x720x37, 5km, 30s)**



■ 1.5GHz/6MB L3 ■ 1.3GHz/3MB L3

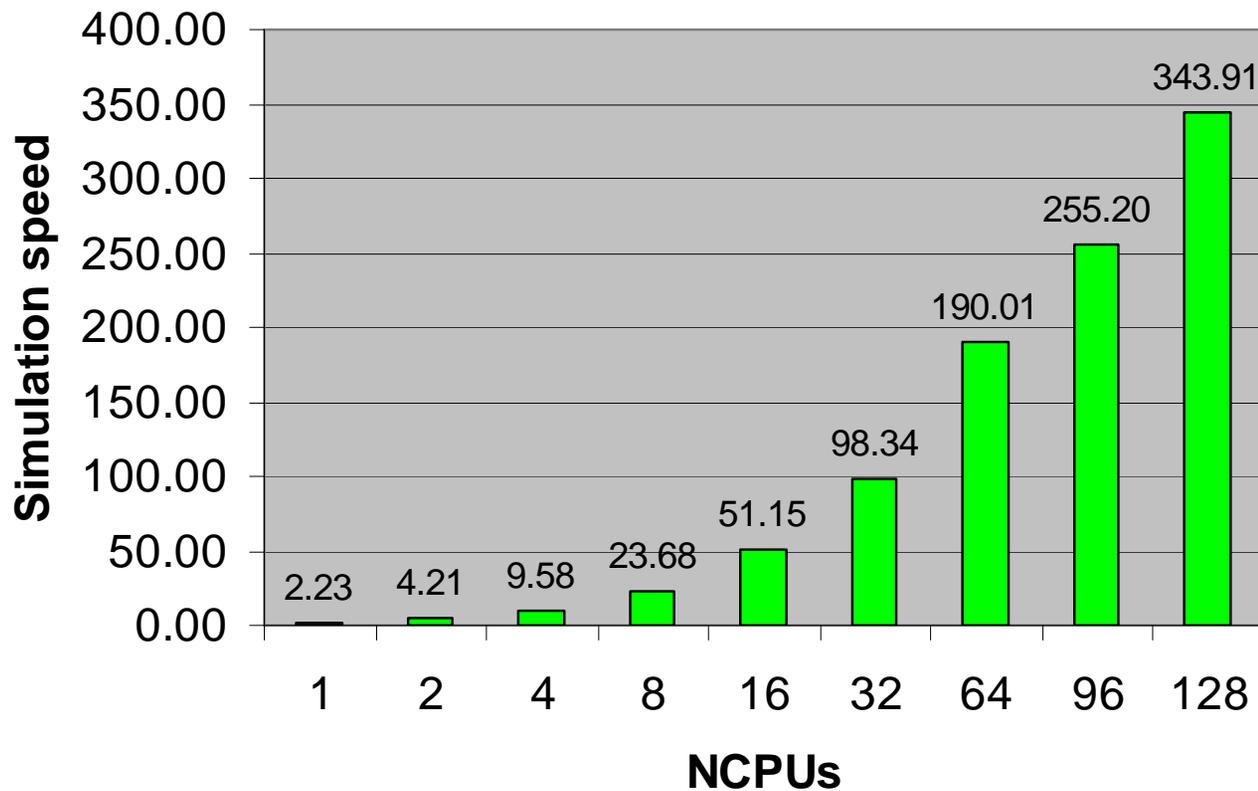
# WRF 2.0.2 on a Large Problem

WRF SI 5km CONUS 48h forecast  
(980x720x37, 5km, 30s)

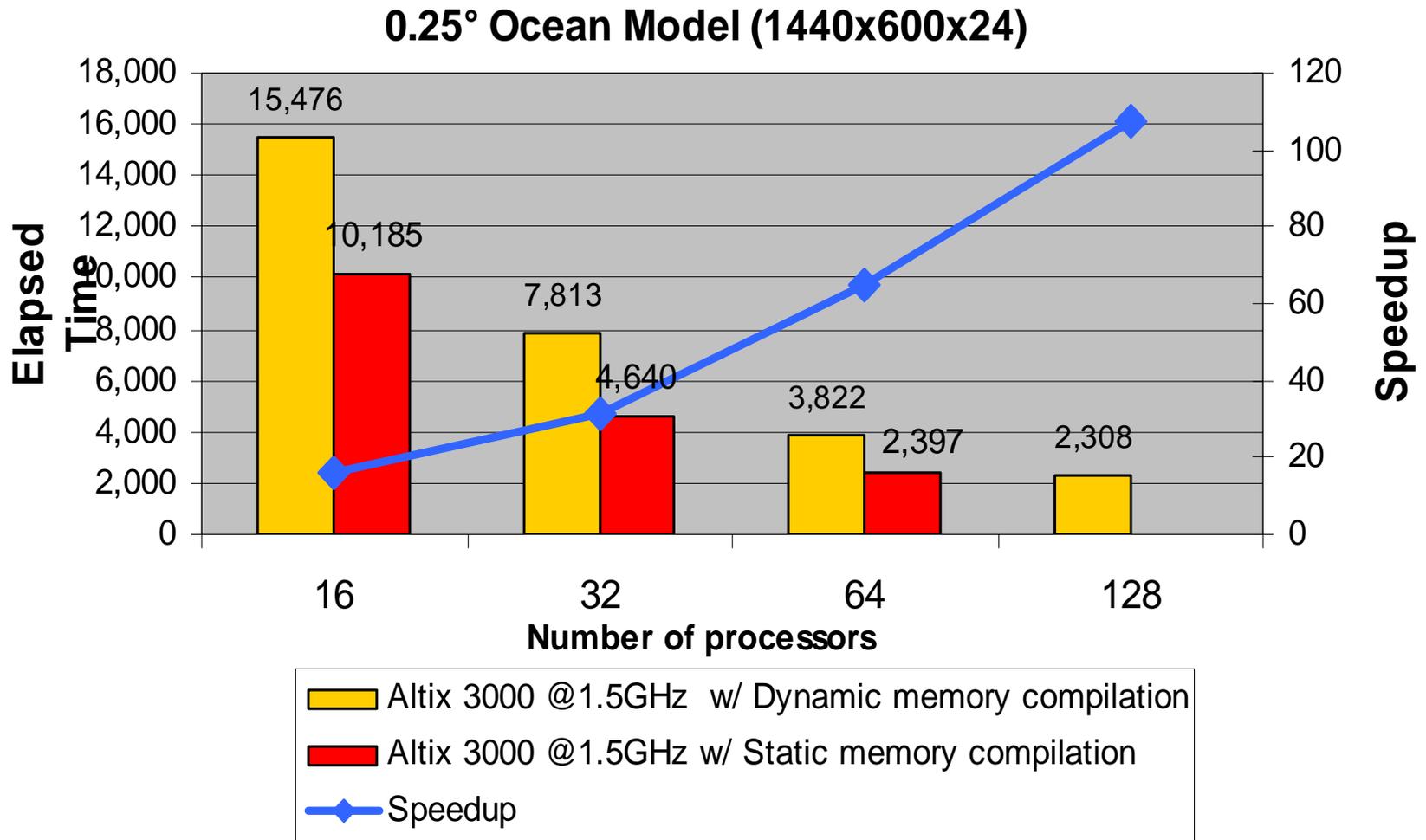


# GFS Performance on the Altix 3700 (1.5GHz)

## GFS T240L30 (720x360x30) 120h forecast



# MOM4 - Performance on SGI Altix 3700

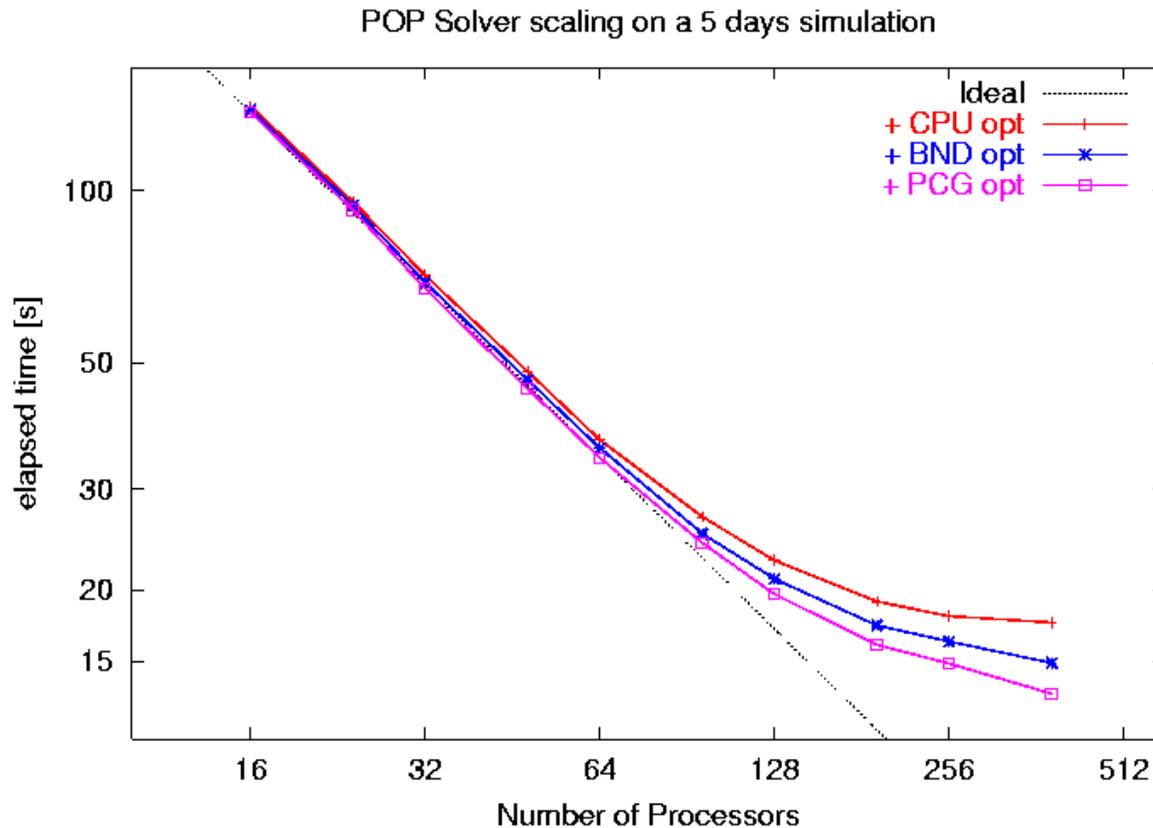


Source: Gerardo Cisneros, SGI, May 2004

# POP 1.4.3

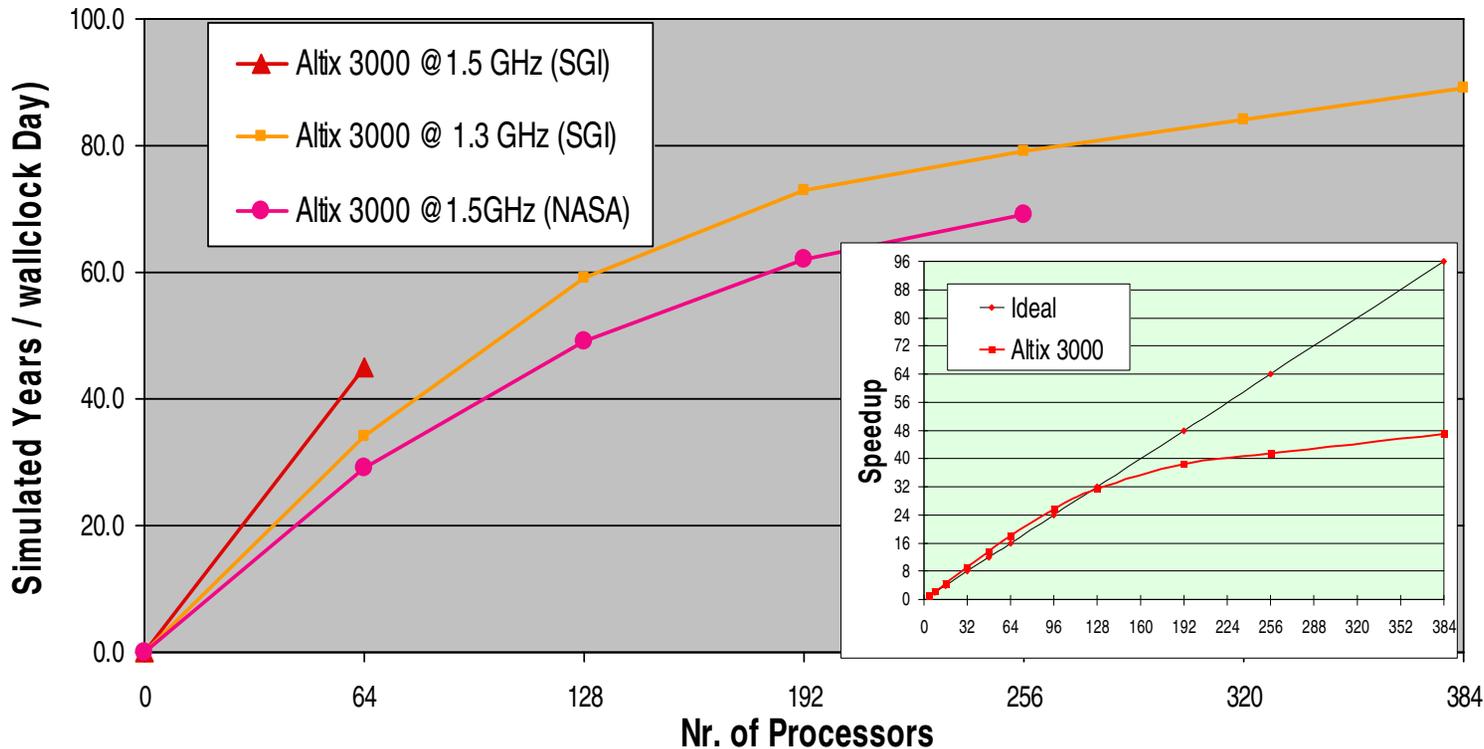
(Optimization by reducing the # of synchronizations)

## Scalability on ALTIX using Intel Compiler and SGI's MPT library



# POP 1.4.3 - Performance on SGI Altix 3000 SSI

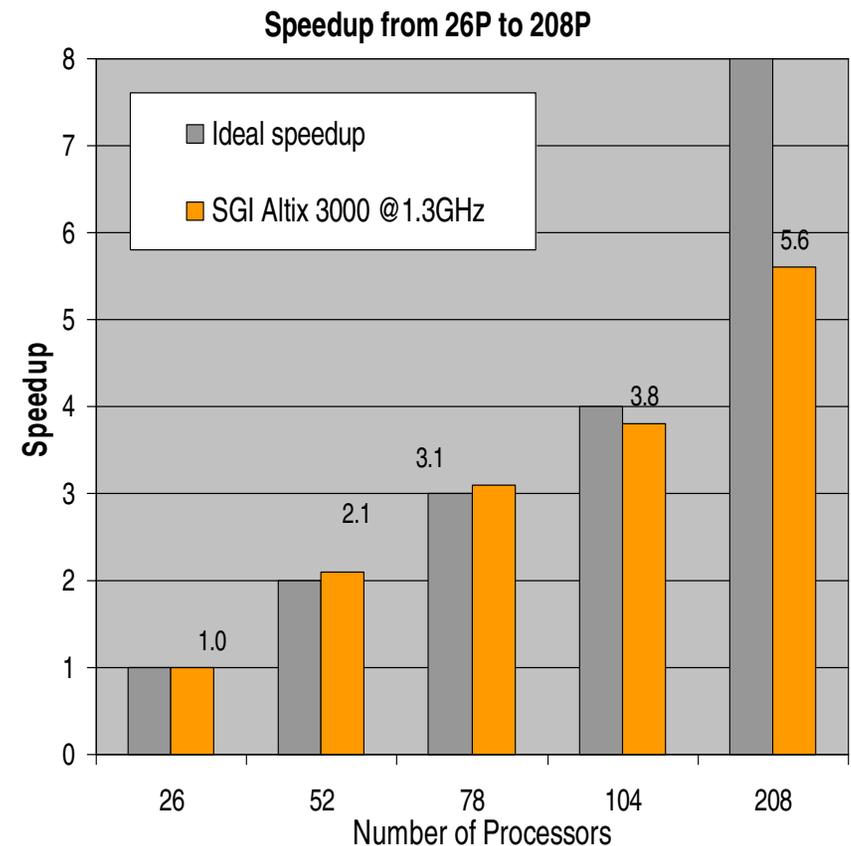
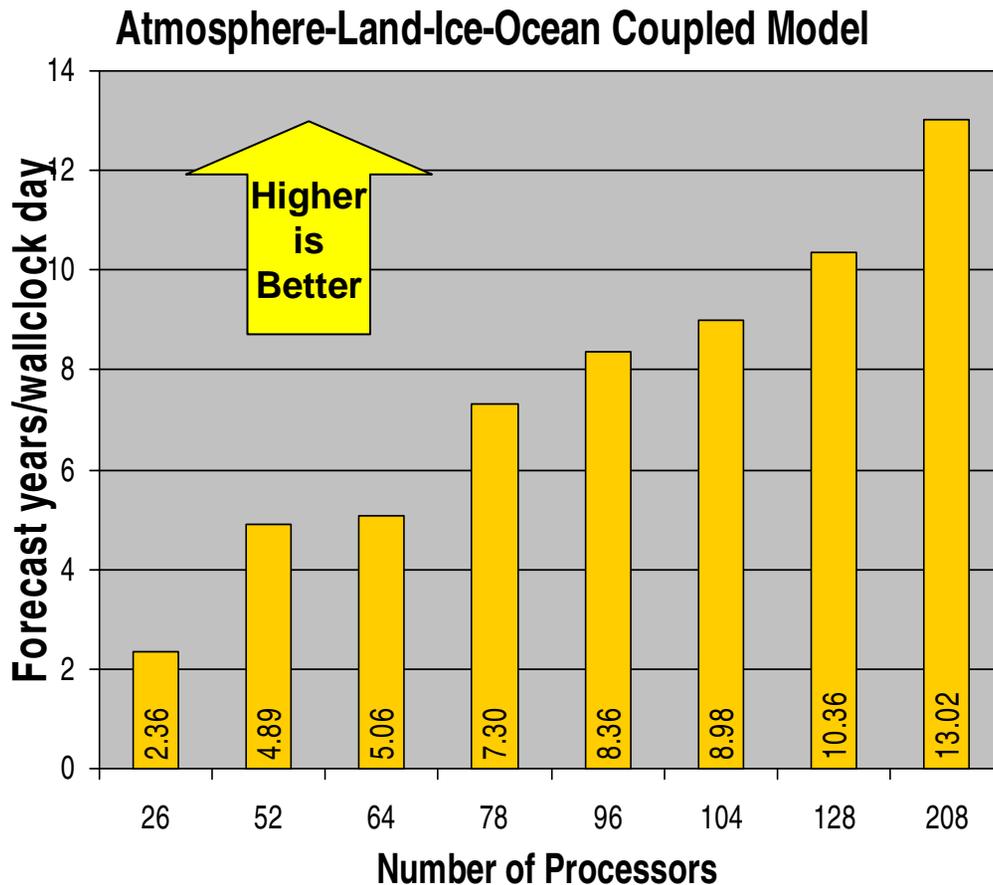
## POP 1.4.3 - Performance on 1 Degree "X1" Problem



Configuration:  
Altix 3000  
@1.3GHz, 512P  
SSI,  
Intel compiler  
7.1.035 MPT 1.9

Source: Altix 3000 (SGI) - version optimized by Roland Richter using MPT  
Altix 3000 (NASA) - Jim Taft's version using MLP

# CCSM 3.0 (beta08) Performance on SGI Altix 3000



Run on 512P Altix 3000 @ 1.3GHz with efc 7.1.035 compiler

Source: Roland Richter, SGI

## Conclusions

The Altix is proving to be an excellent system for weather and climate codes

- Shared memory allows very large models to run
- The compilers are getting better
- The libraries are excellent and still improving
- SGI's software layers on top of Linux help jobs attain their best performance
- SGI engineers have the know-how to make weather and climate codes run well on its customers' SGI systems

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